

# The fonts spec package

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## 1 History

This package began life as a  $\text{\LaTeX}$  interface to select system-installed Mac OS X fonts in Jonathan Kew’s  $\text{Xe\TeX}$ , the first widely-used Unicode extension to  $\text{\TeX}$ . Over time,  $\text{Xe\TeX}$  was extended to support OpenType fonts and then was ported into a cross-platform program to run also on Windows and Linux.

More recently,  $\text{Lua\TeX}$  is fast becoming the  $\text{\TeX}$  engine of the day; it supports Unicode encodings and OpenType fonts and opens up the internals of  $\text{\TeX}$  via the Lua programming language. Hans Hagen’s  $\text{Con\TeXt Mk. IV}$  is a re-write of his powerful typesetting system, taking full advantage of  $\text{Lua\TeX}$ ’s features including font support; a kernel of his work in this area has been extracted to be useful for other  $\text{\TeX}$  macro systems as well, and this has enabled `fontspec` to be adapted for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  when run with the  $\text{Lua\TeX}$  engine. Elie Roux and Khaled Hosny have been instrumental and invaluable with this development work.

## 2 Introduction

The `fontspec` package allows users of either  $\text{Xe\TeX}$  or  $\text{Lua\TeX}$  to load OpenType fonts in a  $\text{\LaTeX}$  document. No font installation is necessary, and font features can be selected and used as desired throughout the document.

Without `fontspec`, it is necessary to write cumbersome font definition files for  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , since  $\text{\LaTeX}$ ’s font selection scheme (known as the ‘`nfss`’) has a lot going on behind the scenes to allow easy commands like `\emph` or `\bfseries`. With an uncountable number of fonts now available for use, however, it becomes less desirable to have to write these font definition (`.fd`) files for every font one wishes to use.

Because `fontspec` is designed to work in a variety of modes, this user documentation is split into separate sections that are designed to be relatively independent. Nonetheless, the basic functionality all behaves in the same way, so previous users of `fontspec` under  $\text{Xe\TeX}$  should have little or no difficulty switching over to  $\text{Lua\TeX}$ .

This manual can get rather in-depth, as there are a lot of details to cover. See the example documents `fontspec-xetex.tex` and `fontspec-luatex.tex` for a complete minimal example with each engine.

### 2.1 About this manual

This document is typeset with  $\text{pdflat\TeX}$  using pre-compiled examples that have been generated by either  $\text{Xe\TeX}$  or  $\text{Lua\TeX}$ . You may regenerate the examples

by removing the doc-files/ subdirectory and typesetting the manual with the following invocation:

```
pdflatex -shell-escape fontsdesc.dtx
```

Note that many of the examples use fonts that are not included in TeX Live or MiKTeX, and some of them are non-free fonts that must be purchased.

I'd like to reduce the number of non-free fonts used in this manual. If you know any freely available fonts that could be used as alternative to any of the fonts in this document, please suggest them to me. Finally, if any aspect of the documentation is unclear or you would like to suggest more examples that could be made, get in touch. (Contributions especially welcome.)

## 2.2 Acknowledgements

This package couldn't be possible without the early and continued support the author of XeTeX, Jonathan Kew. When I started this package, he steered me many times in the right direction.

I've had great feedback over the years on feature requests, documentation queries, bug reports, font suggestions, and so on from lots of people all around the world. Many thanks to you all.

Thanks to David Perry and Markus Böhning for numerous documentation improvements and David Perry again for contributing the text for one of the sections of this manual.

Special thanks to Khaled Hosny, who had been the driving force behind the support for LuaTeX, ultimately leading to version 2.0 of the package.

## 3 Package loading and options

For basic use, no package options are required:

```
\usepackage{fontspec}
```

**xunicode** Ross Moore's xunicode package is now automatically loaded for users of both XeLaTeX and LuaTeX. This package provides backwards compatibility with LaTeX's methods for accessing extra characters and accents (for example, \%, \\$, \textbullet, \"u, and so on), plus many more Unicode characters. **Warning:** introduced in v2.1, this is a backwards incompatible change to previous versions of fontspec. This change was necessary in order to provide consistent support for users of XeTeX and LuaTeX. I'm not aware of any issues this may cause but please let me know if you run into problems.

**XeTeX users only** The xltextra package adds some minor extra features to XeTeX, including, via the metalogo package, the \XeTeX macro to typeset the XeTeX logo. While this package was previously recommended, it serves a much smaller rôle nowadays and generally will not be required.

**LuaTeX users only** In order to load fonts by their name rather than by their filename (*e.g.*, ‘Latin Modern Roman’ instead of ‘ec-lmr10’), you may need to run the script `mkluatexfontdb`, which is distributed with the `luatofloat` package. Note that if you do not execute this script beforehand, the first time you attempt to typeset the process will pause for (up to) several minutes. (But only the first time.) Please see the `luatofloat` documentation for more information.

`babel` *The babel package is not really supported!* Especially Vietnamese, Greek, and Hebrew at least might not work correctly, as far as I can tell. There’s a better chance with Cyrillic and Latin-based languages, however—`fontspec` ensures at least that fonts should load correctly, but hyphenation and other matters aren’t guaranteed. Under `XeTeX`, the `polyglossia` package is recommended instead as a modern replacement for `babel`.

### 3.1 Maths fonts adjustments

By default, `fontspec` adjusts `LATeX`’s default maths setup in order to maintain the correct Computer Modern symbols when the roman font changes. However, it will attempt to avoid doing this if another maths font package is loaded (such as `mathpazo` or the `unicode-math` package).

If you find that `fontspec` is incorrectly changing the maths font when it should be leaving well enough alone, apply the `[no-math]` package option to manually suppress its maths font.

### 3.2 Configuration

If you wish to customise any part of the `fontspec` interface (see later in this manual, [Section 15 on page 46](#) and [Section 17](#)), this should be done by creating your own `fontspec.cfg` file, which will be automatically loaded if it is found by `XeTeX` or `LuaTeX`. Either place it in the same folder as the main document for isolated cases, or in a location that `XeTeX` or `LuaTeX` searches by default; *e.g.* in `MacTeX`: `~/Library/texmf/tex/latex/`. The package option `[no-config]` will suppress this behaviour under all circumstances.

### 3.3 Warnings

This package can give many warnings that can be harmless if you know what you’re doing. Use the `[quiet]` package option to write these warnings to the transcript (`.log`) file instead.

Use the `[silent]` package option to completely suppress these warnings if you don’t even want the `.log` file cluttered up.

## Part I General font selection

This section concerns the variety of commands that can be used to select fonts.

```
\fontspec [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\setmainfont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\setsansfont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\setmonofont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\newfontfamily ⟨cmd⟩ [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
```

These are the main font-selecting commands of this package. The `\fontspec` command selects a font for one-time use; all others should be used to define the standard fonts used in a document. They will be described later in this section.

The font features argument accepts comma separated `⟨font feature⟩=⟨option⟩` lists; these are described in later:

- For general font features, see [Section 8 on page 16](#)
- For OpenType fonts, see [Part II on page 20](#)
- For  $\text{\XeTeX}$ -only general font features, see [Part IV on page 39](#)
- For  $\text{\LaTeX}$ -only general font features, see [Part III on page 38](#)
- For features for  $\text{\AAT}$  fonts in  $\text{\XeTeX}$ , see [Section 13 on page 41](#)

## 4 Font selection

In both  $\text{\LaTeX}$  and  $\text{\XeTeX}$ , fonts can be selected either by ‘font name’ or by ‘file name’.

### 4.1 By font name

Fonts known to  $\text{\LaTeX}$  or  $\text{\XeTeX}$  may be loaded by their names. ‘Known to’ in this case generally means ‘exists in a standard fonts location’ such as `~/Library/Fonts` on Mac OS X, or `C:\Windows\Fonts` on Windows.

The simplest example might be something like

```
\fontspec[ ... ]{Cambria}
```

in which the bold and italic fonts will be found automatically (if they exist) and are immediately accessible with the usual `\textit` and `\textbf` commands.

TODO: add explanation for how to find out what the ‘font name’ is.

### 4.2 By file name

$\text{\XeTeX}$  and  $\text{\LaTeX}$  also allow fonts to be loaded by file name instead of font name. When you have a very large collection of fonts, you will sometimes not wish to have them all installed in your system’s font directories. In this case, it is more convenient to load them from a different location on your disk. This technique is also necessary in  $\text{\XeTeX}$  when loading OpenType fonts that are present within your  $\text{\TeX}$  distribution, such as `/usr/local/texlive/2010/texmf-dist/fonts/opentype/public`. Fonts in such locations are visible to  $\text{\XeTeX}$  but cannot be loaded by font name, only file name;  $\text{\LaTeX}$  does not have this restriction.

When selecting fonts by file name, any font that can be found in the default search paths may be used directly (including in the current directory) without having to explicitly define the location of the font file on disk.

**X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X & Mac users only:** Note that X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X can only select fonts in this way with the xdvipdfmx driver, but X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X with the xdv2pdf driver can only select system-installed fonts by font name and not file name. The xdvipdfmx driver is default for X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X, so this is only a problem if you wish to explicitly use the xdv2pdf driver.

Fonts selected by filename must include bold and italic variants explicitly.

```
\fontspec
[ BoldFont      = texgyrepagella-bold.otf ,
  ItalicFont    = texgyrepagella-italic.otf ,
  BoldItalicFont = texgyrepagella-bolditalic.otf ]
{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}
```

fontspec knows that the font is to be selected by file name by the presence of the ‘.otf’ extension. An alternative is to specify the extension separately, as shown following:

```
\fontspec
[ Extension     = .otf ,
  BoldFont       = texgyrepagella-bold ,
  ...
]
{texgyrepagella-regular}
```

If desired, an abbreviation can be applied to the font names based on the mandatory ‘font name’ argument:

```
\fontspec
[ Extension     = .otf ,
  UprightFont   = *-regular ,
  BoldFont       = *-bold ,
  ...
]
{texgyrepagella}
```

In this case ‘texgyrepagella’ is no longer the name of an actual font, but is used to construct the font names for each shape; the \* is replaced by ‘texgyrepagella’. Note in this case that UprightFont is required for constructing the font name of the normal font to use.

To load a font that is not in one of the default search paths, its location in the filesystem must be specified with the Path feature:

```
\fontspec
[ Path          = /Users/will/Fonts/ ,
  UprightFont   = *-regular ,
  BoldFont       = *-bold ,
  ...
]
{texgyrepagella}
```

---

Example 1: Loading the default, sans serif, and monospaced fonts.

---

```
\setmainfont{TeX Gyre Bonum}
\setsansfont[Scale=MatchLowercase]{Latin Modern Sans}
\setmonofont[Scale=MatchLowercase]{Inconsolata}
```

```
Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs \rmfamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs\par
Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs \sffamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs\par
Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs \ttfamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs
```

---

Note that X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X and LuaT<sub>E</sub>X are able to load the font without giving an extension, but fontspec must know to search for the file; this can be indicated by declaring the font exists in an ‘ExternalLocation’:

```
\fontspec
  [ ExternalLocation ,
    BoldFont      = texgyrepagella-bold ,
    ...
  ]
  {texgyrepagella-regular}
```

To be honest, Path and ExternalLocation are actually the same feature with different names. The former can be given without an argument and the latter can be given with one; the different names are just for clarity.

## 5 Default font families

```
\setmainfont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\setsansfont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\setmonofont [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
```

These commands are used to select the default font families for the entire document. They take the same arguments as \fontspec. See Example 1. Here, the scales of the fonts have been chosen to equalise their lowercase letter heights. The Scale font feature will be discussed further in [Section 8 on page 16](#), including methods for automatic scaling.

## 6 New commands to select font families

```
\newfontfamily \⟨font-switch⟩ [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
\newfontface \⟨font-switch⟩ [⟨font features⟩] {⟨font name⟩}
```

For cases when a specific font with a specific feature set is going to be re-used many times in a document, it is inefficient to keep calling \fontspec for every use. While the \fontspec command does not define a new font instance after the first call, the feature options must still be parsed and processed.

\newfontfamily For this reason, new commands can be created for loading a particular font fam-

---

Example 2: Defining new font families.

---

This is a *note*. \newfontfamily\notefont{Kurier}  
\notefont This is a \emph{note}.

---

---

Example 3: Defining a single font face.

---

\newfontface\fancy  
[Contextuals={WordInitial,WordFinal}]  
{Hoefler Text Italic}  
*where is all the vegemite* \fancy where is all the vegemite  
% \emph, \textbf, etc., all don't work

---

ily with the `\newfontfamily` command, demonstrated in Example 2. This macro should be used to create commands that would be used in the same way as `\rmfamily`, for example. If you would like to create a command that only changes the font inside its argument (i.e., the same behaviour as `\emph`) define it using regular L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X commands:

```
\newcommand\textnote[1]{{\notefont #1}}  
\textnote{This is a note.}
```

Note that the double braces are intentional; the inner pair are used to delimit the scope of the font change.

Sometimes only a specific font face is desired, without accompanying italic or bold variants being automatically selected. This is common when selecting a fancy italic font, say, that has swash features unavailable in the upright forms. `\newfontface` is used for this purpose, shown in Example 3, which is repeated in [Section 13.4 on page 42](#).

Comment for advanced users: The commands defined by `\newfontface` and `\newfontfamily` include their encoding information, so even if the document is set to use a legacy T<sub>E</sub>X encoding, such commands will still work correctly. For example,

```
\documentclass{article}  
\usepackage{fontspec}  
\newfontfamily\unicodedefont{Lucida Grande}  
\usepackage{mathpazo}  
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}  
\begin{document}  
A legacy \TeX\ font. {\unicodedefont A unicode font.}  
\end{document}
```

---

Example 4: Explicit selection of the bold font.

---

```
\fontspec[BoldFont={Helvetica Neue}]
Helvetica Neue UltraLight                               {Helvetica Neue UltraLight}
Helvetica Neue UltraLight Italic                     Helvetica Neue UltraLight    \\
Helvetica Neue                                         {\itshape      Helvetica Neue UltraLight Italic} \\
Helvetica Neue Italic                           {\bfseries      Helvetica Neue      } \\
                                               {\bfseries\itshape   Helvetica Neue Italic} \\
```

---

## 6.1 More control over font shape selection

```
BoldFont = <font name>
ItalicFont = <font name>
BoldItalicFont = <font name>
SlantedFont = <font name>
BoldSlantedFont = <font name>
SmallCapsFont = <font name>
```

The automatic bold, italic, and bold italic font selections will not be adequate for the needs of every font: while some fonts mayn't even have bold or italic shapes, in which case a skilled (or lucky) designer may be able to chose well-matching accompanying shapes from a different font altogether, others can have a range of bold and italic fonts to chose among. The `BoldFont` and `ItalicFont` features are provided for these situations. If only one of these is used, the bold italic font is requested as the default from the *new* font. See Example 4.

If a bold italic shape is not defined, or you want to specify *both* custom bold and italic shapes, the `BoldItalicFont` feature is provided.

### 6.1.1 Input shorthands

For those cases that the base font name is repeated, you can replace it with an asterisk. (This has been shown previously in [Section 4.2 on page 6](#).) For example, some space can be saved instead of writing ‘Baskerville SemiBold’:

```
\fontspec[BoldFont={* SemiBold}]{Baskerville}
```

As a matter of fact, this feature can also be used for the upright font too:

```
\fontspec[UprightFont={* SemiBold},
          BoldFont={* Bold}]{Baskerville}
```

### 6.1.2 Small caps and slanted font shapes

For the rare situations where a font family will have slanted *and* italic shapes, these may be specified separately using the analogous features `SlantedFont` and `BoldSlantedFont`. Without these, however, the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X font switches for slanted (`\textsl`, `\slshape`) will default to the italic shape.

Old-fashioned font families used to distribute their small caps glyphs in separate fonts due to the limitations on the number of glyphs allowed in the PostScript Type 1 format. Such fonts may be used by declaring the `SmallCapsFont` of the family you are specifying:

```
\fontspec[
  SmallCapsFont={Minion MM Small Caps & Oldstyle Figures}
  ]{Minion MM Roman}
Roman 123 \textsc{Small caps 456}
```

In fact, you may specify the small caps font for each individual bold and italic shape as in

```
\fontspec[
  UprightFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <sc> } } ,
  BoldFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <bf sc> } } ,
  ItalicFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <it sc> } } ,
  BoldItalicFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <bf it sc> } } ,
  ]{ <upright> }
Roman 123 \textsc{Small caps 456}
```

For most modern fonts that have small caps as a font feature, this level of control isn't generally necessary, but you may still occasionally find font families in which the small caps are in a separate font.

All of the bold, italic, and small caps fonts can be loaded with different font features from the main font. See [Section 7.4](#) for details. When an OpenType font is selected for `SmallCapsFont`, the small caps font feature is *not* automatically enabled. In this case, users should write instead

```
\fontspec[
  SmallCapsFont={...},
  SmallCapsFeatures={Letters=SmallCaps},
  ]{...}
```

## 6.2 Math(s) fonts

When `\setmainfont`, `\setsansfont` and `\setmonofont` are used in the preamble, they also define the fonts to be used in maths mode inside the `\mathrm`-type commands. This only occurs in the preamble because  $\text{\LaTeX}$  freezes the maths fonts after this stage of the processing. The `fontspec` package must also be loaded after any maths font packages (*e.g.*, `euler`) to be successful. (Actually, it is *only* `euler` that is the problem.<sup>1</sup>)

Note that `fontspec` will not change the font for general mathematics; only the upright and bold shapes will be affected. To change the font used for the mathematical symbols, see either the `mathspec` package or the `unicode-math` package.

Note that you may find that loading some maths packages won't be as smooth as you expect since `fontspec` (and  $\text{\TeX}$  in general) breaks many of the assumptions

---

<sup>1</sup>Speaking of `euler`, if you want to use its `[mathbf]` option, it won't work, and you'll need to put this after `fontspec` is loaded instead: `\AtBeginDocument{\DeclareMathAlphabet\mathbf{U}{eur}{b}{n}}`

of  $\text{\TeX}$  as to where maths characters and accents can be found. Contact me if you have troubles, but I can't guarantee to be able to fix any incompatibilities. The Lucida and Euler maths fonts should be fine; for all others keep an eye out for problems.

```
\setmathrm[<font features>]{<font name>}
\setmathsf[<font features>]{<font name>}
\setmathtt[<font features>]{<font name>}
\setboldmathrm[<font features>]{<font name>}
```

However, the default text fonts may not necessarily be the ones you wish to use when typesetting maths (especially with the use of fancy ligatures and so on). For this reason, you may optionally use the commands above (in the same way as our other  $\text{\fontspec-like}$  commands) to explicitly state which fonts to use inside such commands as  $\text{\mathrm}$ . Additionally, the  $\text{\setboldmathrm}$  command allows you define the font used for  $\text{\mathrm}$  when in bold maths mode (which is activated with, among others,  $\text{\boldmath}$ ).

For example, if you were using Optima with the Euler maths font, you might have this in your preamble:

```
\usepackage{mathpazo}
\usepackage{fontspec,xunicode}
\setmainfont{Optima}
\setmathrm{Optima}
\setboldmathrm[BoldFont={Optima ExtraBlack}]{Optima Bold}
```

### 6.3 Miscellaneous font selecting details

**Spaces**  $\text{\fontspec}$  and  $\text{\addfontfeatures}$  ignore trailing spaces as if it were a 'naked' control sequence; e.g., 'M.  $\text{\fontspec}\{\dots\}$  N' and 'M.  $\text{\fontspec}\{\dots\}N$ ' are the same.

**Italic small caps** Note that this package redefines the  $\text{\itshape}$  and  $\text{\scshape}$  commands in order to allow them to select italic small caps in conjunction.

**Emphasis and nested emphasis** You may specify the behaviour of the  $\text{\emph}$  command by setting the  $\text{\emshape}$  command. E.g., for bold emphasis:

```
\renewcommand\emshape{\bfseries}
```

Nested emphasis is controlled by the  $\text{\eminnershape}$  command. For example, for  $\text{\emph}\{\text{\emph}\{\dots\}\}$  to produce small caps:

```
\renewcommand\eminnershape{\scshape}
```

## 7 Selecting font features

The commands discussed so far such as  $\text{\fontspec}$  each take an optional argument for accessing the font features of the requested font. Commands are provided to set default features to be applied for all fonts, and even to change the features that a font is presently loaded with. Different font shapes can be loaded with separate

---

Example 5: A demonstration of the `\defaultfontfeatures` command.

---

```
\fontspec{TeX Gyre Adventor}
Some default text 0123456789 \\ 
\defaultfontfeatures{
    Numbers=OldStyle, Color=888888
}
\fontspec{TeX Gyre Adventor}
Now grey, with old-style figures:
0123456789
```

Some default text 0123456789  
Now grey, with old-style figures: 0123456789

---

features, and different features can even be selected for different sizes that the font appears in. This section discusses these options.

## 7.1 Default settings

```
\defaultfontfeatures{<font features>}
```

It is desirable to define options that are applied to every subsequent font selection command: a default feature set, so to speak. This may be defined with the `\defaultfontfeatures` command, shown in Example 5. New calls of `\defaultfontfeatures` overwrite previous ones.

## 7.2 Changing the currently selected features

```
\addfontfeatures{<font features>}
```

This command allows font features to be changed without knowing what features are currently selected or even what font is being used. A good example of this could be to add a hook to all tabular material to use monospaced numbers, as shown in Example 6.

`\addfontfeature`

This command may also be executed under the alias `\addfontfeature`.

## 7.3 Priority of feature selection

Features defined with `\addfontfeatures` override features specified by `\fontspec`, which in turn override features specified by `\defaultfontfeatures`. If in doubt, whenever a new font is chosen for the first time, an entry is made in the transcript (`.log`) file displaying the font name and the features requested.

---

Example 6: A demonstration of the `\addfontfeatures` command.

---


```
\fontspec[Numbers={Proportional,OldStyle}]
          {TeX Gyre Adventor}
'In 1842, 999 people sailed 97 miles in
13 boats. In 1923, 111 people sailed 54
miles in 56 boats.' \bigskip

'In 1842, 999 people sailed 97 miles in 13 boats. In
1923, 111 people sailed 54 miles in 56 boats.'

\begin{tabular}{@{} cccc @{}}
& & & \\
Year & People & Miles & Boats \\
\hline
1842 & 999 & 75 & 13 \\
1923 & 111 & 54 & 56 \\
\end{tabular}
```

---

---

Example 7: Features for, say, just italics.

---

```
\fontspec{Hoefler Text} \itshape \scshape
ATTENTION ALL MARTINI DRINKERS Attention All Martini Drinkers \\
ATTENTION ALL MARTINI DRINKERS \addfontfeature{ItalicFeatures={Alternate = 1}}
Attention All Martini Drinkers \\
```

---

## 7.4 Different features for different font shapes

```
Boxed code block containing:
BoldFeatures{<features>}
ItalicFeatures{<features>}
BoldItalicFeatures{<features>}
SlantedFeatures{<features>}
BoldSlantedFeatures{<features>}
SmallCapsFeatures{<features>}
```

It is entirely possible that separate fonts in a family will require separate options; e.g., Hoefler Text Italic contains various swash feature options that are completely unavailable in the upright shapes.

The font features defined at the top level of the optional `\fontspec` argument are applied to *all* shapes of the family. Using `Upright-`, `SmallCaps-`, `Bold-`, `Italic-`, and `BoldItalicFeatures`, separate font features may be defined to their respective shapes *in addition* to, and with precedence over, the ‘global’ font features. See Example 7.

Combined with the options for selecting arbitrary *fonts* for the different shapes, these separate feature options allow the selection of arbitrary weights in the Skia typeface, as shown in Example 8.

Note that because most fonts include their small caps glyphs within the main font, features specified with `SmallCapsFeatures` are applied *in addition* to any other shape-specific features as defined above, and hence `SmallCapsFeatures` can

---

Example 8: Multiple Master-like features in AAT fonts.

---

Skia	\fontspec[BoldFont={Skia},
<b>Skia 'Bold'</b>	BoldFeatures={Weight=2}]{Skia}
	Skia \\ \bfseries Skia 'Bold'

---

---

Example 9: An example of setting the SmallCapsFeatures separately for each font shape.

---

Upright <b>SMALL CAPS</b>	\fontspec[
<i>Italic ITALIC SMALL CAPS</i>	UprightFeatures={Color = 220022,
<b>Bold BOLD SMALL CAPS</b>	SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=115511}},
<i>Bold Italic BOLD ITALIC SMALL CAPS</i>	ItalicFeatures={Color = 2244FF,
	SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=112299}},
	BoldFeatures={Color = FF4422,
	SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=992211}},
	BoldItalicFeatures={Color = 888844,
	SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=444422}},
	]{TeX Gyre Termes}
	Upright {\scshape Small Caps}\\
	\itshape Italic {\scshape Italic Small Caps}\\
	\upshape\bfseries Bold {\scshape Bold Small Caps}\\
	\itshape Bold Italic {\scshape Bold Italic Small Caps}

---

be nested within `ItalicFeatures` and friends. Every combination of upright, italic, bold and small caps can thus be assigned individual features, as shown in the somewhat ludicrous Example 9.

## 7.5 Different features for different font sizes

```
SizeFeatures = {
  ...
  { Size = <size range>, <font features> },
  { Size = <size range>, Font = <font name>, <font features> },
  ...
}
```

The `SizeFeature` feature is a little more complicated than the previous features discussed. It allows different fonts and different font features to be selected for a given font family as the point size varies.

It takes a comma separated list of braced, comma separated lists of features for each size range. Each sub-list must contain the `Size` option to declare the size range, and optionally `Font` to change the font based on size. Other (regular) `fontspec` features that are added are used on top of the font features that would be used anyway. A demonstration to hopefully clarify these details is shown in Example 10. A less trivial example is shown in the context of optical font sizes in [Section 8.6 on page 19](#).

---

Example 10: An example of specifying different font features for different sizes of font with `SizeFeatures`.

---

```
\fontspec[ SizeFeatures={  
    {Size={-8}, Font=TeX Gyre Bonum Italic, Color=AA0000},  
    Small {Size={8-14}, Color=00AA00},  
    Normal size {Size={14-}, Color=0000AA}} ]{TeX Gyre Chorus}  
Large {\scriptsize Small\par} Normal size\par {\Large Large\par}
```

---

Table 1: Syntax for specifying the size to apply custom font features.

Input	Font size, s
Size = X-	$s \geq X$
Size = -Y	$s < Y$
Size = X-Y	$X \leq s < Y$
Size = X	$s = X$

To be precise, the `Size` sub-feature accepts arguments in the form shown in [Table 1](#). Braces around the size range are optional. For an exact font size (`Size=X`) font sizes chosen near that size will ‘snap’. For example, for size definitions at exactly 11pt and 14pt, if a 12pt font is requested *actually* the 11pt font will be selected. This is a remnant of the past when fonts were designed in metal (at obviously rigid sizes) and later when bitmap fonts were similarly designed for fixed sizes.

If additional features are only required for a single size, the other sizes must still be specified. As in:

```
SizeFeatures={  
    {Size=-10,Numbers=Uppercase},  
    {Size=10-}}
```

Otherwise, the font sizes greater than 10 won’t be defined!

## 8 Font independent options

Features introduced in this section may be used with any font.

### 8.1 Colour

`Color` (or `Colour`), also shown in [Section 7.1 on page 13](#) and elsewhere, uses font specifications to set the colour of the text. The colour is defined as a triplet of two-digit Hex RGB values, with optionally another value for the transparency (where 00 is completely transparent and FF is opaque.) Transparency is supported by `Luatex` and by `XeLaTeX` with the `xdv2pdf` driver (Mac OS X only); `XeLaTeX` with the `xdvipdfmx` driver does not support this feature.

If you load the `xcolor` package, you may use any named colour instead of writing the colours in hexadecimal.

---

Example 11: Selecting colour with transparency.

---



```
\fontsize{48}{48}
\fontspec[TeX Gyre Bonum Bold]
{\addfontfeature{Color=FF000099}W}\kern-1ex
{\addfontfeature{Color=0000FF99}S}\kern-0.8ex
{\addfontfeature{Color=DDBB2299}P}\kern-0.8ex
{\addfontfeature{Color=00BB3399}R}
```

---

```
\usepackage{xcolor}
...
\fontspec[Color=red]{Verdana} ...
\definecolor{Foo}{rgb}{0.3,0.4,0.5}
\fontspec[Color=Foo]{Verdana} ...
```

The color package is *not* supported; use xcolor instead.

You may specify the transparency with a named colour using the `Opacity` feature which takes an decimal from zero to one corresponding to transparent to opaque respectively:

```
\fontspec[Color=red,Opacity=0.7]{Verdana} ...
```

It is still possible to specify a colour in six-char hexadecimal form while defining opacity in this way, if you like.

## 8.2 Scale

Scale = <i>number</i>
Scale = MatchLowercase
Scale = MatchUppercase

In its explicit form, Scale takes a single numeric argument for linearly scaling the font, as demonstrated in [Section 5 on page 8](#). It is now possible to measure the correct dimensions of the fonts loaded and calculate values to scale them automatically.

As well as a numerical argument, the Scale feature also accepts options MatchLowercase and MatchUppercase, which will scale the font being selected to match the current default roman font to either the height of the lowercase or uppercase letters, respectively; these features are shown in [Example 12](#).

The amount of scaling used in each instance is reported in the .log file. Since there is some subjectivity about the exact scaling to be used, these values should be used to fine-tune the results.

## 8.3 Interword space

While the space between words can be varied on an individual basis with the `\spaceskip` command, it is more convenient to specify this information when the font is first defined.

---

Example 12: Automatically calculated scale values.

---

```
\setmainfont{Georgia}
\newfontfamily\lc[Scale=MatchLowercase]{Verdana}
The perfect match {\lc is hard to find.} \\
\newfontfamily\uc[Scale=MatchUppercase]{Arial}
LOGO FONT
```

---

---

Example 13: Scaling the default interword space. An exaggerated value has been chosen to emphasise the effects here.

---

```
\fontspec{TeX Gyre Termes}
Some text for our example to take
up some space, and to demonstrate
the default interword space.
\bigskip

\addfontfeature{ WordSpace = 0.3 }
Some text for our example to take
up some space, and to demonstrate
the default interword space.
```

---

The space in between words in a paragraph will be chosen automatically, and generally will not need to be adjusted. For those times when the precise details are important, the `WordSpace` feature is provided, which takes either a single scaling factor to scale the default value, or a triplet of comma-separated values to scale the nominal value, the stretch, and the shrink of the interword space by, respectively. (`WordSpace={x}` is the same as `WordSpace={x,x,x}`.)

## 8.4 Post-punctuation space

If `\frenchspacing` is *not* in effect, TeX will allow extra space after some punctuation in its goal of justifying the lines of text. Generally, this is considered old-fashioned, but occasionally in small amounts the effect can be justified, pardon the pun.

The `PunctuationSpace` feature takes a scaling factor by which to adjust the nominal value chosen for the font; this is demonstrated in Example 14. Note that `PunctuationSpace=0` is *not* equivalent to `\frenchspacing`, although the difference will only be apparent when a line of text is under-full.

## 8.5 The hyphenation character

The letter used for hyphenation may be chosen with the `HyphenChar` feature. It takes three types of input, which are chosen according to some simple rules. If the input is the string `None`, then hyphenation is suppressed for this font. If the input is a single character, then this character is used. Finally, if the input is longer than

Example 14: Scaling the default post-punctuation space.

```
\nonfrenchspacing  
\fontspec{TeX Gyre Schola}  
Letters, Words. Sentences. \par  
\fontspec[PunctuationSpace=2]{TeX Gyre Schola}  
Letters, Words. Sentences. \par  
\fontspec[PunctuationSpace=0]{TeX Gyre Schola}  
Letters, Words. Sentences.
```

Example 15: Explicitly choosing the hyphenation character.

<p><u>EXAMPLE HYPHENATION</u></p> <p><u>EXAMPLE HYPHEN+ATION</u></p>	<pre>\def\textrm{\fbox{\parbox{1.55cm}{%     EXAMPLE HYPHENATION% }}}\qquad\qquad\null\par\bigskip}  \fontspec{Linux Libertine} \addfontfeature{HyphenChar=None} \text \addfontfeature{HyphenChar={+}} \text</pre>
--	--

a single character it must be the UTF-8 slot number of the hyphen character you desire.

This package redefines L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X's \- macro such that it adjusts along with the above changes.

## 8.6 Optical font sizes

Optically scaled fonts thicken out as the font size decreases in order to make the glyph shapes more robust (less prone to losing detail), which improves legibility. Conversely, at large optical sizes the serifs and other small details may be more delicately rendered.

OpenType fonts with optical scaling will exist in several discrete sizes, and these will be selected by X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X and LuaT<sub>E</sub>X automatically determined by the current font size as in Example 16, in which we've scaled down some large text in order to be able to compare the difference for equivalent font sizes.

The `OpticalSize` option may be used to specify a different optical size. With `OpticalSize` set to zero, no optical size font substitution is performed, as shown in Example 17.

The `SizeFeatures` feature (Section 7.5 on page 15) can be used to specify exactly which optical sizes will be used for ranges of font size. For example, something like:

```
\fontspec[  
    SizeFeatures={  
        {Size=-10, OpticalSize=8 }],
```

---

Example 16: A demonstration of automatic optical size selection.

---

Automatic optical size	\fontspec{Latin Modern Roman}
Automatic optical size	Automatic optical size \\
	\scalebox{0.4}{\Huge
	Automatic optical size}

---

---

Example 17: Optical size substitution is suppressed when set to zero.

---

Latin Modern optical sizes	\fontspec[OpticalSize=0]{Latin Modern Roman 5 Regular}
Latin Modern optical sizes	Latin Modern optical sizes \\
Latin Modern optical sizes	\fontspec[OpticalSize=0]{Latin Modern Roman 8 Regular}
Latin Modern optical sizes	Latin Modern optical sizes \\
Latin Modern optical sizes	\fontspec[OpticalSize=0]{Latin Modern Roman 12 Regular}
Latin Modern optical sizes	Latin Modern optical sizes \\
Latin Modern optical sizes	\fontspec[OpticalSize=0]{Latin Modern Roman 17 Regular}
	Latin Modern optical sizes

---

```
{Size= 10-14,  OpticalSize=10},  
{Size= 14-18,  OpticalSize=14},  
{Size= 18-,  OpticalSize=18}}}  
]{Latin Modern Roman}
```

## Part II

# OpenType

### 9 Introduction

OpenType fonts (and other ‘smart’ font technologies such as AAT and Graphite) can change the appearance of text in many different ways. These changes are referred to as features. When the user applies a feature — for example, small capitals — to a run of text, the code inside the font makes appropriate adjustments and small capitals appear in place of lowercase letters. However, the use of such features does not affect the underlying text. In our small caps example, the lowercase letters are still stored in the document; only the appearance has been changed by the OpenType feature. This makes it possible to search and copy text without difficulty. If the user selected a different font that does not support small caps, the ‘plain’ lowercase letters would appear instead.

Some OpenType features are required to support particular scripts, and these features are often applied automatically. The scripts used in India, for example, often require that characters be reshaped and reordered after they are typed by the user, in order to display them in the traditional ways that readers expect. Other features can be applied to support a particular language. The Junicode font for

medievalists uses by default the Old English shape of the letter thorn, while in modern Icelandic thorn has a more rounded shape. If a user tags some text as being in Icelandic, Junicode will automatically change to the Icelandic shape through an OpenType feature that localizes the shapes of letters.

A very large group of OpenType features is designed to support high quality typography in Latin, Greek, Cyrillic and other standard scripts. Examples of some font features have already been shown in previous sections; the complete set of OpenType font features supported by fontspec is described below in [Section 10](#).

The OpenType specification provides four-letter codes (e.g., `smcp` for small capitals) for each feature. The four-letter codes are given below along with the fontspec names for various features, for the benefit of people who are already familiar with OpenType. You can ignore the codes if they don't mean anything to you.

## 9.1 How to select font features

Font features are selected by a series of  $\langle feature \rangle = \langle option \rangle$  selections. Features are (usually) grouped logically; for example, all font features relating to ligatures are accessed by writing `Ligatures={...}` with the appropriate argument(s), which could be TeX, Rare, etc., as shown below in [Section 10.1](#).

Multiple options may be given to any feature that accepts non-numerical input, although doing so will not always work. Some options will override others in generally obvious ways; `Numbers={OldStyle,Lining}` doesn't make much sense because the two options are mutually exclusive, and X<sub>H</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X will simply use the last option that is specified (in this case using `Lining` over `OldStyle`).

If a feature or an option is requested that the font does not have, a warning is given in the console output. As mentioned in [Section 3.3 on page 5](#) these warnings can be suppressed by selecting the `[quiet]` package option.

# 10 Complete listing of OpenType font features

## 10.1 Ligatures

Ligatures refer to the replacement of two separate characters with a specially drawn glyph for functional or æsthetic reasons. The list of options, of which multiple may be selected at one time, is shown in [Table 2](#). A demonstration with the Linux Libertine fonts<sup>2</sup> is shown in [Example 18](#).

Note the additional features accessed with `Ligatures=TeX`. These are not actually real OpenType features, but additions provided by luatofloat (i.e., LuaT<sub>E</sub>X only) to emulate T<sub>E</sub>X's behaviour for ASCII input of curly quotes and punctuation. In X<sub>H</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X this is achieved with the `Mapping` feature (see [Section 12.1 on page 39](#)) but for consistency `Ligatures=TeX` will perform the same function as `Mapping=tex-text`.

---

<sup>2</sup><http://www.linuxlibertine.org/>

Table 2: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Ligatures’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Ligatures	= Required	* rlig
	NoRequired	rlig ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	Common	* liga
	NoCommon	liga ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	Contextual	* clig
	NoContextual	clig ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	Rare/Discretionary	dlig
	Historic	hlig
	TeX	tlig/trep

\* This feature is activated by default.

---

Example 18: An example of the Ligatures feature.

---

strict → strict  
wurtzite → wurtzite  
firefly → firefly

---

```
\def\test#1#2{%
  #2 $\to$ {\addfontfeature{#1} #2}\\"}
\fontspec{Linux Libertine}
\test{Ligatures=Historic}{strict}
\test{Ligatures=Rare}{wurtzite}
\test{Ligatures=NoCommon}{firefly}
```

---

Table 3: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Letters’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Letters = Uppercase	case	
SmallCaps	smcp	
PetiteCaps	pcap	
UppercaseSmallCaps	c2sc	
UppercasePetiteCaps	c2pc	
Unicase	unic	

---

Example 19: Small caps from lowercase or uppercase letters.

---

THIS SENTENCE NO VERB	\fontspec[Letters=SmallCaps]{TeX Gyre Adventor}
THIS SENTENCE no verb	THIS SENTENCE no verb \\
THIS SENTENCE no verb	\fontspec[Letters=UppercaseSmallCaps]{TeX Gyre Adventor}
THIS SENTENCE no verb	THIS SENTENCE no verb

## 10.2 Letters

The `Letters` feature specifies how the letters in the current font will look. OpenType fonts may contain the following options: `Uppercase`, `SmallCaps`, `PetiteCaps`, `UppercaseSmallCaps`, `UppercasePetiteCaps`, and `Unicase`.

Petite caps are smaller than small caps. `SmallCaps` and `PetiteCaps` turn lowercase letters into the smaller caps letters, whereas the `Uppercase...` options turn the *capital* letters into the smaller caps (good, *e.g.*, for applying to already uppercase acronyms like ‘NASA’). This difference is shown in Example 19. ‘Unicase’ is a weird hybrid of upper and lower case letters.

Note that the `Uppercase` option will (probably) not actually map letters to uppercase.<sup>3</sup> It is designed to select various uppercase forms for glyphs such as accents and dashes, such as shown in Example 20; note the raised position of the hyphen to better match the surrounding letters.

The Kerning feature also contains an `Uppercase` option, which adds a small amount of spacing in between letters (see Section 10.12 on page 30).

<sup>3</sup>If you want automatic uppercase letters, look to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X’s `\MakeUppercase` command.

Example 20: An example of the `Uppercase` option of the `Letters` feature.

---

UPPER-CASE example	\fontspec{Linux Libertine}
UPPER-CASE example	UPPER-CASE example \\
UPPER-CASE example	\addfontfeature{Letters=Uppercase}
UPPER-CASE example	UPPER-CASE example

---

Table 4: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Numbers’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Numbers =	Uppercase/Lining	lnum
	Lowercase/OldStyle	onum
	Proportional	pnum
	Monospaced	tnum
	SlashedZero	zero
	Arabic	anum

---

Example 21: The effect of the SlashedZero option.

---

\fontspec[Numbers=Lining]{TeX Gyre Bonum}	0123456789	\fontspec[Numbers=SlashedZero]{TeX Gyre Bonum}
0123456789	Q123456789	0123456789

---

### 10.3 Numbers

The `Numbers` feature defines how numbers will look in the selected font, accepting options shown in Table 4.

The synonyms `Uppercase` and `Lowercase` are equivalent to `Lining` and `OldStyle`, respectively. The differences have been shown previously in Section 7.2 on page 13. The `Monospaced` option is useful for tabular material when digits need to be vertically aligned.

The `SlashedZero` option replaces the default zero with a slashed version to prevent confusion with an uppercase ‘O’, shown in Example 21.

The `Arabic` option (with tag `anum`) maps regular numerals to their Arabic script or Persian equivalents based on the current Language setting (see Section 10.18 on page 35), shown in Example 22 using the Persian Modern font, which is included in TeX Live and MiKTeX. This option is based on a LuaTeX feature of the `luatextfont` package, not an OpenType feature. (Thus, this feature is unavailable in XeTeX.)

Example 22: An example of number remapping to Arabic or Persian. (LuaTeX only.)

---

\fontspec[Script=Arabic,Numbers=Arabic] {persian-modern-regular.ttf} • ۱۲۳۴۵۶۷۸۹	{\addfontfeature{Language=Arabic} 0123456789} \\	{\addfontfeature{Language=Parsi} 0123456789}
○ ۱۲۳۴۵۶۷۸۹		

---

Table 5: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Contextuals’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Contextuals =	Swash	cswh
	Alternate	calt
	WordInitial	init
	WordFinal	fina
	LineFinal	falt
	Inner	medi

---

<i>Without Contextual Swashes</i> <i>With Contextual Swashes; cf. WCS</i>	<pre>\fontspec{Warnock Pro} \itshape Without Contextual Swashes</pre> <pre>\fontspec[Contextuals=Swash]{Warnock Pro} With Contextual Swashes; cf. W C S</pre>	<pre>\\"</pre>
--	---	----------------

## 10.4 Contextuals

This feature refers to substitutions of glyphs that vary ‘contextually’ by their relative position in a word or string of characters; features such as contextual swashes are accessed via the options shown in Table 5. See Example 23 for an, er, example.

Historic forms are accessed in OpenType fonts via the feature `Style=Historic`; this is generally *not* contextual in OpenType, which is why it is not included here.

## 10.5 Vertical Position

The `VerticalPosition` feature is used to access things like subscript (`Inferior`) and superscript (`Superior`) numbers and letters (and a small amount of punctuation, sometimes). The `Ordinal` option will only raise characters that are used in some languages directly after a number. The `ScientificInferior` feature will move glyphs further below the baseline than the `Inferior` feature. These are shown in Example 24.

`Numerator` and `Denominator` should only be used for creating arbitrary fractions (see next section).

Table 6: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘VerticalPosition’.

Feature	Option	Tag
VerticalPosition =	Superior	sups
	Inferior	subs
	Numerator	numr
	Denominator	dnom
	ScientificInferior	sinf
	Ordinal	ordn

---

Example 24: The `VerticalPosition` feature. Note that the `Ordinal` option can be quite unreliable, as the results here demonstrate.

---

```
\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Superior]{Warnock Pro}
Sup: abdehilmnorst (-\$12,345.67) \\

\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Numerator]{Warnock Pro}
Numerator: 12345 \\

\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Denominator]{Warnock Pro}
Denominator: 12345 \\

\fontspec[VerticalPosition=ScientificInferior]{Warnock Pro}
Scientific Inferior: 12345 \\

\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Ordinal]{Warnock Pro}
'Ordinals': 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 0th 'Ordinals': 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 0th
```

---

Table 7: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Fractions’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Fractions	= On	frac
	Alternate	afrc

The `realscripts` package (which is also loaded by `xltextra` for X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X) redefines the `\textsubscript` and `\textsuperscript` commands to use the above font features automatically, including for use in footnote labels. If this is the only feature of `xltextra` you wish to use, consider loading `realscripts` on its own instead.

## 10.6 Fractions

For OpenType fonts use a regular text slash to create fractions, but the `Fraction` feature must be explicitly activated. Some (Asian fonts predominantly) also provide for the `Alternate` feature. These are both shown in Example 25.

## 10.7 Stylistic Set variations

This feature selects a ‘Stylistic Set’ variation, which usually corresponds to an alternate glyph style for a range of characters (usually an alphabet or subset thereof).

---

Example 25: The Fractions feature.

---

```
\fontspec{Hiragino Maru Gothic Pro W4}
1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \\

1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \quad \addfontfeature{Fractions=On}
1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \\

1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \quad \addfontfeature{Fractions=Alternate}
1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \\
```

---

---

Example 26: Insular letterforms, as used in medieval Northern Europe, for the Junicode font accessed with the StylisticSet feature.

---

Insular forms.	\fontspec{Junicode}
Inſular forms.	Insular forms. \\
Inſular forms.	\addfontfeature{StylisticSet=2}
Inſular forms.	Insular forms. \\

---

---

Example 27: Enlarged minuscules (capital letters remain unchanged) for the Junicode font, accessed with the StylisticSet feature.

---

ENLARGED Minuscules.	\fontspec{Junicode}
ENLARGED Minuscules.	ENLARGED Minuscules. \\
ENLARGED Minuscules.	\addfontfeature{StylisticSet=6}
ENLARGED Minuscules.	ENLARGED Minuscules. \\

---

This feature is specified numerically. These correspond to OpenType features ss01, ss02, etc.

Two demonstrations from the Junicode font<sup>4</sup> are shown in Example 26 and Example 27; thanks to Adam Buchbinder for the suggestion.

Multiple stylistic sets may be selected simultaneously by writing, e.g., StylisticSet={1, 2, 3}.

The StylisticSet feature is a synonym of the Variant feature for AAT fonts.

See Section 15 on page 46 for a way to assign names to stylistic sets, which should be done on a per-font basis.

## 10.8 Character Variants

Similar to the ‘Stylistic Sets’ above, ‘Character Variations’ are selected numerically to adjust the output of (usually) a single character for the particular font. These correspond to the OpenType features cv01 to cv99.

For each character that can be varied, it is possible to select among possible options for that particular glyph. For example, in Example 28 a variety of glyphs for the character ‘v’ are selected, in which 5 corresponds to the character ‘v’ for this font feature, and the trailing :⟨n⟩ corresponds to which variety to choose. Georg Duffner’s open source Garamond revival font<sup>5</sup> is used in this example. Character variants are specifically designed not to conflict with each other, so you can enable them individually per character as shown in Example 29. (Unlike stylistic alternates, say.)

Note that the indexing starts from zero, which is compatible with XeTeX but *incompatible* with luatex, which starts from one.

## 10.9 Alternates

The Alternate feature (for the raw OpenType feature salt) is used to access alternate font glyphs when variations exist in the font, such as in Example 30. It uses a

---

<sup>4</sup><http://junicode.sf.net>

<sup>5</sup><http://www.georgduffner.at/ebgaramond/>

---

Example 28: The CharacterVariant feature showing off Georg Duffner's open source Garamond revival font.

---

*very*

*very*

*very*

*very*

*very*

*very*

```
\fontspec{EB Garamond Italic}           very \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant=5]{EB Garamond Italic}   very \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant=5:0]{EB Garamond Italic} very \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant=5:1]{EB Garamond Italic} very \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant=5:2]{EB Garamond Italic} very \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant=5:3]{EB Garamond Italic} very
```

---

---

Example 29: The CharacterVariant feature selecting multiple variants simultaneously.

---

*ø violet*

*  violet*

*  violet*

*  violet*

```
\fontspec{EB Garamond Italic}           \& violet \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant={4}]{EB Garamond Italic}   \& violet \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant={5:2}]{EB Garamond Italic} \& violet \\
\fontspec[CharacterVariant={4,5:2}]{EB Garamond Italic} \& violet
```

---

---

Example 30: The Alternate feature.

---

A & h	\fontspec{Linux Libertine}
A ⸮ h	\textsc{a} \& h \\ \addfontfeature{Alternate=0} \textsc{a} \& h

---

Table 8: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Style’.

Feature Option	Tag
Style = Alternate	salt
Italic	ital
Ruby	ruby
Swash	swsh
Historic	hist
TitlingCaps	titl
HorizontalKana	hkna
VerticalKana	vkna

numerical selection, starting from zero, that will be different for each font. Note that the `Style=Alternate` option is equivalent to `Alternate=0` to access the default case.

Note that the indexing starts from zero, which is compatible with plain X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X but *incompatible* with `luatotfload`, which starts from one.

See [Section 15 on page 46](#) for a way to assign names to alternates, which must be done on a per-font basis.

## 10.10 Style

‘Ruby’ refers to a small optical size, used in Japanese typography for annotations. For fonts with multiple `salt` OpenType features, use the `fontspec` `Alternate` feature instead.

Example 31 and Example 32 both contain glyph substitutions with similar characteristics. Note the occasional inconsistency with which font features are labelled; a long-tailed ‘Q’ could turn up anywhere!

In other features, larger breadths of changes can be seen, covering the style of an entire alphabet. See Example 33 and Example 34; in the latter, the `Italic` option

---

Example 31: Example of the Alternate option of the Style feature.

---

K Q R k v w y	\fontspec{Warnock Pro}
K Q R k v w y	\textsc{k v w y} \\ \addfontfeature{Style=Alternate} \textsc{k v w y}

---

---

Example 32: Example of the Historic option of the Style feature.

---

M Q Z	\fontspec{Adobe Jenson Pro}
M Q Z	M Q Z \\
	\addfontfeature{Style=Historic}
	M Q Z

---

---

Example 33: Example of the TitlingCaps option of the Style feature.

---

TITLING CAPS	\fontspec{Adobe Garamond Pro}
TITLING CAPS	TITLING CAPS \\
	\addfontfeature{Style=TitlingCaps}
	TITLING CAPS

---

affects the Latin text and the Ruby option the Japanese.

Note the difference here between the default and the horizontal style kana in Example 35: the horizontal style is slightly wider.

## 10.11 Diacritics

Specifies how combining diacritics should be placed. These will usually be controlled automatically according to the Script setting.

## 10.12 Kerning

Specifies how inter-glyph spacing should behave. Well-made fonts include information for how differing amounts of space should be inserted between separate character pairs. This kerning space is inserted automatically but in rare circumstances you may wish to turn it off.

As briefly mentioned previously at the end of Section 10.2 on page 23, the Uppercase option will add a small amount of tracking between uppercase letters, seen in Example 36, which uses the Romande fonts<sup>6</sup> (thanks to Clea F. Rees for the suggestion). The Uppercase option acts separately to the regular kerning controlled by the On/Off options.

---

<sup>6</sup><http://arkandis.tuxfamily.org/adffonts.html>

---

Example 34: Example of the Italic and Ruby options of the Style feature.

---

Latin ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
Latin ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	Latin \kana \\
	\addfontfeature{Style={Italic, Ruby}}
	Latin \kana

---

---

Example 35: Example of the `HorizontalKana` and `VerticalKana` options of the `Style` feature.

---

ようこそ ワカヨタレソ ようこそ ワカヨタレソ ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	<pre>\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro} \kana \\ {\addfontfeature{Style=HorizontalKana} \kana } \\ {\addfontfeature{Style=VerticalKana} \kana }</pre>
---	---

---

Table 9: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Diacritics’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Diacritics	= <code>MarkToBase</code>	* <code>mark</code>
	<code>NoMarkToBase</code>	<code>mark</code> ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	<code>MarkToMark</code>	* <code>mkmk</code>
	<code>NoMarkToMark</code>	<code>mkmk</code> ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	<code>AboveBase</code>	* <code>abvm</code>
	<code>NoAboveBase</code>	<code>abvm</code> ( <i>deactivate</i> )
	<code>BelowBase</code>	* <code>blwm</code>
	<code>NoBelowBase</code>	<code>blwm</code> ( <i>deactivate</i> )

\* This feature is activated by default.

Table 10: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘Kerning’.

Feature	Option	Tag
Kerning	= <code>Uppercase</code>	<code>cpsp</code>
	<code>On</code>	* <code>kern</code>
	<code>Off</code>	<code>kern</code> ( <i>deactivate</i> )

\* This feature is activated by default.

---

Example 36: Adding extra kerning for uppercase letters. (The difference is usually very small.)

---

UPPERCASE EXAMPLE UPPERCASE EXAMPLE	<pre>\fontspec{Romande ADF Std Bold} UPPERCASE EXAMPLE \\ \addfontfeature{Kerning=Uppercase} UPPERCASE EXAMPLE</pre>
--	--

---

---

Example 37: Artificial font transformations.

---

		\fontspec{Charis SIL} \emph{ABCxyz} \quad
		\fontspec[FakeSlant=0.2]{Charis SIL} ABCxyz
		\fontspec{Charis SIL} ABCxyz \quad
		\fontspec[FakeStretch=1.2]{Charis SIL} ABCxyz
<b>ABCxyz</b>	<b>ABCxyz</b>	
<b>ABCxyz</b>	<b>ABCxyz</b>	\fontspec{Charis SIL} \textbf{ABCxyz} \quad
<b>ABCxyz</b>	<b>ABCxyz</b>	\fontspec[FakeBold=1.5]{Charis SIL} ABCxyz

---

### 10.13 Font transformations

In rare situations users may want to mechanically distort the shapes of the glyphs in the current font such as shown in Example 37. Please don't overuse these features; they are *not* a good alternative to having the real shapes.

If values are omitted, their defaults are as shown above.

If you want the bold shape to be faked automatically, or the italic shape to be slanted automatically, use the AutoFakeBold and AutoFakeSlant features. For example, the following two invocations are equivalent:

```
\fontspec[AutoFakeBold=1.5]{Charis SIL}
\fontspec[BoldFeatures={FakeBold=1.5}]{Charis SIL}
```

If both of the AutoFake... features are used, then the bold italic font will also be faked.

The FakeBold and AutoFakeBold features are only available with the X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X engine and will be ignored in L<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X.

### 10.14 Annotation

Some fonts are equipped with an extensive range of numbers and numerals in different forms. These are accessed with the Annotation feature (OpenType feature `nalt`), selected numerically as shown in Example 38.

Note that the indexing starts from zero, which is compatible with X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X but *incompatible* with luatfload, which starts from one.

### 10.15 CJK shape

There have been many standards for how CJK ideographic glyphs are 'supposed' to look. Some fonts will contain many alternate glyphs available in order to be able to display these glyphs correctly in whichever form is appropriate. Both AAT and OpenType fonts support the following CJKShape options: Traditional, Simplified, JIS1978, JIS1983, JIS1990, and Expert. OpenType also supports the NLC option.

### 10.16 Character width

Many Asian fonts are equipped with variously spaced characters for shoe-horning into their generally monospaced text. These are accessed through the

Example 38: Annotation forms for OpenType fonts.

Table 11: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘CJKShape’.

Feature	Option	Tag
CJKShape	= Traditional	trad
	Simplified	smp1
	JIS1978	jpt78
	JIS1983	jpb83
	JIS1990	jpr90
	Expert	expt
	NLC	nck

Example 39: Different standards for CJK ideograph presentation.

哩嚙軀 妍并訝  
哩嚙軀 妍并訝  
哩嚙軀 妍并訝

```
\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
{\addfontfeature{CJKShape=Traditional}}
\text } \\ \addfontfeature{CJKShape=NLC} \\
\text } \\ \addfontfeature{CJKShape=Expert} \\
\text }
```

Table 12: Options for the OpenType font feature ‘CharacterWidth’.

Feature	Option	Tag
CharacterWidth =	Proportional	pwid
	Full	fwid
	Half	hwid
	Third	twid
	Quarter	qwrid
AlternateProportional	palt	
AlternateHalf	halt	

---

Example 40: Proportional or fixed width forms.

---

ようこそ	ワカヨタレソ	abcdef	\def\test{\makebox[2cm][1]{\texta}% \makebox[2.5cm][1]{\textb}% \makebox[2.5cm][1]{abcdef}}\\ \fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}% {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Proportional}\test}\\% {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Full}\test}\\% {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Half}\test}
ようこそ	ワカヨタレソ	a b c d e f	
ようこそ	ワカヨタレソ	abcdef	

---

CharacterWidth feature.

Japanese alphabetic glyphs (in Hiragana or Katakana) may be typeset proportionally, to better fit horizontal measures, or monospaced, to fit into the rigid grid imposed by ideographic typesetting. In this latter case, there are also half-width forms for squeezing more kana glyphs (which are less complex than the kanji they are amongst) into a given block of space. The same features are given to roman letters in Japanese fonts, for typesetting foreign words in the same style as the surrounding text.

The same situation occurs with numbers, which are provided in increasingly illegible compressed forms seen in Example 41.

---

Example 41: Numbers can be compressed significantly.

---

— 1 2 3 2 1 —	\fontspec[Renderer=AAT]{Hiragino Mincho Pro}% {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Full}% ---12321---}\\\\ {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Half}% ---1234554321---}\\\\ {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Third}% ---123456787654321---}\\\\ {\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Quarter}% ---12345678900987654321---}
---------------	---

---

## 10.17 Vertical typesetting

TODO!

## 10.18 OpenType scripts and languages

Fonts that include glyphs for various scripts and languages may contain different font features for the different character sets and languages they support, and different font features may behave differently depending on the script or language chosen. When multilingual fonts are used, it is important to select which language they are being used for, and more importantly what script is being used.

The ‘script’ refers to the alphabet in use; for example, both English and French use the Latin script. Similarly, the Arabic script can be used to write in both the Arabic and Persian languages.

The Script and Language features are used to designate this information. The possible options are tabulated in [Table 13 on the following page](#) and [Table 14 on page 37](#), respectively. When a script or language is requested that is not supported by the current font, a warning is printed in the console output.

Because these font features can change which features are able to be selected for the font, they are automatically selected by `fontspec` before all others and, if  $\text{\TeX}$  is being used, will specifically select the ICU renderer for this font, as described in [Section 12.3 on page 40](#).

### 10.18.1 Script and Language examples

In the examples shown in Example 42, the `Code2000` font<sup>7</sup> is used to typeset various input texts with and without the OpenType Script applied for various alphabets. The text is only rendered correctly in the second case; many examples of incorrect diacritic spacing as well as a lack of contextual ligatures and rearrangement can be seen. Thanks to Jonathan Kew, Yves Codet and Gildas Hamel for their contributions towards these examples.

### 10.18.2 Defining new scripts and languages

`\newfontscript`  
`\newfontlanguage`

While the scripts and languages listed in [Table 13](#) and [Table 14](#) are intended to be comprehensive, there may be some missing; alternatively, you might wish to use different names to access scripts/languages that are already listed. Adding scripts and languages can be performed with the `\newfontscript` and `\newfontlanguage` commands. For example,

```
\newfontscript{Arabic}{arab}
\newfontlanguage{Zulu}{ZUL}
```

The first argument is the `fontspec` name, the second the OpenType tag. The advantage to using these commands rather than `\newfontfeature` (see [Section 15 on page 46](#)) is the error-checking that is performed when the script or language is requested.

---

<sup>7</sup><http://www.code2000.net/>

---

Example 42: An example of various Scripts and Languages.

---

العربية	\arabictext
हिन्दी	\devanagaritext
ଲେଖ	\bengalitext
મર୍ଯ୍ୟାଦା-ସୂୟକ ନିବେଦନ	\gujaratitext
ମର୍ଯ୍ୟାଦା-ସୂୟକ ନିବେଦନ	\malayalamtext
ନାଥେ ପାଠବୀରୁ	\gurmukhitext
ଆଦି ସଚୁ ଜୁଗାଦି ସଚୁ	\tamiltext
ତମିଳ୍ ତଡେଟି	\hebrewtext
תַּדְבִּיר תַּדְבִּיר	\def\examplefont{Doulos SIL}
čấp số mõi	\vietnamesetext

---

Table 13: Defined Scripts for OpenType fonts. Aliased names are shown in adjacent positions marked with red pilcrows (¶).

Arabic	Ethiopic	Limbu	Sumero-Akkadian
Armenian	Georgian	Linear B	Cuneiform
Balinese	Glagolitic	Malayalam	Syloti Nagri
Bengali	Gothic	¶Math	Syriac
Bopomofo	Greek	¶Maths	Tagalog
Braille	Gujarati	Mongolian	Tagbanwa
Buginese	Gurmukhi	Musical Symbols	Tai Le
Buhid	Hangul Jamo	Myanmar	Tai Lu
Byzantine Music	Hangul	N'ko	Tamil
Canadian Syllabics	Hanunoo	Ogham	Telugu
Cherokee	Hebrew	Old Italic	Thaana
¶CJK	¶Hiragana and Katakana	Old Persian Cuneiform	Thai
¶CJK Ideographic	¶Kana	Oriya	Tibetan
Coptic	Javanese	Osmanya	Tifinagh
Cypriot Syllabary	Kannada	Phags-pa	Ugaritic Cuneiform
Cyrillic	Kharosthi	Phoenician	Yi
Default	Khmer	Runic	
Deseret	Lao	Shavian	
Devanagari	Latin	Sinhala	

---

Table 14: Defined Languages for OpenType fonts. Aliased names are shown in adjacent positions marked with red pilcrows (¶).

Abaza	Default	Igbo	Koryak	Norway	House Cree	Serer
Abkhazian	Dogri	Ijo	Ladin	Nisi		South Slavey
Adygehe	Divehi	Ilokano	Lahuli	Niuean		Southern Sami
Afrikaans	Djerma	Indonesian	Lak	Nkole		Suri
Afar	Dangme	Ingush	Lambani	N'ko		Svan
Agaw	Dinka	Inuktitut	Lao	Dutch		Swedish
Altai	Dungan	Irish	Latin	Nogai		Swadaya Aramaic
Amharic	Dzongkha	Irish Traditional	Laz	Norwegian		Swahili
Arabic	Ebira	Icelandic	L-Cree	Northern Sami		Swazi
Aari	Eastern Cree	Inari Sami	Ladakhi	Northern Tai		Sutu
Arakanese	Edo	Italian	Lezgi	Esperanto		Syriac
Assamese	Efik	Hebrew	Lingala	Nynorsk		Tabasaran
Athapaskan	Greek	Javanese	Low Mari	Oji-Cree		Tajiki
Avar	English	Yiddish	Limbu	Ojibway		Tamil
Awadhi	Erzya	Japanese	Lomwe	Oriya		Tatar
Aymara	Spanish	Judezmo	Lower Sorbian	Oromo		TH-Cree
Azeri	Estonian	Jula	Lule Sami	Ossetian		Telugu
Badaga	Basque	Kabardian	Lithuanian	Palestinian Aramaic		Tongan
Baghelkhandi	Evenki	Kachchi	Luba	Pali		Tigre
Balkar	Even	Kalenjin	Luganda	Punjabi		Tigrinya
Baule	Ewe	Kannada	Luhya	Palpa		Thai
Berber	French Antillean	Karachay	Luo	Pashto		Tahitian
Bench	¶Farsi	Georgian	Latvian	Polytonic Greek		Tibetan
Bible Cree	¶Parsi	Kazakh	Majang	Pilipino		Turkmen
Belarussian	¶Persian	Kebena	Makua	Palaung		Temne
Bemba	Finnish	Khutsuri Georgian	Malayalam	Polish		Tswana
Bengali	Fijian	Khakass	Traditional	Provencal		Tundra Nenets
Bulgarian	Flemish	Khanty-Kazim	Mansi	Portuguese		Tonga
Bhili	Forest Nenets	Khmer	Marathi	Chin		Todo
Bhojpuri	Fon	Khanty-Shurishkar	Marwari	Rajasthani		Turkish
Bikol	Faroese	Khanty-Vakhi	Mbundu	R-Cree		Tsonga
Bilen	French	Khowar	Manchu	Russian Buriat		Turoyo Aramaic
Blackfoot	Frisian	Kikuyu	Moose Cree	Riang		Tulu
Balochi	Friulian	Kirghiz	Mende	Rhaeto-Romanic		Tuvin
Balante	Futa	Kisii	Me'en	Romanian		Twi
Balti	Fulani	Kokni	Mizo	Romany		Udmurt
Bambara	Ga	Kalmyk	Macedonian	Rusyn		Ukrainian
Bamileke	Gaelic	Kamba	Male	Ruanda		Urdu
Breton	Gagauz	Kumaoni	Malagasy	Russian		Upper Sorbian
Brahui	Galician	Komo	Malinke	Sadri		Uyghur
Braj Bhasha	Garshuni	Komso	Malayalam	Sanskrit		Uzbek
Burmese	Garhwali	Kanuri	Reformed	Santali		Venda
Bashkir	Ge'ez	Kodagu	Malay	Sayisi		Vietnamese
Beti	Gilyak	Korean Old Hangul	Mandinka	Sekota		Wa
Catalan	Gumuz	Konkani	Mongolian	Selkup		Wagdi
Cebuano	Gondi	Kikongo	Manipuri	Sango		West-Cree
Chechen	Greenlandic	Komi-Permyak	Maninka	Shan		Welsh
Chaha Gurage	Garo	Korean	Manx Gaelic	Sibe		Wolof
Chattisgarhi	Guarani	Komi-Zyrian	Moksha	Sidamo		Tai Lue
Chichewa	Gujarati	Kpelle	Moldavian	Silte Gurage		Xhosa
Chukchi	Haitian	Krio	Mon	Skolt Sami		Yakut
Chipewyan	Halam	Karakalpak	Moroccan	Slovak		Yoruba
Cherokee	Harauti	Karelian	Maori	Slavey		Y-Cree
Chuvash	Hausa	Karaim	Maithili	Slovenian		Yi Classic
Comorian	Hawaiin	Karen	Maltese	Somali		Yi Modern
Coptic	Hammer-Banna	Koorete	Mundari	Samoan		Chinese Hong Kong
Cree	Hiligaynon	Kashmiri	Naga-Assamese	Sena		Chinese Phonetic
Carrier	Hindi	Khasi	Nanai	Sindhi		Chinese Simplified
Crimean Tatar	High Mari	Kildin Sami	Naskapi	Sinhalese		Chinese Traditional
Church Slavonic	Hindko	Kui	N-Cree	Soninke		Zande
Czech	Ho	Kulvi	Ndebele	Sodo Gurage		Zulu
Danish	Harari	Kumyk	Ndonga	Sotho		
Dargwa	Croatian	Kurdish	Nepali	Albanian		
Woods Cree	Hungarian	Kurukh	Newari	Serbian		
German	Armenian	Kuy	Nagari	Saraiki		

## Part III

# LuaTeX-only font features

### 11 OpenType font feature files

An OpenType font feature file is a plain text file describing OpenType layout feature of a font in a human-readable format. The syntax of OpenType feature files is defined by Adobe<sup>8</sup>.

Feature files can be used to add or customize OpenType features of a font on the fly without editing the font file itself.

Adding a new OpenType feature is as creating a plain text file defining the new feature and then loading it by passing its name or path to `FeatureFile`, then OpenType features defined in the file can be activated as usual.

For example, when adding one of the default features like `kern` or `liga`, no special activation is needed. On the other hand, an optional feature like `onum` or `smpc` will be activated when old style numbers or small capitals are activated, respectively. However, OpenType feature in the feature file can have any and that can be used to selectively activate the feature; for example defining a ligature feature called `mlig` and then activating it using `RawFeature` option without activating other ligatures in the font.

Figure 1 shows an example feature file. The first two lines set the script and language under which the defined features will be available, which the default language in both default and Latin scripts, respectively.

Then it defines a `liga` feature, which is a glyph substitution feature. The names starting with backslash are glyph names that is to be substituted and while the leading backslash is optional, it is used to escape glyph names when they interfere with preserved keywords. It should also be noted that glyph names are font specific and the same glyph can be named differently in different fonts.

Glyph positioning features like kerning can be defined in a similar way, but instead of the keyword `sub(stitute)` the keyword `pos(ition)` is used instead. Figure 1 shows an example of adding kerning between AY and ay<sup>9</sup>.

Lines starting with # are comments and will be ignored.

An OpenType feature file can have any number of features and can have a mix of substitution and positioning features, please refer to the full feature file specification for further documentation.

---

<sup>8</sup>[http://www.adobe.com/devnet/opentype/afdko/topic\\_feature\\_file\\_syntax.html](http://www.adobe.com/devnet/opentype/afdko/topic_feature_file_syntax.html)

<sup>9</sup> The kerning is expressed in font design units which are fractions of em depending on the *units per em* value of the font, usually 1000 for PostScript fonts and 2048 for TrueType fonts.

Figure 1: An example font feature file.

---

```
languagesystem DFLT dflt;
languagesystem latn dflt;

# Ligatures
feature liga {
    sub \f \i by \fi;
    sub \f \l by \fl;
} liga;

# Kerning
feature kern {
    pos \A \Y -200;
    pos \a \y -80;
} kern;
```

---

Example 43: X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X’s Mapping feature.

---

“!A small amount of—text!”	<code>\fontspec[Mapping=tex-text]{Cochin}</code> “!‘A small amount of---text!’”
----------------------------	--

---

## Part IV

# Fonts and features with X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X

## 12 X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X-only font features

The features described here are available for any font selected by `fontspec`.

### 12.1 Mapping

Mapping enables a X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X text-mapping scheme, shown in Example 43.

Using the `tex-text` mapping is also equivalent to writing `Ligatures=TeX`. The use of the latter syntax is recommended for better compatibility with LuaT<sub>E</sub>X documents.

### 12.2 Letter spacing

Letter spacing, or tracking, is the term given to adding (or subtracting) a small amount of horizontal space in between adjacent characters. It is specified with the `LetterSpace`, which takes a numeric argument, shown in Example 44.

The letter spacing parameter is a normalised additive factor (not a scaling factor); it is defined as a percentage of the font size. That is, for a 10 pt font, a letter spacing parameter of ‘1.0’ will add 0.1 pt between each letter.

---

Example 44: The LetterSpace feature.

---

```
\fontspec{Didot}
\addfontfeature{LetterSpace=0.0}
USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT \\ 
\addfontfeature{LetterSpace=2.0}
USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT
```

---

This functionality *should not be used for lowercase text*, which is spacing correctly to begin with, but it can be very useful, in small amounts, when setting small caps or all caps titles. Also see the OpenType Uppercase option of the Letters feature ([Section 10.2 on page 23](#)).

### 12.3 Different font technologies: AAT and ICU

$\text{\LaTeX}$  supports two rendering technologies for typesetting, selected with the Renderer font feature. The first, AAT, is that provided (only) by Mac OS X itself. The second, ICU, is an open source OpenType interpreter. It provides much greater support for OpenType features, notably contextual arrangement, over AAT.

In general, this feature will not need to be explicitly called: for OpenType fonts, the ICU renderer is used automatically, and for AAT fonts, AAT is chosen by default. Some fonts, however, will contain font tables for *both* rendering technologies, such as the Hiragino Japanese fonts distributed with Mac OS X, and in these cases the choice may be required.

Among some other font features only available through a specific renderer, ICU provides for the Script and Language features, which allow different font behaviour for different alphabets and languages; see [Section 10.18 on page 35](#) for the description of these features. *Because these font features can change which features are able to be selected for the font instance, they are selected by \fontspec before all others and will automatically and without warning select the ICU renderer.*

### 12.4 Optical font sizes

Multiple Master fonts are parameterised over orthogonal font axes, allowing continuous selection along such features as weight, width, and optical size (see [Section 14 on page 45](#) for further details). Whereas an OpenType font will have only a few separate optical sizes, a Multiple Master font's optical size can be specified over a continuous range. Unfortunately, this flexibility makes it harder to create an automatic interface through  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , and the optical size for a Multiple Master font must always be specified explicitly.

```
\fontspec[OpticalSize=11]{Minion MM Roman}
MM optical size test          \\
\fontspec[OpticalSize=47]{Minion MM Roman}
MM optical size test          \\
```

```
\fontspec[OpticalSize=71]{Minion MM Roman}
MM optical size test \\
```

## 13 Mac OS X's AAT fonts

Mac OS X's font technology began life before the ubiquitous-OpenType era and revolved around the Apple-invented 'AAT' font format. This format had some advantages (and other disadvantages) but it never became widely popular in the font world.

Nonetheless, this is the font format that was first supported by  $X\text{\TeX}$  (due to its pedigree on Mac OS X in the first place) and was the first font format supported by `fontspec`. A number of fonts distributed with Mac OS X are still in the AAT format, such as 'Skia'. Documents that use these fonts should be compiled with  $X\text{\LaTeX}$  using the `xdv2pdf` driver, as opposed to the default `xdvipdfmx`. E.g.,

```
xelatex -output-driver="xdv2pdf" filename.tex
```

Mac OS X also supports Multiple Master fonts, which are discussed in [Section 14](#).

### 13.1 Ligatures

Ligatures refer to the replacement of two separate characters with a specially drawn glyph for functional or aesthetic reasons. For AAT fonts, you may choose from any combination of Required, Common, Rare (or Discretionary), Logos, Rebus, Diphthong, Squared, AbbrevSquared, and Icelandic.

Some other Apple AAT fonts have those 'Rare' ligatures contained in the Icelandic feature. Notice also that the old  $\text{\TeX}$  trick of splitting up a ligature with an empty brace pair does not work in  $X\text{\TeX}$ ; you must use a 0 pt kern or `\hbox` (e.g., `\null`) to split the characters up if you do not want a ligature to be performed (the usual examples for when this might be desired are words like 'shelffull').

### 13.2 Letters

The Letters feature specifies how the letters in the current font will look. For AAT fonts, you may choose from Normal, Uppercase, Lowercase, SmallCaps, and InitialCaps.

### 13.3 Numbers

The Numbers feature defines how numbers will look in the selected font. For AAT fonts, they may be a combination of Lining or OldStyle and Proportional or Monospaced (the latter is good for tabular material). The synonyms Uppercase and Lowercase are equivalent to Lining and OldStyle, respectively. The differences have been shown previously in [Section 7.2 on page 13](#).

---

Example 45: Contextual glyph for the beginnings and ends of words.

---

```
\newfontface\fancy
[Contextuals={WordInitial,WordFinal}]
{Hoefler Text Italic}
where is all the vegemite
\fancy where is all the vegemite
```

---

---

Example 46: A contextual feature for the ‘long s’ can be convenient as the character does not need to be marked up explicitly.

---

```
'Inner' fwashes can sometimes
contain the archaic long s. \fontspec[Contextuals=Inner]{Hoefler Text}
'Inner' swashes can \emph{sometimes} \\
contain the archaic long^s.
```

---

## 13.4 Contextuals

This feature refers to glyph substitution that vary by their position; things like contextual swashes are implemented here. The options for AAT fonts are WordInitial, WordFinal (Example 45), LineInitial, LineFinal, and Inner (Example 46, also called ‘non-final’ sometimes). As non-exclusive selectors, like the ligatures, you can turn them off by prefixing their name with No.

## 13.5 Vertical position

The VerticalPosition feature is used to access things like subscript (Inferior) and superscript (Superior) numbers and letters (and a small amount of punctuation, sometimes). The Ordinal option is (supposed to be) contextually sensitive to only raise characters that appear directly after a number. These are shown in Example 47.

The realscripts package (also loaded by xltextra) redefines the \textsubscript and \textsuperscript commands to use the above font features, including for use in footnote labels.

---

Example 47: Vertical position for AAT fonts.

---

```
\fontspec{Skia}
Normal
\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Superior]{Skia}
Superior
\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Inferior]{Skia}
Inferior \\
\fontspec[VerticalPosition=Ordinal]{Skia}
1st 2nd 3rd 4th 0th 8abcde
```

---

---

Example 48: Fractions in AAT fonts. The `^^^^2044` glyph is the ‘fraction slash’ that may be typed in Mac OS X with `OPT+SHIFT+1`; not shown literally here due to font constraints.

---

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	<code>\fontspec[Fractions=On]{Skia}</code>
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	<code>1{^^^^2044}2 \quad 5{^^^^2044}6 \\ % fraction slash</code>
$\frac{13579}{24680}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>1/2 \quad 5/6 % regular slash</code>
$\frac{13579}{24680}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>\fontspec[Fractions=Diagonal]{Skia}</code>
$\frac{13579}{24680}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>13579{^^^^2044}24680 \\ % fraction slash</code>
$\frac{13579}{24680}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>\quad 13579/24680 % regular slash</code>

---

---

Example 49: Alternate design of pre-composed fractions.

---

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>\fontspec[Hiragino Maru Gothic Pro]</code>
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680 \\ \addfontfeature{Fractions=Alternate}</code>
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{13579}{24680}$	<code>1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680</code>

---

## 13.6 Fractions

Many fonts come with the capability to typeset various forms of fractional material. This is accessed in `fontspec` with the `Fractions` feature, which may be turned On or Off in both AAT and OpenType fonts.

In AAT fonts, the ‘fraction slash’ or solidus character, is to be used to create fractions. When `Fractions` are turned On, then only pre-drawn fractions will be used. See Example 48.

Using the `Diagonal` option (AAT only), the font will attempt to create the fraction from superscript and subscript characters.

Some (Asian fonts predominantly) also provide for the `Alternate` feature shown in Example 49.

## 13.7 Variants

The `Variant` feature takes a single numerical input for choosing different alphabetic shapes. Don’t mind my fancy Example 50 : ) I’m just looping through the nine (!) variants of Zapfino.

See [Section 15 on page 46](#) for a way to assign names to variants, which should be done on a per-font basis.

## 13.8 Alternates

Selection of Alternates *again* must be done numerically; see Example 51. See [Section 15 on page 46](#) for a way to assign names to alternates, which should be done on a per-font basis.

---

Example 50: Nine variants of Zapfino.

---



```
\newcounter{var}\newcounter{trans}
\whiledo{\value{var}<9}{%
  \stepcounter{trans}%
  \edef\1{%
    \noexpand\fontspec[Variant=\thevar,
      Color=005599\thetrans\thetrans]{Zapfino}}\1%
  \makebox[0.75\width]{d}%
  \stepcounter{var}}
```

---

---

Example 51: Alternate shape selection must be numerical.

---

```
\fontspec[Alternate=0]{Hoefler Text Italic}
Sphinx Of Black Quartz, {\scshape Judge My Vow} \\
\fontspec[Alternate=1]{Hoefler Text Italic}
Sphinx Of Black Quartz, {\scshape Judge My Vow}
```

---

### 13.9 Style

The options of the Style feature are defined in `AAT` as one of the following: `Display`, `Engraved`, `IlluminatedCaps`, `Italic`, `Ruby`,<sup>10</sup> `TallCaps`, or `TitlingCaps`.

Typical examples for these features are shown in [Section 10.10](#).

### 13.10 CJK shape

There have been many standards for how CJK ideographic glyphs are ‘supposed’ to look. Some fonts will contain many alternate glyphs in order to be able to display these glyphs correctly in whichever form is appropriate. Both `AAT` and OpenType fonts support the following `CJKShape` options: `Traditional`, `Simplified`, `JIS1978`, `JIS1983`, `JIS1990`, and `Expert`. OpenType also supports the `NLC` option.

### 13.11 Character width

See [Section 10.16 on page 32](#) for relevant examples; the features are the same between OpenType and `AAT` fonts. `AAT` also allows `CharacterWidth=Default` to return to the original font settings.

### 13.12 Vertical typesetting

TODO: improve!

XeTeX provides for vertical typesetting simply with the ability to rotate the individual glyphs as a font is used for typesetting, as shown in [Example 52](#).

---

<sup>10</sup>‘Ruby’ refers to a small optical size, used in Japanese typography for annotations.

---

Example 52: Vertical typesetting.

---

共産主義者は

共  
主  
義  
者  
は

```
\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
\verttext

\fontspec[Renderer=AAT,Vertical=RotatedGlyphs]{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
\rotatebox{-90}{\verttext}% requires the graphicx package
```

---

No actual provision is made for typesetting top-to-bottom languages; for an example of how to do this, see the vertical Chinese example provided in the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  documentation.

### 13.13 Diacritics

Diacritics are marks, such as the acute accent or the tilde, applied to letters; they usually indicate a change in pronunciation. In Arabic scripts, diacritics are used to indicate vowels. You may either choose to Show, Hide or Decompose them in AAT fonts. The Hide option is for scripts such as Arabic which may be displayed either with or without vowel markings. E.g., `\fontspec[Diacritics=Hide]{...}`

Some older fonts distributed with Mac OS X included ‘0/’ etc. as shorthand for writing ‘Ø’ under the label of the Diacritics feature. If you come across such fonts, you’ll want to turn this feature off (imagine typing hello/goodbye and getting ‘helløgoodbye’ instead!) by decomposing the two characters in the diacritic into the ones you actually want. I recommend using the proper  $\text{\LaTeX}$  input conventions for obtaining such characters instead.

### 13.14 Annotation

Various Asian fonts are equipped with a more extensive range of numbers and numerals in different forms. These are accessed through the Annotation feature (see Example 53) with the following options: Off, Box, RoundedBox, Circle, BlackCircle, Parenthesis, Period, RomanNumerals, Diamond, BlackSquare, BlackRoundSquare, and DoubleCircle.

## 14 AAT & Multiple Master font axes

Multiple Master and AAT font specifications both provide continuous variation along font parameters. For example, they don’t have just regular and bold weights, they can have any bold weight you like between the two extremes. Note these features can only be used when your document is compiled using the `xdv2pdf` driver for Mac OS X.

`Weight`, `Width`, and `OpticalSize` are supported by this package. Skia, which is distributed with Mac OS X, has two of these variable parameters, allowing for the

---

Example 53: Various annotation forms.

---

```
\fontspec{Hei Regular}
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
\fontspec[Annotation=Circle]{Hei Regular}
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
\fontspec[Annotation=Parenthesis]{Hei Regular}
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
\fontspec[Annotation=Period]{Hei Regular}
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

---

---

Example 54: Continuously variable font parameters. These fonts are unfortunately quite rare.

---

Really light and extended Skia <b>Really fat and condensed Skia</b>	\fontspec[Weight=0.5,Width=3]{Skia} Really light and extended Skia \fontspec[Weight=2,Width=0.5]{Skia} Really fat and condensed Skia
--	---

---

demonstration in Example 54. Variations along a multiple master font's optical size axis has been shown previously in [Section 8.6 on page 19](#).

## Part V

# Programming interface

This is the beginning of some work to provide some hooks that use `fontspec` for various macro programming purposes.

## 15 Defining new features

This package cannot hope to contain every possible font feature. Three commands are provided for selecting font features that are not provided for out of the box. If you are using them a lot, chances are I've left something out, so please let me know.

`\newAATfeature`

New AAT features may be created with this command:

`\newAATfeature{<feature>}{<option>}{{<feature code>}}{<selector code>}`

Use the `XeTeX` file `AAT-info.tex` to obtain the code numbers. See Example 55.

New OpenType features may be created with this command:

`\newICUfeature{<feature>}{<option>}{{<feature tag>}}`

The synonym `\newopentypefeature` is provided for Lua`\TeX` users.

Here's what it would look like in practise:

```
\newopentypefeature{Style}{NoLocalForms}{-locl}
```

`\newfontfeature`

In case the above commands do not accommodate the desired font feature

---

Example 55: Assigning new AAT features.

---

*This is XeTeX by Jonathan Kew.* This is XeTeX by Jonathan Kew.  
\newAATfeature{Alternate}{HoeflerSwash}{17}{1}  
\fontspec[Alternate=HoeflerSwash]{Hoefler Text Italic}

---

---

Example 56: Assigning new arbitrary features.

---

*sockdolager rubdown*  
\newfontfeature{AvoidD}{Special=Avoid d-collisions}  
\newfontfeature{NoAvoidD}{Special!=Avoid d-collisions}  
\fontspec[AvoidD, Variant=1]{Zapfino}  
sockdolager rubdown \\\  
*sockdolager rubdown* \\\  
\fontspec[NoAvoidD, Variant=1]{Zapfino}  
sockdolager rubdown

---

(perhaps a new XeTeX feature that fontspec hasn't been updated to support), a command is provided to pass arbitrary input into the font selection string:

\newfontfeature{\langle name \rangle}{\langle input string \rangle}

For example, Zapfino contains the feature 'Avoid d-collisions'. To access it with this package, you could do some like that shown in Example 56

The advantage to using the \newAATfeature and \newICUfeature commands instead of \newfontfeature is that they check if the selected font actually contains the desired font feature at load time. By contrast, \newfontfeature will not give a warning for improper input.

## 16 Going behind fontspec's back

Expert users may wish not to use fontspec's feature handling at all, while still taking advantage of its L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X font selection conveniences. The RawFeature font feature allows literal XeTeX font feature selection when you happen to have the OpenType feature tag memorised.

Multiple features can either be included in a single declaration:

[RawFeature=+smcp;+onum]

or with multiple declarations:

[RawFeature=+smcp, RawFeature=+onum]

---

Example 57: Using raw font features directly.

---

PAGELLA SMALL CAPS \fontspec[RawFeature=+smcp]{TeX Gyre Pagella}  
Pagella small caps

---

---

Example 58: Renaming font features.

---

Roman Letters *And Swash* \aliasfontfeature{ItalicFeatures}{IF}  
Roman Letters \itshape And Swash \fontspec[IF = {Alternate=1}]{Hoefler Text}

---

---

Example 59: Renaming font feature options.

---

S<sub>cientific I<sub>nferior</sub></sub>: 12345 \aliasfontfeature{VerticalPosition}{Vert Pos}  
Scientific Inferior: 12345 \aliasfontfeatureoption{VerticalPosition}{ScientificInferior}{Sci Inf}  
\fontspec[Vert Pos=Sci Inf]{Linux Libertine}

---

## 17 Renaming existing features & options

\aliasfontfeature If you don't like the name of a particular font feature, it may be aliased to another with the \aliasfontfeature{\<existing name>}{\<new name>} command, such as shown in Example 58.

Spaces in feature (and option names, see below) *are* allowed. (You may have noticed this already in the lists of OpenType scripts and languages).

If you wish to change the name of a font feature option, it can be aliased to another with the command \aliasfontfeatureoption{\<font feature>}{\<existing name>}{\<new name>}, such as shown in Example 59.

This example demonstrates an important point: when aliasing the feature options, the *original* feature name must be used when declaring to which feature the option belongs.

Only feature options that exist as sets of fixed strings may be altered in this way. That is, Proportional can be aliased to Prop in the Letters feature, but 550099BB cannot be substituted for Purple in a Color specification. For this type of thing, the \newfontfeature command should be used to declare a new, *e.g.*, PurpleColor feature:

```
\newfontfeature{PurpleColor}{color=550099BB}
```

Except that this example was written before support for named colours was implemented. But you get the idea.

## 18 Programming details

In some cases, it is useful to know what the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X font family of a specific fontspec font is. After a \fontspec-like command, this is stored inside the \l\_fontsname\_t1 macro. Otherwise, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X's own \f@family macro can be useful here, too. The raw T<sub>E</sub>X font that is defined is stored temporarily in \l\_fontsname.

The following commands in expl3 syntax may be used for writing codes that interface with fontspec-loaded fonts. All of the following conditionals also exist with T and F as well as TF suffixes.

\fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF	Test whether the currently selected font has been loaded by fontspec.
\fontspec_if_aat_feature:nnTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the AAT feature (#1,#2).
\fontspec_if_opentype:TF	Test whether the currently selected font is an OpenType font. Always true for LuaTeX fonts.
\fontspec_if_feature:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType feature #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nTF {pnum} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_feature:nnnTF	Test whether the currently selected font with raw OpenType script tag #1 and raw OpenType language tag #2 contains the raw OpenType feature tag #3. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nTF {latn} {ROM} {pnum} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_script:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType script #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_script:nTF {latn} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_language:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nTF {ROM} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_language:nntF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #2 in script #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nntF {cyr1} {SRB} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_current_script:nTF	Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType script tag #1.
\fontspec_if_current_language:nTF	Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType language tag #1.
\fontspec_set_family:Nnn	#1 : L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X family #2 : fontspec features #3 : font name Defines a new NFSS family from given <i>features</i> and <i>font</i> , and stores the family name in the variable <i>family</i> . This font family can then be selected with standard L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X commands \fontfamily{ <i>family</i> } \selectfont. See the standard fontspec user commands for applications of this function.
\fontspec_set_fontface>NNnn	#1 : primitive font #2 : L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X family #3 : fontspec features #4 : font name

Variant of the above in which the primitive  $\text{\TeX}$  font command is stored in the variable  $\langle\text{primitive font}\rangle$ . If a family is loaded (with bold and italic shapes) the primitive font command will only select the regular face. This feature is designed for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  programmers who need to perform subsequent font-related tests on the  $\langle\text{primitive font}\rangle$ .

## Part VI

# The patching/improvement of $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$ and other packages

Derived originally from `xltxtra`, this package contains patches to various  $\text{\LaTeX}$  components and third-party packages to improve the default behaviour.

## 19 Inner emphasis

`fixltx2e`'s method for checking for "inner" emphasis is a little fragile in  $\text{\XeTeX}$ , because font slant information might be missing from the font. Therefore, we use  $\text{\LaTeX}$ 's NFSS information, which is more likely to be correct.

## 20 Unicode footnote symbols

By default  $\text{\LaTeX}$  defines symbolic footnote characters in terms of commands that don't resolve well; better results can be achieved by using specific Unicode characters or proper LCRs with the `xunicode` package.

This problem has been solved by loading the `fixltx2e` package.

## 21 Verbatim

Many verbatim mechanisms assume the existence of a 'visible space' character that exists in the ASCII space slot of the typewriter font. This character is known in Unicode as U+2434: BOX OPEN, which looks like this: '\_'.

When a Unicode typewriter font is used,  $\text{\LaTeX}$  no longer prints visible spaces for the `\verb*` environment and `\verb+` command. This problem is fixed by using the correct Unicode glyph, and the following packages are patched to do the same: `listings`, `fancyvrb`, `moreverb`, and `verbatim`.

In the case that the typewriter font does not contain '\_', the Latin Modern Mono font is used as a fallback.

## 22 Discretionary hyphenation: \-

$\text{\LaTeX}$  defines the macro \- to insert discretionary hyphenation points. However, it is hard-coded in  $\text{\LaTeX}$  to use the hyphen - character. Since `fontspec` makes it

easy to change the hyphenation character on a per font basis, it would be nice if \- adjusted automatically — and now it does.

## 23 Commands for old-style and lining numbers

\oldstylenums \liningnums LATEX's definition of \oldstylenums relies on strange font encodings. We provide a fontspec-compatible alternative and while we're at it also throw in the reverse option as well. Use \oldstylenums{\text} to explicitly use old-style (or lowercase) numbers in \text, and the reverse for \liningnums{\text}.

# Part VII

## **fontspec.sty and friends**

Herein lie the implementation details of this package. Welcome! It was my first.

### 24 ‘Header’ code

We will eventually load the correct version of the code according to which engine we’re running. As we’ll see later, there are some minor differences between what we have to do in X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X and Lu<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X.

```
1 (*fontspec&!xetex&!luatex)
```

But for now, this is the shared code.

```
2 \RequirePackage{expl3}[2011/09/05]
3 \RequirePackage{xparse}
4 \ExplSyntaxOn
```

Check engine and load specific modules. For Lu<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X, load only luatfload which loads luatexbase and lualibs too.

```
5 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {cannot-use-pdfTeX}
6 {
7   The~ fontspec~ package~ requires~ either~ XeTeX~ or~ LuaTeX~ to~ function.
8   \\\\
9   You~ must~ change~ your~ typesetting~ engine~ to,~
10   e.g., "xelatex"~ or~ "lualatex"\\
11   instead~ of~ plain~ "latex"~ or~ "pdflatex".
12 }
13 \xetex_if_engine:F {
14   \luatex_if_engine:TF {
15     \RequirePackage{luatfload}
16     \RequireLuaModule{fontspec}
17   }
18   \msg_fatal:nn {fontspec} {cannot-use-pdfTeX}
19 }
20 }
```

#### 24.1 expl3 tools

#### 24.2 Bits and pieces

##### Conditionals

```
21 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool
22 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_nobf_bool
23 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_noit_bool
24 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_nosc_bool
25 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_tfm_bool
26 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_atsui_bool
27 \bool_new:N \l_fontspec_icu_bool
```

```

28 \bool_new:N \l_fonts_spec_mm_bool
29 \bool_new:N \l_fonts_spec_graphite_bool

For dealing with legacy maths
30 \bool_new:N \g_fonts_spec_math_euler_bool
31 \bool_new:N \g_fonts_spec_math_lucida_bool
32 \bool_new:N \g_fonts_spec_package_euler_loaded_bool

For package options:
33 \bool_new:N \g_fonts_spec_cfg_bool
34 \bool_new:N \g_fonts_spec_math_bool

```

## Counters

```

35 \int_new:N \l_fonts_spec_script_int
36 \int_new:N \l_fonts_spec_language_int
37 \int_new:N \l_fonts_spec_strnum_int

```

## Other variables

```

38 \fp_new:N \l_fonts_spec_tma_fp
39 \fp_new:N \l_fonts_spec_tmfp_fp
40 \dim_new:N \l_fonts_spec_tma_dim
41 \dim_new:N \l_fonts_spec_tmfp_dim
42 \dim_new:N \l_fonts_spec_tmfp_dim

43 \tl_set:Nx \c_colon_str { \tl_to_str:N : }
44 \cs_set:Npn \use_v:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 {#5}
45 \cs_set:Npn \use_iv:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 {#4}

```

Need these:

```

46 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \str_if_eq:nnTF {nv}
47 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_set:Nn {Nv}
48 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn {cV}
49 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set:nn {nx}
50 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnN {nx}

```

\\_int\_mult\_truncate:Nn Missing in expl3, IMO.

```

51 \cs_new:Nn \_int_mult_truncate:Nn
52 {
53   \int_set:Nn #1 { \dim_eval:w #2 #1 \dim_eval_end: }
54 }

```

## 24.3 Error/warning/info messages

Shorthands for messages:

```

55 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_error:n      { \msg_error:nn      {fontspec} }
56 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_error:nx     { \msg_error:nnx     {fontspec} }
57 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_warning:n    { \msg_warning:nn    {fontspec} }
58 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_warning:nx   { \msg_warning:nnx   {fontspec} }
59 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_warning:nxx  { \msg_warning:nnxx  {fontspec} }
60 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_info:n      { \msg_info:nn      {fontspec} }
61 \cs_new:Npn \fonts_spec_info:nx     { \msg_info:nnx     {fontspec} }

```

```

62 \cs_new:Npn \fontspec_info:nxx { \msg_info:nnxx {fontspec} }
63 \cs_new:Npn \fontspec_trace:n { \msg_trace:nn {fontspec} }

    Errors:

64 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-size-info}
65 {
66   Size~ information~ must~ be~ supplied.\\
67   For~ example,~ SizeFeatures={Size={8-12},...}.
68 }
69 \msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {font-not-found}
70 {
71   The~ font~ "#1"~ cannot~ be~ found.
72 }
73 {
74   A~ font~ might~ not~ be~ found~ for~ many~ reasons.\\
75   Check~ the~ spelling,~ where~ the~ font~ is~ installed~ etc.~ etc.\\\\\\
76   When~ in~ doubt,~ ask~ someone~ for~ help!
77 }
78 \msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {rename-feature-not-exist}
79 {
80   The~ feature~ #1~ doesn't~ appear~ to~ be~ defined.
81 }
82 {
83   It~ looks~ like~ you're~ trying~ to~ rename~ a~ feature~ that~ doesn't~ exist.
84 }
85 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-glyph}
86 {
87   '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~ does~ not~ contain~ glyph~ #1.
88 }
89 \msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {euler-too-late}
90 {
91   The~ euler~ package~ must~ be~ loaded~ BEFORE~ fontspec.
92 }
93 {
94   fontspec~ only~ overwrites~ euler's~ attempt~ to~
95   define~ the~ maths~ text~ fonts~ if~ fontspec~ is~
96   loaded~ after~ euler.~ Type~ <return>~ to~ proceed~
97   with~ incorrect~ \string\mathit,~ \string\mathbf,~ etc.
98 }
99 \msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {no-xcolor}
100 {
101   Cannot~ load~ named~ colours~ without~ the~ xcolor~ package.
102 }
103 {
104   Sorry,~ I~ can't~ do~ anything~ to~ help.~ Instead~ of~ loading~
105   the~ color~ package,~ use~ xcolor~ instead.~ It's~ better.
106 }
107 \msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {unknown-color-model}
108 {
109   Error~ loading~ colour~ '#1';~ unknown~ colour~ model.
110 }
111 {

```

```
112 Sorry, ~ I~ can't~ do~ anything~ to~ help.~ Please~ report~ this~ error~  
113 to~ my~ developer~ with~ a~ minimal~ example~ that~ causes~ the~ problem.  
114 }
```

#### Warnings:

```
115 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {addfontfeatures-ignored}  
116 {  
117   \string\addfontfeature (s)~ ignored;~  
118   it~ cannot~ be~ used~ with~ a~ font~ that~ wasn't~ selected~ by~ fontspec.  
119 }  
120 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {feature-option-overwrite}  
121 {  
122   Option~ '#2'~ of~ font~ feature~ '#1'~ overwritten.  
123 }  
124 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {script-not-exist-latin}  
125 {  
126   Font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~ does~ not~ contain~ script~ '#1'.\\  
127   Latin'~ script~ used~ instead.  
128 }  
129 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {script-not-exist}  
130 {  
131   Font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~ does~ not~ contain~ script~ '#1'.  
132 }  
133 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {aat-feature-not-exist}  
134 {  
135   '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl'~ feature~ not~ supported~  
136   for~ AAT~ font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'.  
137 }  
138 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {aat-feature-not-exist-in-font}  
139 {  
140   AAT~ feature~ '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl'~ (#1)~ not~ available~  
141   in~ font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'.  
142 }  
143 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {icu-feature-not-exist}  
144 {  
145   '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl'~ feature~ not~ supported~  
146   for~ ICU~ font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'  
147 }  
148 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {icu-feature-not-exist-in-font}  
149 {  
150   OpenType~ feature~ '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl'~ (#1)~ not~ available~  
151   for~ font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~  
152   with~ script~ '\l_fontspec_script_name_tl'~ and~ language~ '\l_fontspec_lang_name_tl'.  
153 }  
154 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-opticals}  
155 {  
156   '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~ doesn't~ appear~ to~ have~ an~ Optical~ Size~ axis.  
157 }  
158 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {language-not-exist}  
159 {  
160   Language~ '#1'~ not~ available~  
161   for~ font~ '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'~
```

```

162  with~ script~ '\l_fontsspec_script_name_tl'.\\
163  'Default'~ language~ used~ instead.
164 }
165 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {only-xetex-feature}
166 {
167  Ignored~ XeTeX~ only~ feature:~ '#1'.
168 }
169 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {only-luatex-feature}
170 {
171  Ignored~ LuaTeX~ only~ feature:~ '#1'.
172 }
173 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping}
174 {
175  Input~ mapping~ not~ (yet?)~ supported~ in~ LuaTeX.
176 }
177 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping-ligtex}
178 {
179  Input~ mapping~ not~ (yet?)~ supported~ in~ LuaTeX.\\
180  Use~ "Ligatures=TeX"~ instead~ of~ "Mapping=tex-text".
181 }
182 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {cm-default-obsolete}
183 {
184  The~ "cm-default"~ package~ option~ is~ obsolete.
185 }
186 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {fakebold-only-xetex}
187 {
188  The~ "FakeBold"~ and~ "AutoFakeBold"~ options~ are~ only~ available~ with~ XeLaTeX.\\
189  Option~ ignored.
190 }

Info messages:
191 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {defining-font}
192 {
193  Font~ family~ '\l_fontsspec_family_tl'~ created~ for~ font~ '#2'~
194  with~ options~ [\g_fontspec_default_fontopts_tl #1].\\
195 \\
196  This~ font~ family~ consists~ of~ the~ following~ shapes:
197  \l_fontspec_defined_shapes_tl
198 }
199 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-font-shape}
200 {
201  Could~ not~ resolve~ font~ #1~ (it~ probably~ doesn't~ exist).
202 }
203 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {set-scale}
204 {
205  \l_fontspec_fontname_tl\space scale ~=~ \l_fontspec_scale_tl.
206 }
207 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {setup-math}
208 {
209  Adjusting~ the~ maths~ setup~ (use~ [no-math]~ to~ avoid~ this).
210 }
211 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-scripts}

```

```

212 {
213   Font~ \l_fontsname_t1\space does~ not~ contain~ any~ OpenType~ ‘Script’~ information.
214 }
215 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {opa-twice}
216 {
217   Opacity~ set~ twice,~ in~ both~ Colour~ and~ Opacity.\\
218   Using~ specification~ “Opacity=#1”.
219 }
220 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {opa-twice-col}
221 {
222   Opacity~ set~ twice,~ in~ both~ Opacity~ and~ Colour.\\
223   Using~ an~ opacity~ specification~ in~ hex~ of~ “#1/FF”.
224 }
225 \msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {bad-colour}
226 {
227   Bad~ colour~ declaration~ “#1”.~
228   Colour~ must~ be~ one~ of:\\
229   *~ a~ named~ xcolor~ colour\\
230   *~ a~ six-digit~ hex~ colour~ RRGGBB\\
231   *~ an~ eight-digit~ hex~ colour~ RRGGBBTT~ with~ opacity
232 }

```

## 24.4 Option processing

```

233 \DeclareOption{cm-default}{
234   \fontspec_warning:n {cm-default-obsolete}
235 }
236 \DeclareOption{math}{\bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_math_bool}
237 \DeclareOption{no-math}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontspec_math_bool}
238 \DeclareOption{config}{\bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_cfg_bool}
239 \DeclareOption{no-config}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontspec_cfg_bool}
240 \DeclareOption{quiet}{

241   \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { warning } { info }
242   \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { info } { none }
243 }
244 \DeclareOption{silent}{

245   \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { warning } { none }
246   \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { info } { none }
247 }
248 \ExecuteOptions{config,math}
249 \ProcessOptions*

```

## 24.5 Packages

New for LuaTeX, we load a new package called ‘fontspec-patches’ designed to incorporate the hidden but useful parts of the old `xltex` package.

```

250 \RequirePackage{fontspec-patches}
251 \luatex_if_engine:T { \RequirePackage{fontspec-luatex} \endinput }
252 \xetex_if_engine:T { \RequirePackage{fontspec-xetex} \endinput }

253 </fontspec&!xetex&!luatex>

```

## 25 The main package code

That was the driver, and now the fun starts.

```
254 (*fontspec & (xetexx | luatex))
255 \ExplSyntaxOn
```

### 25.1 Encodings

Frank Mittelbach has recommended using the ‘EUx’ family of font encodings to experiment with Unicode. Now that  $\text{\XeTeX}$  can find fonts in the `texmf` tree, the Latin Modern OpenType fonts can be used as the defaults. See the `euenc` collection of files for how this is implemented.

```
256 (xetexx)\tl_set:Nn \g_fontspec_encoding_tl {EU1}
257 (luatex)\tl_set:Nn \g_fontspec_encoding_tl {EU2}
258 \tl_set:Nn \rmdefault {lmr}
259 \tl_set:Nn \sfdefault {lmss}
260 \tl_set:Nn \ttdefault {lmtt}
261 \RequirePackage[\g_fontspec_encoding_tl]{fontenc}
262 \tl_set_eq:NN \UTFencname \g_fontspec_encoding_tl % for xunicode
```

Dealing with a couple of the problems introduced by babel:

```
263 \tl_set_eq:NN \cyrillicencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
264 \tl_set_eq:NN \latinencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
265 \tl_put_right:Nn \document {
266   \tl_set_eq:NN \cyrillicencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
267   \tl_set_eq:NN \latinencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
268 }
```

That latin encoding definition is repeated to suppress font warnings. Something to do with `\select@language` ending up in the `.aux` file which is read at the beginning of the document.

**xunicode** Now we load `xunicode`, working around its internal  $\text{\XeTeX}$  check when under  $\text{\LuaTeX}$ .

```
269 (xetexx)\RequirePackage{xunicode}
270 (*luatex)
271 \cs_set_eq:NN \fontspec_tmp: \XeTeXpicfile
272 \cs_set:Npn \XeTeXpicfile {}
273 \RequirePackage{xunicode}
274 \cs_set_eq:NN \XeTeXpicfile \fontspec_tmp:
275 (/luatex)
```

### 25.2 User commands

This section contains the definitions of the commands detailed in the user documentation. Only the ‘top level’ definitions of the commands are contained herein; they all use or define macros which are defined or used later on in [Section 25.5 on page 69](#).

### 25.2.1 Font selection

\fontspec This is the main command of the package that selects fonts with various features. It takes two arguments: the font name and the optional requested features of that font. Then this new font family is selected.

```
276 \DeclareDocumentCommand \fontspec { O{} m } {
277   \fontencoding {\g_fontspec_encoding_t1}
278   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \f@family {#1}{#2}
279   \selectfont
280   \ignorespaces
281 }
```

\setmainfont \setsansfont \setmonofont The following three macros perform equivalent operations setting the default font for a particular family: ‘roman’, sans serif, or typewriter (monospaced). I end them with \normalfont so that if they’re used in the document, the change registers immediately.

```
282 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmainfont { O{} m } {
283   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \rmdefault {#1}{#2}
284   \normalfont
285 }
286 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setsansfont { O{} m } {
287   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \sfdefault {#1}{#2}
288   \normalfont
289 }
290 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmonofont { O{} m } {
291   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \ttdefault {#1}{#2}
292   \normalfont
293 }
```

\setromanfont This is the old name for \setmainfont, retained for backwards compatibility.

```
294 \cs_set_eq:NN \setromanfont \setmainfont
```

\setmathrm \setmathsf These commands are analogous to \setromanfont and others, but for selecting the font used for \mathrm, etc. They can only be used in the preamble of the document.

\setboldmathrm \setboldmathsf \setboldmathtt \setmathrm \setmathsf \setmathtt \setboldmathrm These commands are analogous to \setromanfont and others, but for selecting the font used for \mathrm, etc. They can only be used in the preamble of the document.

\setboldmathrm is used for specifying which fonts should be used in \boldmath.

```
295 \tl_new:N \g_fontspec_mathrm_tl
296 \tl_new:N \g_fontspec_bfmathrm_tl
297 \tl_new:N \g_fontspec_maths_tl
298 \tl_new:N \g_fontspec_mathtt_tl
299 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmathrm { O{} m } {
300   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_fontspec_mathrm_tl {#1}{#2}
301 }
302 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setboldmathrm { O{} m } {
303   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_fontspec_bfmathrm_tl {#1}{#2}
304 }
305 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmathsf { O{} m } {
306   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_fontspec_maths_tl {#1}{#2}
307 }
308 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmathtt { O{} m } {
309   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_fontspec_mathtt_tl {#1}{#2}
310 }
```

```

311 \@onlypreamble\setmathrm
312 \@onlypreamble\setboldmathrm
313 \@onlypreamble\setmathsf
314 \@onlypreamble\setmathtt

```

If the commands above are not executed, then `\rmdefault` (*etc.*) will be used.

```

315 \tl_set:Nn \g_fontsname_mathrm_tl {\rmdefault}
316 \tl_set:Nn \g_fontsname_mathsf_tl {\sfdefault}
317 \tl_set:Nn \g_fontsname_mathtt_tl {\ttdefault}

```

- `\newfontfamily` This macro takes the arguments of `\fontspec` with a prepended `<instance cmd>` (code for middle optional argument generated by Scott Pakin's `newcommand.py`). This command is used when a specific font instance needs to be referred to repetitively (*e.g.*, in a section heading) since continuously calling `\fontspec_select:nn` is inefficient because it must parse the option arguments every time.

`\fontspec_select:nn` defines a font family and saves its name in `\l_fontsname_family_tl`. This family is then used in a typical NFSS `\fontfamily` declaration, saved in the macro name specified.

```

318 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontfamily { m O{} m } {
319   \fontspec_select:nn{#2}{#3}
320   \use:x {
321     \exp_not:N \DeclareRobustCommand \exp_not:N #1 {
322       \exp_not:N \fontencoding {\g_fontsname_encoding_tl}
323       \exp_not:N \fontfamily {\l_fontsname_family_tl} \exp_not:N \selectfont
324     }
325   }
326 }

```

`\newfontface` uses an undocumented feature of the `BoldFont` feature; if its argument is empty (*i.e.*, `BoldFont={}`), then no bold font is searched for.

```

327 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontface { m O{} m } {
328   \newfontfamily #1 [ BoldFont={},ItalicFont={},SmallCapsFont={},#2 ] {#3}
329 }

```

### 25.2.2 Font feature selection

- `\defaultfontfeatures` This macro takes one argument that consists of all of feature options that will be applied by default to all subsequent `\fontspec`, et al., commands. It stores its value in `\g_fontsname_default_fontopts_tl` (initialised empty), which is concatenated with the individual macro choices in the [...] macro.
- ```

330 \tl_new:N \g_fontsname_default_fontopts_tl
331 \DeclareDocumentCommand \defaultfontfeatures {m} {
332   \tl_set:Nn \g_fontsname_default_fontopts_tl {[#1]}
333 }

```

- `\addfontfeatures` In order to be able to extend the feature selection of a given font, two things need to be known: the currently selected features, and the currently selected font. Every time a font family is created, this information is saved inside a control sequence with the name of the font family itself.

This macro extracts this information, then appends the requested font features to add to the already existing ones, and calls the font again with the top level \fontspec command.

The default options are *not* applied (which is why \g\_fontsdefault\_fontopts\_tl is emptied inside the group; this is allowed as \l\_fontsfamily\_tl is globally defined in \fontspec\_select:nn), so this means that the only added features to the font are strictly those specified by this command.

\addfontfeature is defined as an alias, as I found that I often typed this instead when adding only a single font feature.

```

334 \DeclareDocumentCommand \addfontfeatures {m} {
335   \ifcsname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname
336     \group_begin:
337       \tl_clear:N \g_fontsdefault_fontopts_tl
338       \use:x {
339         \exp_not:N \fontspec_select:nn
340         {\csname zf@family@options\f@family\endcsname, #1}
341         {\csname zf@family@fontname\f@family\endcsname}
342       }
343     \group_end:
344     \fontfamily\l_fontsfamily_tl\selectfont
345   \else
346     \fontspec_warning:n {addfontfeatures-ignored}
347   \fi
348   \ignorespaces
349 }
350 \cs_set_eq:NN \addfontfeature \addfontfeatures

```

### 25.2.3 Defining new font features

\newfontfeature \newfontfeature takes two arguments: the name of the feature tag by which to reference it, and the string that is used to select the font feature.

```

351 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontfeature {mm}
352   {
353     \keys_define:nn { fontspec }
354     {
355       #1 .code:n = {
356         \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+zf-#1}
357         \fontspec_update_featstr:n {#2}
358       }
359     }
360   }

```

\newAATfeature This command assigns a new AAT feature by its code (#2,#3) to a new name (#1). Better than \newfontfeature because it checks if the feature exists in the font it's being used for.

```

361 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newAATfeature {mmmm} {
362   \keys_if_exist:nnF { fontspec } {#1}
363   { \fontspec_define_font_feature:n {#1} }
364   \keys_if_choice_exist:nnnT {fontspec} {#1} {#2}
365   { \fontspec_warning:nxx {feature-option-overwrite}{#1}{#2} }

```

|                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                              | 366 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnn{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                              | 367 }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \newICUfeature<br>\newopentypefeature        | This command assigns a new OpenType feature by its abbreviation (#2) to a new name (#1). Better than \newfontfeature because it checks if the feature exists in the font it's being used for.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                              | 368 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newICUfeature {mmm} {<br>369 \keys_if_exist:nnF { fontspec / options } {#1}<br>370 { \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{#1} }<br>371 \keys_if_choice_exist:nnnT {fontspec} {#1} {#2}<br>372 { \fontspec_warning:nxx {feature-option-overwrite}{#1}{#2} }<br>373 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{#1}{#2}{ }{#3}{<br>374 }<br>375 \cs_set_eq:NN \newopentypefeature \newICUfeature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| \aliasfontfeature<br>\aliasfontfeatureoption | User commands for renaming font features and font feature options.<br>376 \DeclareDocumentCommand \aliasfontfeature {mm} {<br>377 {<br>378 \keys_if_exist:nnTF {fontspec} {#1}<br>379 {<br>380 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}<br>381 { #2 .code:n = { \keys_set:nn {fontspec} { #1 = {##1} } } }<br>382 }<br>383 {<br>384 \keys_if_exist:nnTF {fontspec-preparse} {#1}<br>385 {<br>386 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse}<br>387 { #2 .code:n = { \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse} { #1 = {##1} } } }<br>388 }<br>389 {<br>390 \keys_if_exist:nnTF {fontspec-preparse-external} {#1}<br>391 {<br>392 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external}<br>393 {<br>394 #2 .code:n =<br>395 { \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { #1 = {##1} } }<br>396 }<br>397 }<br>398 { \fontspec_warning:nx {rename-feature-not-exist} {#1} }<br>399 }<br>400 }<br>401 }<br>402 \DeclareDocumentCommand \aliasfontfeatureoption {mmm} {<br>403 {<br>404 \cs_set_eq:cc { \c_keys_code_root_tl fontspec/#1/#3 }<br>405 { \c_keys_code_root_tl fontspec/#1/#2 }<br>406 }<br>407 } |
| \newfontscript                               | Mostly used internally, but also possibly useful for users, to define new OpenType 'scripts', mapping logical names to OpenType script tags. Iterates though the scripts                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

in the selected font to check that it's a valid feature choice, and then prepends the (X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X) \font feature string with the appropriate script selection tag.

```

407 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontscript {mm}
408 {
409   \fontspec_new_script:nn {#1} {#2}
410   \fontspec_new_script:nn {#2} {#2}
411 }

412 \keys_define:nn { fontspec } { Script .choice: }
413 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_new_script:nn
414 {
415   \keys_define:nn { fontspec } { Script / #1 .code:n =
416     \fontspec_check_script:nTF {#2} {
417       \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+script=#1}
418       \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_tl {#2}
419       \int_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_int {\l_fontspec_strnum_int}
420     }{
421       \fontspec_check_script:nTF {latn} {
422         \fontspec_warning:nx {script-not-exist-latn} {#1}
423         \keys_set:nn {fontspec} {Script=Latin}
424       }{
425         \fontspec_warning:nx {script-not-exist} {#1}
426       }
427     }
428   }
429 }
```

\newfontlanguage Mostly used internally, but also possibly useful for users, to define new OpenType 'languages', mapping logical names to OpenType language tags. Iterates though the languages in the selected font to check that it's a valid feature choice, and then prepends the (X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X) \font feature string with the appropriate language selection tag.

```

430 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontlanguage {mm}
431 {
432   \fontspec_new_lang:nn {#1} {#2}
433   \fontspec_new_lang:nn {#2} {#2}
434 }

435 \keys_define:nn { fontspec } { Language .choice: }
436 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_new_lang:nn
437 {
438   \keys_define:nn { fontspec } { Language / #1 .code:n =
439     \fontspec_check_lang:nTF {#2} {
440       \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+lang=#1}
441       \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {#2}
442       \int_set:Nn \l_fontspec_language_int {\l_fontspec_strnum_int}
443     }{
444       \fontspec_warning:nx {language-not-exist} {#1}
445       \keys_set:nn { fontspec } { Language = Default }
446     }
447   }
448 }
```

```
\DeclareFontsExtensions dfont would never be uppercase, right?
449 \DeclareDocumentCommand \DeclareFontsExtensions {m}
450 {
451   \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_extensions_list { #1 }
452   \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_fonts_extensions_list {^}
453 }
454 \DeclareFontsExtensions{.otf,.ttf,.OTF,.TTF,.ttc,.TTC,.dfont}
```

### 25.3 Programmer's interface

These functions are not used directly by fontspec when defining fonts; they are designed to be used by other packages who wish to do font-related things on top of fontspec itself.

Because I haven't fully explored how these functions will behave in practise, I am not giving them user-level names. As it becomes more clear which of these should be accessible by document writers, I'll open them up a little more.

All functions are defined assuming that the font to be queried is currently selected as a fontspec font. (I.e., via \fontspec or from a \newfontfamily macro or from \setmainfont and so on.)

\fontspec\_if\_fontsfont:TF Test whether the currently selected font has been loaded by fontspec.

```
455 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_fontsfont: {TF,T,F} {
456   \cs_if_exist:cTF {g_fonts _\f@family _prop} {
457     \prg_return_true:
458   }{
459     \prg_return_false:
460   }
461 }
```

\fontspec\_if\_aat\_feature:nnTF Conditional to test if the currently selected font contains the AAT feature (#1,#2).

```
462 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_aat_feature:nn {TF,T,F} {
463   \fontspec_if_fontsfont:TF {
464     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fonts_font {\use:c{zf@family@fontdef\f@family}} {\f@size pt}
465     \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_atsui_bool {
466       \fontspec_make_AAT_feature_string:nnTF {#1}{#2}
467       \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
468     }{
469       \prg_return_false:
470     }
471   }{
472     \prg_return_false:
473   }
474 }
```

\fontspec\_if\_opentype:TF Test whether the currently selected font is an OpenType font. Always true for LuaTeX fonts.

```
475 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_opentype: {TF,T,F} {
476   \fontspec_if_fontsfont:TF {
477     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fonts_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
```

```

479     \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_icu_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
480 }{
481     \prg_return_false:
482 }
483 }
```

\fonts\_if\_feature:nTF Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType feature #1. E.g.: \fonts\_if\_feature:nTF {pnum} {True} {False} Returns false if the font is not loaded by fonts or is not an OpenType font.

```

484 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fonts_if_feature:n {TF,T,F} {
485   \fonts_if_fonts_font:TF {
486     \fonts_font_set:Nnn \l_fonts_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
487     \fonts_set_font_type:
488     \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_icu_bool {
489       \int_set:Nv \l_fonts_script_int {g_fonts_script_num_(<f@family>_tl)}
490       \int_set:Nv \l_fonts_language_int {g_fonts_lang_num_(<f@family>_tl)}
491       \tl_set:Nv \l_fonts_script_tl {g_fonts_script_(<f@family>_tl)}
492       \tl_set:Nv \l_fonts_lang_tl {g_fonts_lang_(<f@family>_tl)}
493       \fonts_check_ot_feat:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
494     }{
495       \prg_return_false:
496     }
497   }{
498     \prg_return_false:
499   }
500 }
```

\fonts\_if\_feature:nnnTF Test whether the currently selected font with raw OpenType script tag #1 and raw OpenType language tag #2 contains the raw OpenType feature tag #3. E.g.: \fonts\_if\_feature:nTF {latn} {ROM} {pnum} {True} {False} Returns false if the font is not loaded by fonts or is not an OpenType font.

```

501 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fonts_if_feature:nnn {TF,T,F} {
502   \fonts_if_fonts_font:TF {
503     \fonts_font_set:Nnn \l_fonts_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
504     \fonts_set_font_type:
505     \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_icu_bool {
506       \fonts_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_fonts_script_int {#1}
507       \fonts_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_fonts_language_int {#2}
508       \fonts_check_ot_feat:nTF {#3} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
509     }{
510       \prg_return_false:
511     }
512   }{
513     \prg_return_false:
514   }
515 }
```

\fonts\_if\_script:nTF Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType script #1. E.g.: \fonts\_if\_script:nTF {latn} {True} {False} Returns false if the font is not loaded by fonts or is not an OpenType font.

```
516 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fonts_if_script:n {TF,T,F} {
```

```

517 \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF {
518   \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
519   \fontspec_set_font_type:
520   \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
521     \fontspec_check_script:nTF {#1} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
522   }{
523     \prg_return_false:
524   }
525 }{
526   \prg_return_false:
527 }
528 }
```

\fontspec\_if\_language:nTF Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #1. E.g.: \fontspec\_if\_language:nTF {ROM} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.

```

529 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_language:n {TF,T,F} {
530   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF {
531     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
532     \fontspec_set_font_type:
533     \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
534       \tl_set:Nv \l_fontspec_script_t1 {g_fontspec_script_(\f@family)_t1}
535       \int_set:Nv \l_fontspec_script_int {g_fontspec_script_num_(\f@family)_t1}
536       \fontspec_check_lang:nTF {#1} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
537     }{
538       \prg_return_false:
539     }
540   }{
541     \prg_return_false:
542   }
543 }
```

\fontspec\_if\_language:nnTF Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #2 in script #1. E.g.: \fontspec\_if\_language:nnTF {cyr1} {SRB} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.

```

544 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_language:nn {TF,T,F} {
545   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF {
546     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
547     \fontspec_set_font_type:
548     \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
549       \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_t1 {#1}
550       \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_fontspec_script_int {#1}
551       \fontspec_check_lang:nTF {#2} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
552     }{
553       \prg_return_false:
554     }
555   }{
556     \prg_return_false:
557   }
558 }
```

```

\fontspec_if_current_script:nTF Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType script tag #1.
559 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_current_script:n {TF,T,F} {
560   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF {
561     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
562     \fontspec_set_font_type:
563     \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
564       \str_if_eq:ntF {#1} {g_fontspec_script_(\f@family)_tl}
565         {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
566     }{
567       \prg_return_false:
568     }
569   }{
570     \prg_return_false:
571   }
572 }

\fontspec_if_current_language:nTF Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType language tag #1.
573 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_current_language:n {TF,T,F} {
574   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF {
575     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\csname zf@family@fontdef\f@family\endcsname} {\f@size}
576     \fontspec_set_font_type:
577     \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
578       \str_if_eq:ntF {#1} {g_fontspec_lang_(\f@family)_tl}
579         {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
580     }{
581       \prg_return_false:
582     }
583   }{
584     \prg_return_false:
585   }
586 }

\fontspec_set_family:Nnn #1 : family
#2 : fontspec features
#3 : font name
Defines a new font family from given features and font, and stores the name in the variable family. See the standard fontspec user commands for applications of this function.
We want to store the actual name of the font family within the family variable because the actual LATEX family name is automatically generated by fontspec and it's easier to keep it that way.
Please use \fontspec_set_family:Nnn instead of \fontspec_select:nn, which may change in the future.
587 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_family:Nnn {
588   \fontspec_select:nn {#2}{#3}
589   \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l_fontspec_family_tl
590 }

```

```

\fontspec_set_fontface:NNnn
 591 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_fontface:NNnn
 592  {
 593    \fontspec_select:nn {#3}{#4}
 594    \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l_fontspec_font
 595    \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l_fontspec_family_tl
 596  }

```

## 25.4 expl3 interface for font loading

```
597 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_fontwrap:n { "#1" }
```

Beginnings of an ‘l3font’, I guess:

```

598 \cs_if_free:NT \font_set_eq:NN {
 599   \cs_set_eq:NN \font_set_eq:NN \tex_let:D
 600   \cs_set:Npn \font_set:Nnn #1#2#3 {
 601     \font #1 = #2 ~at~ #3\scan_stop:
 602   }
 603   \cs_set:Npn \font_gset:Nnn #1#2#3 {
 604     \global \font #1 = #2 ~at~ #3 \scan_stop:
 605   }
 606   \cs_set:Npn \font_suppress_not_found_error:
 607   ⟨xetex⟩   {\suppressfontnotfounderror=1}
 608   ⟨luatex⟩   {\luatexsuppressfontnotfounderror=1}
 609   \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \font_if_null:N {p,TF,T,F} {
 610     \ifx #1 \nullfont
 611       \prg_return_true:
 612     \else
 613       \prg_return_false:
 614     \fi
 615   }
 616 }
```

pec\_set:Nnn, \fontspec\_gset:Nnn   Wrapper around \font\_set:Nnn and \font\_gset:Nnn.

```

617 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_font_set:Nnn {
 618   \font_set:Nnn #1 {\fontspec_fontwrap:n {#2}} {#3}
 619 }
 620 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_font_gset:Nnn {
 621   \font_gset:Nnn #1 {\fontspec_fontwrap:n {#2}} {#3}
 622 }
```

\font\_glyph\_if\_exist:NnTF

```

623 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \font_glyph_if_exist:Nn {p,TF,T,F} {
 624   \etex_iffontchar:D #1 #2 \scan_stop:
 625   \prg_return_true:
 626   \else:
 627     \prg_return_false:
 628   \fi:
 629 }
```

## 25.5 Internal macros

The macros from here in are used internally by all those defined above. They are not designed to remain consistent between versions.

\fontspec\_select:nn This is the command that defines font families for use, the underlying procedure of all \fontspec-like commands. Given a list of font features (#1) for a requested font (#2), it will define an NFSS family for that font and put the family name (globally) into \l\_fontspec\_family\_t1. The TeX '\font' command is (globally) stored in \l\_fontspec\_font.

This macro does its processing inside a group to attempt to restrict the scope of its internal processing. This works to some degree to insulate the internal commands from having to be manually cleared.

```
630 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_select:nn {
631   \group_begin:
632   \font suppress_not_found_error:
633   \fontspec_init:
\nl_fontspec_fontname_t1 is used as the generic name of the font being defined.
\nl_fontspec_fontid_t1 is the unique identifier of the font with all its features.
\nl_fontspec_fontname_up_t1 is the font specifically to be used as the upright font.
634   \tl_set:Nx \l_fontspec_fontname_t1 {#2}
635 \luatex \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_t1 {~}
636   \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontid_t1 \l_fontspec_fontname_t1
637   \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1 \l_fontspec_fontname_t1
```

Now convert the requested features to font definition strings. First the features are parsed for information about font loading (whether it's a named font or external font, etc.), and then information is extracted for the names of the other shape fonts.

Then the mapping from user features to low-level features occurs. This is performed with \fontspec\_get\_features:n, in which \keys\_set:nn retrieves the requested font features and processes them. As \keys\_set:nn is run multiple times, some of its information storing only occurs once while we decide if the font family has been defined or not. When the later processing is occurring per-shape this no longer needs to happen; this is indicated by the 'firsttime' conditional.

```
638 \exp_args:NnV \fontspec_prelparse_features:nn {#1} \l_fontspec_fontname_t1
```

Finally save the 'confirmed' font definition.

```
639 \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1}} {\f@f
640 \font_if_null:NT \l_fontspec_font { \fontspec_error:nx {font-not-found} {\l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1}}
641 \fontspec_set_font_type:
642 \fontspec_font_gset:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1}} {\f@f
643 \l_fontspec_font % this is necessary for LuaLaTeX to check the scripts properly
```

Continue:

```
644 \fontspec_set_scriptlang:
645 \fontspec_get_features:n {}
646 \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool
```

Check if the family is unique and, if so, save its information. (\addfontfeature and other macros use this data.) Then the font family and its shapes are defined in the NFSS.

All NFSS specifications take their default values, so if any of them are redefined, the shapes will be selected to fit in with the current state. For example, if `\bfdefault` is redefined to `b`, all bold shapes defined by this package will also be assigned to `b`.

```

647 \fontspec_save_family:nT {#2} {
648   \fontspec_save_fontinfo:nn {#1} {#2}
649   \DeclareFontFamily{\g_fontspec_encoding_t1}{\l_fontspec_family_t1} {}
650   \fontspec_set_upright:
651   \fontspec_set_bold:
652   \fontspec_set_italic:
653   \fontspec_set_slanted:
654   \fontspec_set_bold_italic:
655   \fontspec_set_bold_slanted:
656 }
657 \fontspec_info:nxx {defining-font} {#1} {#2}
658 \group_end:
659 }
```

`\fontspec_parse_features:nn` Perform the (multi-step) feature parsing process.

```
660 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_parse_features:nn {
```

Detect if external fonts are to be used, possibly automatically, and parse fontspec features for bold/italic fonts and their features.

```

661 \fontspec_if_detect_external:nT {#2}
662   { \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {ExternalLocation} }
663   \keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse-external}
664   {\g_fontspec_default_fontopts_t1 #1} \l_fontspec_keys_leftover_clist
```

When `\l_fontspec_fontname_t1` is augmented with a prefix or whatever to create the name of the upright font (`\l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1`), this latter is the new 'general font name' to use.

```

665 \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_t1 \l_fontspec_fontname_up_t1
666 \keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse} {\l_fontspec_keys_leftover_clist}
667   \l_fontspec_fontfeat_clist
668 }
```

`\fontspec_if_detect_external:nT` Check if either the fontname ends with a known font extension.

```

669 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_detect_external:n {T}
670 {
671   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_fontspec_extensions_clist
672   {
673     \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
674     \tl_if_in:nnT {#1} {end_of_string} {##1} {end_of_string}
675     { \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool \clist_map_break: }
676   }
677   \bool_if:NTF \l_tmpa_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
678 }
```

`\fontspec_fullname:n` Constructs the complete font name based on a common piece of info.

```

679 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_fullname:n {
680   \fontspec_namewrap:n { #1 \l_fontspec_extension_t1 }
681   \l_fontspec_renderer_t1
```

```

682 \l_fonts杵pec_optical_size_t1
683 }

```

\fonts杵pec\_save\_family:nT Now we have a unique (in fact, too unique!) string that contains the family name and every option in abbreviated form. This is used with a counter to create a simple NFSS family name for the font we're selecting.

The font name is fully expanded, in case it's defined in terms of macros, before having its spaces zapped.

```

684 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fonts杵pec_save_family:n {T} {
685   \cs_if_exist:cF {g_fonts杵pec_UID_\l_fonts杵pec_fontid_t1}
686   {
687     \cs_if_exist:cTF {g_fonts杵pec_family_#1_int} {
688       \int_gincr:c {g_fonts杵pec_family_#1_int}
689     }{
690       \int_new:c {g_fonts杵pec_family_#1_int}
691     }
692     \tl_set:Nx \l_fonts杵pec_tmp_t1 {\#1}
693     \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_fonts杵pec_tmp_t1 {^}
694     \tl_gset:cx {g_fonts杵pec_UID_\l_fonts杵pec_fontid_t1}
695     {
696       \l_fonts杵pec_tmp_t1 ( \int_use:c {g_fonts杵pec_family_#1_int} )
697     }
698   }
699   \tl_gset:Nv \l_fonts杵pec_family_t1 {g_fonts杵pec_UID_\l_fonts杵pec_fontid_t1}
700   \cs_if_exist:cTF {g_fonts杵pec_ \l_fonts杵pec_family_t1 _prop}
701     \prg_return_false: \prg_return_true:
702 }

```

\fonts杵pec\_set\_scriptlang: Only necessary for OpenType fonts. First check if the font supports scripts, then apply defaults if none are explicitly requested. Similarly with the language settings.

```

703 \cs_new:Nn \fonts杵pec_set_scriptlang: {
704   \bool_if:NT \l_fonts杵pec_firstime_bool {
705     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fonts杵pec_script_name_t1 {
706       \fonts杵pec_check_script:nTF {latn}
707     }{
708       \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts杵pec_script_name_t1 {Latin}
709       \tl_if_empty:NT \l_fonts杵pec_lang_name_t1 {
710         \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts杵pec_lang_name_t1 {Default}
711       }
712       \keys_set:nx {fonts杵pec} {Script=\l_fonts杵pec_script_name_t1}
713       \keys_set:nx {fonts杵pec} {Language=\l_fonts杵pec_lang_name_t1}
714     }
715   }{
716     \fonts杵pec_info:n {no-scripts}
717   }
718 }
719 {
720   \tl_if_empty:NT \l_fonts杵pec_lang_name_t1 {
721     \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts杵pec_lang_name_t1 {Default}
722   }
723   \keys_set:nx {fonts杵pec} {Script=\l_fonts杵pec_script_name_t1}

```

```

724     \keys_set:nx {fontspec} {Language=\l_fontspec_lang_name_tl}
725   }
726 }
727 }
```

\fontspec\_save\_fontinfo:nn Saves the relevant font information for future processing.

```

728 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput:Nnn {cnV}
729 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput:Nnn {cnx}
730 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_save_fontinfo:nn {
731
732   \prop_new:c {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop}
733   \prop_gput:cnx {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {fontname} {#2}
734   \prop_gput:cnx {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {options} {\g_fontspec_default_fontopts}
735   \prop_gput:cnx {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {fontdef} {
736     \fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} :
737     \l_fontspec_pre_feat_sclist \l_fontspec_rawfeatures_sclist
738   }
739   \prop_gput:cnV {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {script-num} \l_fontspec_script_int
740   \prop_gput:cnV {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {lang-num} \l_fontspec_language_int
741   \prop_gput:cnV {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {script-tag} \l_fontspec_script_tl
742   \prop_gput:cnV {g_fontspec_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {lang-tag} \l_fontspec_lang_tl
743
744   \tl_gset:cx {zf@family@fontname\l_fontspec_family_tl} {#2}
745   \tl_gset:cx {zf@family@options\l_fontspec_family_tl} {\g_fontspec_default_fontopts_tl #1}
746   \tl_gset:cx {zf@family@fontdef\l_fontspec_family_tl} {
747     \fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} :
748     \l_fontspec_pre_feat_sclist \l_fontspec_rawfeatures_sclist
749   }
750   \tl_gset:cV {g_fontspec_script_num_(\l_fontspec_family_tl)_tl} \l_fontspec_script_int
751   \tl_gset:cV {g_fontspec_lang_num_(\l_fontspec_family_tl)_tl} \l_fontspec_language_int
752   \tl_gset_eq:cN {g_fontspec_script_(\l_fontspec_family_tl)_tl} \l_fontspec_script_tl
753   \tl_gset_eq:cN {g_fontspec_lang_(\l_fontspec_family_tl)_tl} \l_fontspec_lang_tl
754 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_upright: Sets the upright shape.

```

755 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_upright: {
756   \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
757   \mddefault \updefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_up_clist
758 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_bold: The macros [...], et al., are used to store the name of the custom bold, et al., font, if requested as user options. If they are empty, the default fonts are used.

The extra bold options defined with BoldFeatures are appended to the generic font features. Then, the bold font is defined either as the ATS default [...] optional argument is to check if there actually is one; if not, the bold NFSS series is left undefined) or with the font specified with the BoldFont feature.

```

759 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_bold: {
760   \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_nobf_bool {
761     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl {
762       \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl {/B}
763       \bfdefault \updefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bf_clist
764     }
```

```

764     }{
765     \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl
766         \bfdefault \updefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bf_clist
767     }
768 }
769 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_italic: And italic in the same way:

```

770 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_italic: {
771     \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_noit_bool {
772         \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl
773             { \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl{/I} }
774             { \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl }
775                 \mddefault \itdefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_it_clist
776     }
777 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_slanted: And slanted but only if requested:

```

778 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_slanted:
779 {
780     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_fontname_sl_tl
781     {
782         \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn
783             \l_fontspec_fontname_sl_tl \mddefault \sldefault
784             \l_fontspec_fontfeat_sl_clist
785     }
786 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_bold\_italic: If requested, the custom fonts take precedence when choosing the bold italic font. When both italic and bold fonts are requested and the bold italic font hasn't been explicitly specified (a rare occurrence, presumably), the new bold font is used to define the new bold italic font.

```

787 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_bold_italic: {
788     \bool_if:nF {\l_fontspec_noit_bool || \l_fontspec_nobf_bool} {
789         \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_bfit_tl
790         {
791             \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl
792             {
793                 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl
794                 {
795                     \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl{/BI}
796                 }
797                 {
798                     \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl{/B}
799                 }
800             }
801             {
802                 \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl{/I}
803             }
804         }
805     }
```

```

806     \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_bfit_tl
807 }
808 \bfdefault \itdefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist
809 }
810 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_bold\_slanted: And bold slanted, again, only if requested:

```

811 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_bold_slanted:
812 {
813     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_bfsl_tl
814     {
815         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_fontname_sl_tl {
816             \fontspec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_sl_tl {/B}
817             \bfdefault \sldefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfsl_clist
818         }
819     }{
820         \fontspec_make_font_shapes:nnnn \l_fontspec_fontname_bfsl_tl
821         \bfdefault \sldefault \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfsl_clist
822     }
823 }
```

### 25.5.1 Fonts

\fontspec\_set\_font\_type: Now check if the font is to be rendered with `atsui` or `icu`. This will either be automatic (based on the font type), or specified by the user via a font feature.

This macro sets booleans accordingly depending if the font in `\l_fontspec_font` is an AAT font or an OpenType font or a font with feature axes (either AAT or Multiple Master), respectively.

```

824 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_font_type:
825 (*xetexx)
826 {
827     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_tfm_bool
828     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_atsui_bool
829     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_icu_bool
830     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_mm_bool
831     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_graphite_bool
832     \ifcase\XeTeXfonttype\l_fontspec_font
833         \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_tfm_bool
834     \or
835         \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_atsui_bool
836         \ifnum\XeTeXcountvariations\l_fontspec_font > \c_zero
837             \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_mm_bool
838         \fi
839     \or
840         \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_icu_bool
841     \fi
```

If automatic, the `\l_fontspec_renderer_t1` token list will still be empty (other suffices that could be added will be later in the feature processing), and if it is indeed still empty, assign it a value so that the other weights of the font are specifically loaded with the same renderer.

```

842     \tl_if_empty:NT \l_fonts_spec_renderer_tl {
843         \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_spec_atsui_bool {
844             \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_renderer_tl{/AAT}
845         }{
846             \bool_if:NT \l_fonts_spec_icu_bool {
847                 \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_renderer_tl{/ICU}
848             }
849         }
850     }
851 }
852 </xetexx>
853 (*luatex)
854 {
855     \bool_set_true:N \l_fonts_spec_icu_bool
856 }
857 </luatex>

```

`\spec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn` #1 : Font name prefix (in the 5-arg case)  
#2 : Font name  
#3 : Font series  
#4 : Font shape  
#5 : Font features

This macro eventually uses `\DeclareFontShape` to define the font shape in question.

The optional first argument is used when making the font shapes for bold, italic, and bold italic fonts using X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X's auto-recognition with #2 as /B, /I, and /BI font name suffixes. If no such font is found, it falls back to the original font name, in which case this macro doesn't proceed and the font shape is not created for the NFSS.

Next, the small caps are defined. [...] is used to define the appropriate string for activating small caps in the font, if they exist. If we are defining small caps for the upright shape, then the small caps shape default is used. For an *italic* font, however, the shape parameter is overloaded and we must call italic small caps by their own identifier. See [Section 25.7 on page 108](#) for the code that enables this usage.

```

858 \cs_new:Nn \fonts_spec_make_auto_font_shapes:nnnnn
859 {
860     \bool_if:NF \l_fonts_spec_external_bool
861     {
862         \fonts_spec_font_set:Nnn \l_tmpa_font
863         { \fonts_spec_fullname:n {#1} } {\f@size pt}
864         \fonts_spec_font_set:Nnn \l_tmpb_font
865         { \fonts_spec_fullname:n {#1#2} } {\f@size pt}
866         \str_if_eq:xxTF { \fontname \l_tmpa_font } { \fontname \l_tmpb_font }
867         { \fonts_spec_info:nx {no-font-shape} {#1#2} }
868         { \fonts_spec_make_font_shapes:nnnn {#1#2}{#3}{#4}{#5} }
869     }
870 }
871 \cs_new:Nn \fonts_spec_make_font_shapes:nnnn {
872     \group_begin:
873     \tl_set:Nx \l_fonts_spec_fontname_tl {#1}

```

```

874 \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\fontspec_fullname:n {#1}} {\f@size pt}
875 \font_if_null:NT \l_fontspec_font { \fontspec_error:nx {font-not-found} {#1} }
876 \fontspec_declare_shape:nnn {#2}{#3}{#4}
877 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_fontname_sc_tl {
878     \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_nosc_bool {
879         \fontspec_make_smallcaps:T {
880             \fontspec_declare_shape:nnn {#2}
881             { \tl_if_eq:NNTF #3 \itdefault \sdefault \scdefault }
882             { #4 , Letters=SmallCaps, \l_fontspec_fontfeat_sc_clist }
883         }
884     }
885 }{
886     \fontspec_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_sc_tl}}
887     \tl_set:Nx \l_fontspec_fontname_tl {\l_fontspec_fontname_sc_tl}
888     \fontspec_declare_shape:nnn {#2}
889     { \tl_if_eq:NNTF #3 \itdefault \sdefault \scdefault }
890     { #4 , \l_fontspec_fontfeat_sc_clist }
891 }
892 \group_end:
893 }
```

Note that the test for italics to choose the `\sdefault` shape only works while `\fontspec_select:nn` passes single tokens to this macro...

```

\fontspec_declare_shape:nnn #1 : Raw appended font features
#2 : Font series
#3 : Font shape
#4 : Font features
    Wrapper for \DeclareFontShape.
894 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_declare_shape:nnn {
895     \clist_if_empty:NTF \l_fontspec_sizefeat_clist
896     {
897         \fontspec_get_features:n {#3}
898         \tl_set:Nx \l_fontspec_nfss_tl {
899             <-> \l_fontspec_scale_tl
900             \fontspec_fontwrap:n {
901                 \fontspec_fullname:n {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} :
902                 \l_fontspec_pre_feat_clist \l_fontspec_rawfeatures_clist
903             }
904         }
905     }
```

Default code, above, sets things up for no optical size fonts or features. On the other hand, loop through `SizeFeatures` arguments, which are of the form

`SizeFeatures={{<one>},{<two>},{<three>}}.`

```

906 {
907     \tl_clear:N \l_fontspec_nfss_tl
908     \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_fontspec_sizefeat_clist {
909
910         \tl_clear:N \l_fontspec_size_tl
911         \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_sizedfont_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
912 }
```

```

913   \keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-sizing} { \exp_after:wN \use:n ##1 }
914     \l_fontspec_keys_leftover_clist
915
916   \tl_if_empty:NT \l_fontspec_size_tl { \fontspec_error:n {no-size-info} }
917   \fontspec_get_features:n{ #3 , \l_fontspec_keys_leftover_clist }
918
919   \tl_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_nfss_tl {
920     <\l_fontspec_size_tl> \l_fontspec_scale_tl
921     \fontspec_fontwrap:n {
922       \fontspec_fullname:n { \l_fontspec_sizedfont_t1 }
923       : \l_fontspec_pre_feat_sclist \l_fontspec_rawfeatures_sclist
924     }
925   }
926
927 }
928 }
```

And finally the actual font shape declaration using `\l_fontspec_nfss_t1` defined above. `\l_fontspec_postadjust_t1` is defined in various places to deal with things like the hyphenation character and interword spacing.

```

929 \use:x{
930   \exp_not:N\DeclareFontShape{\g_fontspec_encoding_t1}{\l_fontspec_family_t1}{#1}{#2}
931     {\l_fontspec_nfss_t1}{\l_fontspec_postadjust_t1}
932 }
```

This extra stuff for the slanted shape substitution is a little bit awkward, but I'd rather have it here than break out yet another macro.

```

933 \bool_if:nT {
934   \str_if_eq_p:xx {#2} {\itdefault} &&
935   !(\str_if_eq_p:xx {\itdefault} {\sldefault})
936 }
937 {
938   \use:x {
939     \exp_not:N \DeclareFontShape {\g_fontspec_encoding_t1}{\l_fontspec_family_t1}{#1}{\sldefault}
940       {<->ssub*\l_fontspec_family_t1/#1/\itdefault}{\l_fontspec_postadjust_t1}
941   }
942 }
```

Lastly some informative messaging.

```

943 \tl_gput_right:Nx \l_fontspec_defined_shapes_tl
944   { \exp_not:n { \\ \\ } }
945   *~ '\exp_not:N \prg_case_str:nnn {#1/#2} {
946     {\mddefault/\updefault} {normal}
947     {\mddefault/\scdefault} {small~ caps}
948     {\bfdefault/\updefault} {bold}
949     {\bfdefault/\scdefault} {bold~ small~ caps}
950     {\mddefault/\itdefault} {italic}
951     {\mddefault/\sdefault} {italic~ small~ caps}
952     {\bfdefault/\itdefault} {bold~ italic}
953     {\bfdefault/\sdefault} {bold~ italic~ small~ caps}
954   } {#2/#3}'~
955   with~ NFSS~ spec.: \exp_not:N \\
```

```

956     \l_fonts_spec_nfss_tl
957     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fonts_spec_postadjust_tl {
958         \exp_not:N \\\ and~ font~ adjustment~ code: \exp_not:N \\ \l_fonts_spec_postadjust_tl
959     }
960 }
961 }
```

\l\_fonts\_spec\_pre\_feat\_sclist These are the features always applied to a font selection before other features.

```

962 \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_pre_feat_sclist
963 ⟨*xetex⟩
964 {
965     \bool_if:NT \l_fonts_spec_icu_bool {
966         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fonts_spec_script_tl
967         {
968             script = \l_fonts_spec_script_tl ;
969             language = \l_fonts_spec_lang_tl ;
970         }
971     }
972 }
973 ⟨/xetex⟩
974 ⟨*luatex⟩
975 {
976     mode = \l_fonts_spec_mode_tl ;
977     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fonts_spec_script_tl
978     {
979         script = \l_fonts_spec_script_tl ;
980         language = \l_fonts_spec_lang_tl ;
981     }
982 }
983 ⟨/luatex⟩
```

\fonts\_spec\_update\_fontid:n This macro is used to build up a complex family name based on its features.

The ⟨firsttime⟩ boolean is set true in \fonts\_spec\_select:nn only the first time \fonts\_spec\_update\_featstr:n is called, so that the family name is only created once.

```

984 \cs_new:Nn \fonts_spec_update_fontid:n {
985     \bool_if:NT \l_fonts_spec_firsttime_bool {
986         \tl_gput_right:Nx \l_fonts_spec_fontid_tl {#1}
987     }
988 }
```

### 25.5.2 Features

\fonts\_spec\_get\_features:n This macro is a wrapper for \keys\_set:nn which expands and adds a default specification to the original passed options. It begins by initialising the commands used to hold font-feature specific strings. Its argument is any additional features to prepend to the default.

```

989 \cs_set:Npn \fonts_spec_get_features:n #1 {
990     \sclist_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_rawfeatures_sclist
991     \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_scale_tl
992     \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fonts_spec_opacity_tl \g_fonts_spec_opacity_tl
```

```

993 \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fonts_spec_hexcol_tl \g_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1
994 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_postadjust_tl
995 \keys_set:nx {fontspec} {\l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_clist, #1}

1000 }
```

Finish the colour specification. Do not set the colour if not explicitly spec'd else \color (using specials) will not work.

```

1001 }

1002 \str_if_eq:xxF { \l_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1 \l_fonts_spec_opacity_t1 }
1003 { \g_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1 \g_fonts_spec_opacity_t1 }
1004 {
1005   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{color=\l_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1\l_fonts_spec_opacity_t1}
1006 }
1007 }
```

\fontspec\_init: Initialisations that either need to occur globally: (all setting of these variables is done locally inside a group)

```

1008 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_bf_t1
1009 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_it_t1
1010 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fake_slant_t1
1011 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fake_embolden_t1
1012 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_bfit_t1
1013 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_sl_t1
1014 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_bfs1_t1
1015 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontname_sc_t1
1016 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_up_clist
1017 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_bf_clist
1018 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_it_clist
1019 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_bfit_clist
1020 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_sl_clist
1021 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_bfs1_clist
1022 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_sc_clist
1023 \tl_new:N \g_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1
1024 \tl_set:Nn \g_fonts_spec_hexcol_t1 {000000}
1025 \tl_set:Nn \g_fonts_spec_opacity_t1 {FF^}
```

Or once per fontspec font invocation: (Some of these may be redundant. Check whether they're assigned to globally or not.)

```

1026 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_init: {
1027   \bool_set_false:N \l_fonts_spec_icu_bool
1028   \bool_set_true:N \l_fonts_spec_firsttime_bool
1029   \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_namewrap:n ##1
1030   \xetexx { ##1 }
1031   \luatex { name:#1 }
1032   \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_optical_size_t1
1033   \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_renderer_t1
1034   \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_defined_shapes_t1
1035 }
```

```

1036 \tl_set:Nn \l_fontsode_tl {node}
1037 \luatexprehyphenchar = '\- % fixme
1038 \luatexposthyphenchar = 0 % fixme
1039 \luatexpreexhyphenchar = 0 % fixme
1040 \luatexpostexhyphenchar = 0 % fixme
1041 
```

1042 }

\fontspec\_make\_smallcaps:T This macro checks if the font contains small caps.

```

1043 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_make_ot_smallcaps:T {
1044   \fontspec_check_ot_feat:nT {+smcp} { #1 }
1045 }
1046 
```

1047 \cs\_set:Nn \fontspec\_make\_smallcaps:T

1048 {

1049 \bool\_if:NTF \l\_fontsode\_icu\_bool {

1050 \fontspec\_make\_ot\_smallcaps:T {#1}

1051 }{

1052 \bool\_if:NT \l\_fontsode\_atsui\_bool {

1053 \fontspec\_make\_AAT\_feature\_string:nnt {3}{3} { #1 }

1054 }

1055 }

1056 }

1057

1058

1059 \cs\_set\_eq:NN \fontspec\_make\_smallcaps:T \fontspec\_make\_ot\_smallcaps:T

1060

\scclist\_put\_right:Nn I'm hardly going to write an 'scclist' module but a couple of functions are useful. Here, items in semi-colon lists are always followed by a semi-colon (as opposed to the s.-c's being placed between elements) so we can append sclists without worrying about it.

```

1061 \cs_set_eq:NN \scclist_clear:N \tl_clear:N
1062 \cs_new:Nn \scclist_gput_right:Nn {
1063   \tl_gput_right:Nn #1 {#2;}
1064 }
1065 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \scclist_gput_right:Nn {Nx}

```

\fontspec\_update\_featstr:n \l\_fontsode\_rawfeatures\_scclist is the string used to define the list of specific font features. Each time another font feature is requested, this macro is used to add that feature to the list. Font features are separated by semicolons.

```

1066 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_update_featstr:n {
1067   \bool_if:NF \l_fontsode_firertime_bool {
1068     \scclist_gput_right:Nx \l_fontsode_rawfeatures_scclist {#1}
1069   }
1070 }

```

\fontspec\_make\_feature:nnn This macro is called by each feature key selected, and runs according to which type of font is selected.

```

1071 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_make_feature:nnn
1072 
```

```

1073  {
1074      \bool_if:NTF \l_fonts_spec_icu_bool {
1075          \fontspec_make_ICU_feature:n {#3}
1076      }{
1077          \bool_if:NT \l_fonts_spec_atsui_bool {
1078              \fontspec_make_AAT_feature:nn {#1}{#2}
1079          }
1080      }
1081  }
1082 ⟨/xetexx⟩
1083 ⟨*luatex⟩
1084  {
1085      \fontspec_make_ICU_feature:n {#3}
1086  }
1087 ⟨/luatex⟩
1088 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \fontspec_make_feature:nnn {nnx}
1089 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_make_AAT_feature:nn {
1090     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
1091     { \fontspec_warning:n {aat-feature-not-exist} }
1092     {
1093         \fontspec_make_AAT_feature_string:nnTF {#1}{#2}
1094         {
1095             \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+#1,#2}
1096             \fontspec_update_featstr:n {\l_fonts_spec_feature_string_tl}
1097         }
1098         { \fontspec_warning:nx {aat-feature-not-exist-in-font} {#1,#2} }
1099     }
1100 }
1101 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_make_ICU_feature:n {
1102     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
1103     { \fontspec_warning:n {icu-feature-not-exist} }
1104     {
1105         \fontspec_check_ot_feat:nTF {#1}
1106         {
1107             \fontspec_update_fontid:n {#1}
1108             \fontspec_update_featstr:n{#1}
1109         }
1110         { \fontspec_warning:nx {icu-feature-not-exist-in-font} {#1} }
1111     }
1112 }
1113 \cs_new_protected:Nn \fontspec_make_numbered_feature:nn
1114  {
1115      \fontspec_check_ot_feat:nTF {#1}
1116      {
1117          \fontspec_update_fontid:n {#1=#2}
1118      ⟨xetexx⟩          \fontspec_update_featstr:n { #1 = #2 }
1119      ⟨luatex⟩          \fontspec_update_featstr:n { #1 = \int_eval:n {#2+1} }
1120      }
1121      { \fontspec_warning:nx {icu-feature-not-exist-in-font} {#1} }
1122  }
1123 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \fontspec_make_numbered_feature:nn {xn}

```

```

fontspec_define_font_feature:n These macros are used in order to simplify font feature definition later on.
\cs_new:Nn \fontspec_define_font_feature:n {
  \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { #1 .multichoice: }
}
\cs_new:Nn \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn {
  \keys_define:nn {fontspec} {
    #1/#2 .code:n = { \fontspec_make_feature:nnn{#3}{#4}{#5} }
  }
}
\cs_new:Nn \fontspec_define_numbered_feat:nnnn {
  \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
  {
    #1/#2 .code:n =
    { \fontspec_make_numbered_feature:nn {#3}{#4} }
  }
}

```

`\fontspec_make_AAT_feature_string:nTF` This macro takes the numerical codes for a font feature and creates a specified macro containing the string required in the font definition to turn that feature on or off. Used primarily in [...], but also used to check if small caps exists in the requested font (see page 80).

For exclusive selectors, it's easy; just grab the string; For *non*-exclusive selectors, it's a little more complex. If the selector is even, it corresponds to switching the feature on. If the selector is *odd*, it corresponds to switching the feature off. But X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X doesn't return a selector string for this number, since the feature is defined for the 'switching on' value. So we need to check the selector of the previous number, and then prefix the feature string with ! to denote the switch.

Finally, save out the complete feature string in `\l_fontspec_feature_string_tl`.

```

\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_make_AAT_feature_string:nn {TF,T,F} {
  \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \XeTeXfeaturename \l_fontspec_font #1 }
  \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl
  { \prg_return_false: }
  {
    \int_compare:nTF { \XeTeXisexclusivefeature\l_fontspec_font #1 > 0 }
    {
      \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl { \XeTeXselectorname\l_fontspec_font #1\space #2 }
    }
    \int_if_even:nTF {#2}
    {
      \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl { \XeTeXselectorname\l_fontspec_font #1\space #2 }
    }
    \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl {
      \XeTeXselectorname\l_fontspec_font #1\space \numexpr#2-1\relax
    }
    \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpb_tl { \tl_put_left:Nn \l_tmpb_tl {!} }
  }
  \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpb_tl
  { \prg_return_false: }
}

```

```

1161     {
1162         \tl_set:Nx \l_fontsfeature_string_tl { \l_tmpa_tl = \l_tmpb_tl }
1163         \prg_return_true:
1164     }
1165 }
1166 }
```

\fontspec\_iv\_str\_to\_num:Nn This macro takes a four character string and converts it to the numerical representation required for Xe<sup>T</sup>E<sub>X</sub> OpenType script/language/feature purposes. The output is stored in \l\_fontsfeature\_strnum\_int.

The reason it's ugly is because the input can be of the form of any of these: 'abcd', 'abc', 'abc ', 'ab ', etc. (It is assumed the first two chars are *always* not spaces.) So this macro reads in the string, delimited by a space; this input is padded with \@emptys and anything beyond four chars is snipped. The \@emptys then are used to reconstruct the spaces in the string to number calculation.

The variant \fontspec\_v\_str\_to\_num:n is used when looking at features, which are passed around with prepended plus and minus signs (e.g., +liga, -dlig); it simply strips off the first char of the input before calling the normal \fontspec\_iv\_str\_to\_num:n.

```

1167 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn #1#2 {
1168     \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:w #1 \q_nil #2 \c_empty_tl \c_empty_tl \q_nil
1169 }
1170 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:w #1 \q_nil #2#3#4#5#6 \q_nil {
1171     \int_set:Nn #1 {
1172         '#2 * "1000000
1173         + '#3 * "10000
1174         + \ifx \c_empty_tl #4 32 \else '#4 \fi * "100
1175         + \ifx \c_empty_tl #5 32 \else '#5 \fi
1176     }
1177 }
1178 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn {No}
1179 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_v_str_to_num:Nn #1#2 {
1180     \bool_if:nTF
1181     {
1182         \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:nN {#2} {+} ||
1183         \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:nN {#2} {-}
1184     }
1185     { \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:No #1 { \use_none:n #2 } }
1186     { \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn #1 {#2} }
1187 }
```

\fontspec\_check\_script:nTF This macro takes an OpenType script tag and checks if it exists in the current font. The output boolean is \@tempswattrue. \l\_fontsfeature\_strnum\_int is used to store the number corresponding to the script tag string.

```

1188 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_check_script:n {TF}
1189 (*xetexx)
1190 {
1191     \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_fontsfeature_strnum_int {#1}
1192     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int { \XeTeXOTcountsscripts\l_fontsfeature_font }
1193     \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
```

```

1194     \atempswafalse
1195     \bool_until_do:nNn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1196     {
1197         \ifnum \XeTeXOTscripttag\l_fonts_spec_font \l_tmpa_int = \l_fonts_spec_strnum_int
1198             \atempswatrue
1199             \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1200         \else
1201             \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
1202         \fi
1203     }
1204     \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1205 }
1206 </xetexx>
1207 <*luatex>
1208 {
1209     \directlua{fontspec.check_ot_script("l_fonts_spec_font", "#1")}
1210     \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1211 }
1212 </luatex>

```

\fontspec\_check\_lang:nTF This macro takes an OpenType language tag and checks if it exists in the current font/script. The output boolean is \atempswatrue. \l\_fonts\_spec\_strnum\_int is used to store the number corresponding to the language tag string. The script used is whatever's held in \l\_fonts\_spec\_script\_int. By default, that's the number corresponding to 'latn'.

```

1213 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_check_lang:n {TF}
1214 <*xetexx>
1215 {
1216     \fontspec_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_fonts_spec_strnum_int {#1}
1217     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int {
1218         \XeTeXOTcountlanguages \l_fonts_spec_font \l_fonts_spec_script_int
1219     }
1220     \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
1221     \atempswafalse
1222     \bool_until_do:nNn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1223     {
1224         \ifnum \XeTeXOTlanguagetag\l_fonts_spec_font\l_fonts_spec_script_int \l_tmpa_int = \l_fonts_spec_strnum_int
1225             \atempswatrue
1226             \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1227         \else
1228             \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
1229         \fi
1230     }
1231     \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1232 }
1233 </xetexx>
1234 <*luatex>
1235 {
1236     \directlua{
1237         fontspec.check_ot_lang( "l_fonts_spec_font", "#1", "\l_fonts_spec_script_tl" )
1238     }

```

```

1239      \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1240    }
1241 \langle /lualatex\rangle

\fontspec_check_ot_feat:nTF \fontspec_check_ot_feat:nT This macro takes an OpenType feature tag and checks if it exists in the current font/script/language. The output boolean is \@tempswa. \l_fontspec_strnum_int is used to store the number corresponding to the feature tag string. The script used is whatever's held in \l_fontspec_script_int. By default, that's the number corresponding to 'latn'. The language used is \l_fontspec_language_int, by default 0, the 'default language'.
1242 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_check_ot_feat:n {TF,T}
1243 \langle *xetexx\rangle
1244   {
1245     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int {
1246       \XeTeXOTcountfeatures \l_fontspec_font
1247           \l_fontspec_script_int
1248           \l_fontspec_language_int
1249     }
1250     \fontspec_v_str_to_num:Nn \l_fontspec_strnum_int {#1}
1251     \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
1252     \@tempswafalse
1253     \bool_until_do:nn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1254   {
1255     \ifnum\XeTeXOTfeaturetag\l_fontspec_font\l_fontspec_script_int\l_fontspec_language_int
1256       \l_tmpa_int =\l_fontspec_strnum_int
1257     \@tempswatrue
1258       \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1259     \else
1260       \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
1261     \fi
1262   }
1263   \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1264 }
1265 \langle /xetexx\rangle
1266 \langle *lualatex\rangle
1267 {
1268   \directlua{
1269     fontspec.check_ot_feat(
1270       "l_fontspec_font", "#1",
1271       "\l_fontspec_lang_tl", "\l_fontspec_script_tl"
1272     )
1273   }
1274   \if@tempswa \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1275 }
1276 \langle /lualatex\rangle

```

## 25.6 keyval definitions

This is the tedious section where we correlate all possible (eventually) font feature requests with their X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X representations.

### 25.6.1 Pre-parsing naming information

These features are extracted from the font feature list before all others.

`ExternalLocation` For fonts that aren't installed in the system. If no argument is given, the font is located with `kpswhich`; it's either in the current directory or the `TeX` tree. Otherwise, the argument given defines the file path of the font.

```
1277 \bool_new:N \l_fonts_spec_external_bool
1278 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {
1279   ExternalLocation .code:n = {
1280     \bool_set_true:N \l_fonts_spec_nobf_bool
1281     \bool_set_true:N \l_fonts_spec_noit_bool
1282     \bool_set_true:N \l_fonts_spec_external_bool
1283     \cs_gset:Npn \fontspec_namewrap:n ##1
1284     \xetexx { [ #1 ##1 ] }
1285     \luatex { file: #1 ##1 }
1286   }
1287   \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse} {Renderer=ICU}
1288 
```

```
1289 }
1290 }
1291 \aliasfontfeature{ExternalLocation}{Path}
```

`Extension` For fonts that aren't installed in the system. Specifies the font extension to use.

```
1292 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {
1293   Extension .code:n = {
1294     \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_extension_tl {#1}
1295     \bool_if:NF \l_fonts_spec_external_bool {
1296       \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {ExternalLocation}
1297     }
1298   }
1299 }
1300 \tl_clear:N \l_fonts_spec_extension_tl
```

### 25.6.2 Pre-parsed features

After the font name(s) have been sorted out, now need to extract any renderer/font configuration features that need to be processed before all other font features.

`Renderer` This feature must be processed before all others (the other font shape and features options are also pre-parsed for convenience) because the renderer determines the format of the features and even whether certain features are available.

```
1301 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} {
1302   Renderer .choice_code:n = {
1303     \fontspec_update_fontid:n [+rend:\l_keys_choice_tl]
1304     \int_compare:nTF {\l_keys_choice_int < 3} {
1305   }
```

```

1306      \tl_set:Nv \l_fonts_spec_renderer_tl
1307          { g_fonts_spec_renderer_tag_ \l_keys_choice_tl }
1308 </xetexx>
1309 (*luatex)
1310     \fontspec_warning:nx {only-xetex-feature} {Renderer=AAT/ICU/Graphite}
1311 </luatex>
1312     }{
1313 (*xetexx)
1314     \fontspec_warning:nx {only-luatex-feature} {Renderer=Full/Basic}
1315 </xetexx>
1316 (*luatex)
1317     \tl_set:Nv \l_fonts_spec_mode_tl
1318         { g_fonts_spec_mode_tag_ \l_keys_choice_tl }
1319 </luatex>
1320     }
1321 }
1322 ,
1323 Renderer .generate_choices:n = {AAT,ICU,Graphite,Full,Basic}
1324 }
1325 \tl_set:cn {g_fonts_spec_renderer_tag_AAT} {/AAT}
1326 \tl_set:cn {g_fonts_spec_renderer_tag_ICU} {/ICU}
1327 \tl_set:cn {g_fonts_spec_renderer_tag_Graphite} {/GR}
1328 \tl_set:cn {g_fonts_spec_mode_tag_Full} {node}
1329 \tl_set:cn {g_fonts_spec_mode_tag_Basic} {base}

```

**OpenType script/language** See later for the resolutions from fontspec features to OpenType definitions.

```

1330 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { Script .code:n = {
1331 <xetexx> \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse} {Renderer=ICU}
1332 \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_script_name_tl {\#1}
1333 \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+script:\#1}
1334 }
1335 }

```

Exactly the same:

```

1336 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { Language .code:n = {
1337 <xetexx> \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse} {Renderer=ICU}
1338 \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_lang_name_tl {\#1}
1339 \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+language:\#1}
1340 }
1341 }

```

### 25.6.3 Bold/italic choosing options

The Bold, Italic, and BoldItalic features are for defining explicitly the bold and italic fonts used in a font family.

**Fonts Upright:**

```

1342 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { UprightFont .code:n = {
1343 \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fonts_spec_fontname_up_tl {\#1}
1344 \fontspec_update_fontid:n {up:\#1}

```

```
1345 }
1346 }
```

**Bold:**

```
1347 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { BoldFont .code:n = {
1348   \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
1349   {
1350     \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_nobf_bool
1351     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {nobf}
1352   }
1353   {
1354     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_nobf_bool
1355     \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl {#1}
1356     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bf:#1}
1357   }
1358 }
1359 }
```

**Same for italic:**

```
1360 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { ItalicFont .code:n = {
1361   \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
1362   {
1363     \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_noit_bool
1364     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {noit}
1365   }
1366   \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_noit_bool
1367   \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl {#1}
1368   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {it:#1}
1369 }
1370 }
1371 }
```

**Simpler for bold+italic & slanted:**

```
1372 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { BoldItalicFont .code:n = {
1373   \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_bfit_tl {#1}
1374   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bfit:#1}
1375 }
1376 }
1377 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external}
1378 {
1379   SlantedFont .code:n =
1380   {
1381     \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_sl_tl {#1}
1382     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {sl:#1}
1383   }
1384 }
1385 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} { BoldSlantedFont .code:n = {
1386   \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_bfsl_tl {#1}
1387   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bfsl:#1}
1388 }
1389 }
```

Small caps isn't pre-parsed because it can vary with others above:

```

1390 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { SmallCapsFont .code:n = {
1391   \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
1392   {
1393     \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_nosc_bool
1394     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {nosc}
1395   }{
1396     \bool_set_true:N \l_fontspec_nosc_bool
1397     \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_sc_t1 {#1}
1398     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {sc:#1}
1399   }
1400 }
1401 }
```

\fontspec\_complete\_fontname:Nn This macro defines #1 as the input with any \* tokens of its input replaced by the font name. This lets us define supplementary fonts in full (“Baskerville Semibold”) or in abbreviation (“\* Semibold”).

```

1402 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn #1#2 {
1403   \tl_set:Nn #1 {#2}
1404   \tl_replace_all:Nnx #1 {*} {\l_fontspec_fontname_t1}
1405 \luatex \tl_remove_all:Nn #1 {~}
1406 }
1407 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_replace_all:Nnn {Nnx}
```

**Features** Can’t use \clist\_set:Nn below, yet, because it would strip the leading comma and we use that implicitly to concatenate options.

```

1408 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { UprightFeatures .code:n = {
1409   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_up_clist {, #1}
1410   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {rmfeat:#1}
1411 }
1412 }
1413 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { BoldFeatures .code:n = {
1414   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bf_clist {, #1}
1415   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bffeat:#1}
1416 }
1417 }
1418 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { ItalicFeatures .code:n = {
1419   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_it_clist {, #1}
1420   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {itfeat:#1}
1421 }
1422 }
1423 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { BoldItalicFeatures .code:n = {
1424   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist {, #1}
1425   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bfitfeat:#1}
1426 }
1427 }
1428 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { SlantedFeatures .code:n = {
1429   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_sl_clist {, #1}
1430   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {slfeat:#1}
1431 }
1432 }
1433 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { BoldSlantedFeatures .code:n = {
```

```

1434 \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_bfsl_clist {, #1}
1435 \fontspec_update_fontid:n {bfslfeat:#1}
1436 }
1437 }

Note that small caps features can vary by shape, so these in fact aren't pre-parsed.

1438 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { SmallCapsFeatures .code:n = {
1439   \bool_if:NF \l_fonts_spec_firsttime_bool {
1440     \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_fontfeat_sc_clist {, #1}
1441   }
1442   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {scfeat:#1}
1443 }
1444 }

paragraphFeatures varying by size TODO: sizezfeatures and italicfont (etc)
don't play nice

1445 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-preparse} { SizeFeatures .code:n = {
1446   \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_sizefeat_clist {#1}
1447   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {sizefeat:#1}
1448 }
1449 }

1450 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-sizing}
1451 {
1452   Size .code:n =
1453   {
1454     \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_size_t1 {#1}
1455   }
1456 }
1457 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-sizing}
1458 {
1459   Font .code:n =
1460   {
1461     \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn \l_fonts_spec_sizedfont_t1 {#1}
1462   }
1463 }

```

#### 25.6.4 Font-independent features

These features can be applied to any font.

**Scale** If the input isn't one of the pre-defined string options, then it's gotta be numerical. \fontspec\_calc\_scale:n does all the work in the auto-scaling cases.

```

1464 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { Scale .code:n = {
1465   \prg_case_str:nnn {#1}
1466   {
1467     {MatchLowercase} { \fontspec_calc_scale:n {5} }
1468     {MatchUppercase} { \fontspec_calc_scale:n {8} }
1469   }
1470   { \tl_set:Nx \l_fonts_spec_scale_t1 {#1} }
1471   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+scale:\l_fonts_spec_scale_t1}
1472   \tl_set:Nx \l_fonts_spec_scale_t1 { s*[\l_fonts_spec_scale_t1] }

```

```
1473 }
1474 }
```

\fontspec\_calc\_scale:n This macro calculates the amount of scaling between the default roman font and the (default shape of) the font being selected such that the font dimension that is input is equal for both. The only font dimensions that justify this are 5 (lowercase height) and 8 (uppercase height in X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>X</sub>).

This script is executed for every extra shape, which seems wasteful, but allows alternate italic shapes from a separate font, say, to be loaded and to be auto-scaled correctly. Even if this would be ugly.

```
1475 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_calc_scale:n {
1476   \group_begin:
1477     \rmfamily
1478     \fontspec_set_font_dimen:NnN \l_fontspec_tmpa_dim {#1} \font
1479     \fontspec_set_font_dimen:NnN \l_fontspec_tmpb_dim {#1} \l_fontspec_font
1480     \fp_set_from_dim:Nn \l_fontspec_tmpa_fp { \l_fontspec_tmpa_dim }
1481     \fp_set_from_dim:Nn \l_fontspec_tmpb_fp { \l_fontspec_tmpb_dim }
1482     \fp_div:Nn \l_fontspec_tmpa_fp { \l_fontspec_tmpb_fp }
1483     \tl_gset:Nx \l_fontspec_scale_tl { \fp_use:N \l_fontspec_tmpa_fp }
1484     \fontspec_info:n {set-scale}
1485   \group_end:
1486 }
```

\fontspec\_set\_font\_dimen:NnN This function sets the dimension #1 (for font #3) to ‘fontdimen’ #2 for either font dimension 5 (x-height) or 8 (cap-height). If, for some reason, these return an incorrect ‘zero’ value (as \fontdimen8 might for a .tfm font), then we cheat and measure the height of a glyph. We assume in this case that the font contains either an ‘X’ or an ‘x’.

```
1487 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_font_dimen:NnN
1488 {
1489   \dim_set:Nn #1 { \fontdimen #2 #3 }
1490   \dim_compare:nNnT #1 = {0pt} {
1491     \settoheight #1 {
1492       \str_if_eq:nnTF {#3} {\font} \rmfamily #3
1493       \prg_case_int:nnn #2 {
1494         {5} {x} % x-height
1495         {8} {X} % cap-height
1496       } {?} % "else" clause; never reached.
1497     }
1498   }
1499 }
```

**Inter-word space** These options set the relevant \fontdimens for the font being loaded.

```
1500 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { WordSpace .code:n = {
1501   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+wordspace:#1}
1502   \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool {
1503     \fontspec_parse_wordspace:w #1,,, \q_stop
1504   }
1505 }
```

```
1506 }
```

\\_fontspec\\_parse\\_wordspace:w This macro determines if the input to WordSpace is of the form {X} or {X,Y,Z} and executes the font scaling. If the former input, it executes {X,X,X}.

```
1507 \cs_set:Npn \_fontspec_parse_wordspace:w #1,#2,#3,#4 \q_stop {
1508   \tl_if_empty:nTF {#4}
1509   {
1510     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl {
1511       \fontdimen 2 \font = #1 \fontdimen 2 \font
1512       \fontdimen 3 \font = #1 \fontdimen 3 \font
1513       \fontdimen 4 \font = #1 \fontdimen 4 \font
1514     }
1515   }{
1516     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl {
1517       \fontdimen 2 \font = #1 \fontdimen 2 \font
1518       \fontdimen 3 \font = #2 \fontdimen 3 \font
1519       \fontdimen 4 \font = #3 \fontdimen 4 \font
1520     }
1521   }
1522 }
```

**Punctuation space** Scaling factor for the nominal \fontdimen#7.

```
1523 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1524 {
1525   PunctuationSpace .code:n =
1526   {
1527     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+punctspace:#1}
1528     \tl_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl
1529     { \fontdimen 7 \font = #1 \fontdimen 7 \font }
1530   }
1531 }
```

**Secret hook into the font-adjustment code**

```
1532 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { FontAdjustment .code:n = {
1533   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+fontadjust:\detokenize{#1}}
1534   \tl_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl {#1}
1535 }
1536 }
```

**Letterspacing**

```
1537 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { LetterSpace .code:n = {
1538   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+tracking:#1}
1539   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{letterspace=#1}
1540 }
1541 }
```

**Hyphenation character** This feature takes one of three arguments: ‘None’, *{glyph}*, or *{slot}*. If the input isn’t the first, and it’s one character, then it’s the second; otherwise, it’s the third.

```

1542 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { HyphenChar .code:n = {
1543   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+hyphenchar:#1}
1544   \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {None}
1545   {
1546     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl
1547     { \hyphenchar \font = \c_minus_one }
1548   }
1549   {
1550     \tl_if_single:nTF {#1}
1551     { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl {'#1} }
1552     { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl { #1 } }
1553     \font_glyph_if_exist:NnTF \l_fontspec_font {\l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl}
1554     {
1555       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_postadjust_tl
1556     {*xetexx}
1557       { \hyphenchar \font = \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl \scan_stop: }
1558   
```

1559 <\*luatex>

1560 {

1561 \hyphenchar \font = \c\_zero

1562 \luatexprehyphenchar = \l\_fontspec\_hyphenchar\_tl \scan\_stop:

1563 }

1564 </luatex>

1565 }

1566 { \fontspec\_error:nx {no-glyph}{#1} }

1567 }

1568 }

1569 }

**Color** Hooks into `pkgxcolor`, which names its colours `\color@<name>`.

```

1570 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { Color .code:n = {
1571   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+col:#1}
1572   \cs_if_exist:cTF { \token_to_str:N \color@ #1 }
1573   {
1574     \convertcolorspec{named}{#1}{HTML}\l_fontspec_hexcol_tl
1575   }
1576   {
1577     \int_compare:nTF { \tl_length:n {#1} == 6 }
1578     { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hexcol_tl {#1} }
1579     {
1580       \int_compare:nTF { \tl_length:n {#1} == 8 }
1581       { \fontspec_parse_colour:viii #1 }
1582       {
1583         \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_firstrue_bool {
1584           \fontspec_warning:nx {bad-colour} {#1}
1585         }
1586       }
1587     }
1588   }
1589 }
```

```

1591 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_parse_colour:viii #1#2#3#4#5#6#7#8 {
1592   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hexcol_tl {#1#2#3#4#5#6}
1593   \tl_if_eq:NNF \l_fontspec_opacity_tl \g_fontspec_opacity_tl
1594   {
1595     \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool {
1596       \fontspec_warning:nx {opa-twice-col} {#7#8}
1597     }
1598   }
1599   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_opacity_tl {#7#8}
1600 }
1601 \aliasfontfeature{Color}{Colour}

1602 \int_new:N \l_fontspec_tmp_int
1603 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { Opacity .code:n = {
1604   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+opac:#1}
1605   \int_set:Nn \l_fontspec_tmp_int {255}
1606   \int_mult_truncate:Nn \l_fontspec_tmp_int { #1 }
1607   \tl_if_eq:NNF \l_fontspec_opacity_tl \g_fontspec_opacity_tl
1608   {
1609     \bool_if:NF \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool {
1610       \fontspec_warning:nx {opa-twice} {#1}
1611     }
1612   }
1613   \tl_set:Nx \l_fontspec_opacity_tl
1614   {
1615     \int_compare:nT { \l_fontspec_tmp_int <= "F } {0} % zero pad
1616     \int_to_hexadecimal:n { \l_fontspec_tmp_int }
1617   }
1618 }
1619 }

```

## Mapping

```

1620 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1621 ⟨*xetexx⟩
1622 {
1623   Mapping .code:n = {
1624     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+map:#1}
1625     \fontspec_update_featstr:n{mapping=#1}
1626   }
1627 }
1628 ⟨/xetexx⟩
1629 ⟨*luatex⟩
1630 {
1631   Mapping .code:n = {
1632     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {tex-text} {
1633       \fontspec_warning:n {no-mapping-ligtex}
1634       \msg_redirect_name:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping-ligtex} {none}
1635       \keys_set:nn {fontspec} { Ligatures=TeX }
1636     }{
1637       \fontspec_warning:n {no-mapping}
1638     }
1639   }

```

```

1640 }
1641 </luatex>

```

### FeatureFile

```

1642 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { FeatureFile .code:n = {
1643   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+fea:#1}
1644   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{featurefile=#1}
1645 }
1646 }

```

### 25.6.5 Continuous font axes

```

1647 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { Weight .code:n = {
1648   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+weight:#1}
1649   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{weight=#1}
1650 }
1651 }
1652 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { Width .code:n = {
1653   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+width:#1}
1654   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{width=#1}
1655 }
1656 }
1657 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { OpticalSize .code:n =
1658 <*xetexx>
1659 {
1660   \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
1661     \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_optical_size_tl {/ S = #1}
1662     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+size:#1}
1663   }{
1664     \bool_if:NT \l_fontspec_mm_bool {
1665       \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+size:#1}
1666       \fontspec_update_featstr:n{optical size=#1}
1667     }
1668   }
1669   \bool_if:nT { !\l_fontspec_icu_bool && !\l_fontspec_mm_bool }{
1670     \bool_if:NT \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool {
1671       \fontspec_warning:n {no-opticals}
1672     }
1673   }
1674 }
1675 </xetexx>
1676 <*luatex>
1677 {
1678   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_optical_size_tl {/ S = #1}
1679   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+size:#1}
1680 }
1681 </luatex>
1682 }

```

### 25.6.6 Font transformations

These are to be specified to apply directly to a font shape:

```

1683 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { FakeSlant .code:n = {
1684   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+slant:#1}
1685   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{slant=#1}
1686 },
1687   FakeSlant .default:n = {0.2}
1688 }
1689 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { FakeStretch .code:n = {
1690   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+extend:#1}
1691   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{extend=#1}
1692 },
1693   FakeStretch .default:n = {1.2}
1694 }
1695 (*xetexx)
1696 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { FakeBold .code:n = {
1697   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+embolden:#1}
1698   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{embolden=#1}
1699 },
1700   FakeBold .default:n = {1.5}
1701 }
1702 (/xetexx)
1703 (*luatex)
1704 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1705 {
1706   FakeBold .code:n = { \fontspec_warning:n {fakebold-only-xetex} }
1707 }
1708 (/luatex)

```

These are to be given to a shape that has no real bold/italic to signal that fontspec should automatically create ‘fake’ shapes.

The behaviour is currently that only if both AutoFakeSlant *and* AutoFakeBold are specified, the bold italic is also faked.

These features presently *override* real shapes found in the font; in the future I’d like these features to be ignored in this case, instead. (This is just a bit harder to program in the current design of fontspec.)

```

1709 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { AutoFakeSlant .code:n = {
1710   \bool_if:NT \l_fontspec_firsttime_bool {
1711
1712     \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fake_slant_tl {#1}
1713     \clist_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_it_clist {FakeSlant=#1}
1714     \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_it_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
1715     \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_noit_bool
1716
1717     \fontspec_update_fontid:n {fakeit:#1}
1718
1719     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_fake_embolden_tl
1720     {
1721       \clist_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist
1722         {FakeBold=\l_fontspec_fake_embolden_tl}
1723       \clist_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist {FakeSlant=#1}
1724       \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_bfit_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
1725     }

```

```

1726 }
1727 },
1728 AutoFakeSlant .default:n = {0.2}
1729 }

```

Same but reversed:

```

1730 \keys_define:nn {fontspec} { AutoFakeBold .code:n = {
1731   \bool_if:NT \l_fontspec_firstime_bool {
1732
1733   \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_fake_embolden_tl {\#1}
1734   \clist_put_right:Nn \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bf_clist {FakeBold=\#1}
1735   \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_bf_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
1736   \bool_set_false:N \l_fontspec_nobf_bool
1737
1738   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {fakebf:\#1}
1739
1740   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_fake_slant_tl {
1741     \clist_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist
1742       {FakeSlant=\l_fontspec_fake_slant_tl}
1743     \clist_put_right:Nx \l_fontspec_fontfeat_bfit_clist {FakeBold=\#1}
1744     \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_bfit_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
1745   }
1746 }
1747 },
1748 AutoFakeBold .default:n = {1.5}
1749 }

```

### 25.6.7 Ligatures

The call to the nested keyval family must be wrapped in braces to hide the parent list (this later requires the use of global definitions (\xdef) in [...]). Both AAT and OpenType names are offered to chose Rare/Discretionary ligatures.

```

1750 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Ligatures}
1751 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Required}      {1}{0}{+rlig}
1752 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoRequired}    {1}{1}{-rlig}
1753 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Common}        {1}{2}{+liga}
1754 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoCommon}       {1}{3}{-liga}
1755 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Rare}          {1}{4}{+dlig}
1756 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoRare}         {1}{5}{-dlig}
1757 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Discretionary}  {1}{4}{+dlig}
1758 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoDiscretionary}{1}{5}{-dlig}
1759 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Contextual}     {}{} {+clig}
1760 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoContextual}   {}{} {-clig}
1761 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Historic}       {}{} {+hlig}
1762 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoHistoric}     {}{} {-hlig}
1763 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Logos}          {1}{6} {}
1764 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoLogos}         {1}{7} {}
1765 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Rebus}          {1}{8} {}
1766 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoRebus}         {1}{9} {}
1767 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Diphthong}       {1}{10}{}
1768 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoDiphthong}     {1}{11}{}
1769 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Squared}         {1}{12}{}

```

```

1770 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoSquared}      {1}{13}{}
1771 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{AbbrevSquared}  {1}{14}{}
1772 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoAbbrevSquared}{1}{15}{}
1773 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{Icelandic}     {1}{32}{}
1774 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Ligatures}{NoIcelandic}   {1}{33}{}

    Emulate CM extra ligatures.

1775 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1776 {
1777   Ligatures / TeX .code:n =
1778   ⟨xetex⟩   \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+map:tex-text}
1779   ⟨xetex⟩   \fontspec_update_featstr:n{mapping=tex-text}
1780   ⟨luatex⟩  \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+tlig+trep}
1781   ⟨luatex⟩  \fontspec_update_featstr:n{+tlig;+trep}
1782 }
1783 }
```

### 25.6.8 Letters

```

1784 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Letters}
1785 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{Normal}          {3}{0}{}
1786 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{Uppercase}        {3}{1}{+case}
1787 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{Lowercase}        {3}{2}{}
1788 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{SmallCaps}        {3}{3}{+smcp}
1789 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{PetiteCaps}       {3}{4}{+pcap}
1790 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{UppercaseSmallCaps} {3}{5}{+c2sc}
1791 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{UppercasePetiteCaps} {3}{6}{+c2pc}
1792 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{InitialCaps}       {3}{7}{}
1793 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{Unicase}          {3}{8}{+unic}
1794 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Letters}{Random}           {3}{9}{+rand}
```

### 25.6.9 Numbers

These were originally separated into NumberCase and NumberSpacing following AAT, but it makes more sense to combine them.

Both naming conventions are offered to select the number case.

```

1795 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Numbers}
1796 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Monospaced}    {6}{0}{+tnum}
1797 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Proportional}   {6}{1}{+pnum}
1798 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Lowercase}     {21}{0}{+onum}
1799 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{OldStyle}      {21}{1}{+onum}
1800 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Uppercase}     {21}{2}{+lnum}
1801 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Lining}        {21}{3}{+lnum}
1802 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{SlashedZero}    {14}{5}{+zero}
1803 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{NoSlashedZero}  {14}{6}{-zero}
```

luatoload provides a custom anum feature for replacing Latin (AKA Arabic) numbers with Arabic (AKA Indic-Arabic). The same feature maps to Farsi (Persian) numbers if font language is Farsi.

```

1804 \luatex_if_engine:T {
1805   \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Numbers}{Arabic}{}{}{+anum}
1806 }
```

### 25.6.10 Contextuals

```
1807 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n {Contextuals}
1808 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{Swash}      {} {} {+cswh}
1809 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoSwash}    {} {} {-cswh}
1810 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{Alternate}   {} {} {+calt}
1811 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoAlternate} {} {} {-calt}
1812 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{WordInitial} {8}{0}{+init}
1813 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoWordInitial}{8}{1}{-init}
1814 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{WordFinal}   {8}{2}{+fina}
1815 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoWordFinal} {8}{3}{-fina}
1816 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{LineInitial} {8}{4}{}
1817 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoLineInitial}{8}{5}{}
1818 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{LineFinal}   {8}{6}{+falt}
1819 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoLineFinal} {8}{7}{-falt}
1820 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{Inner}       {8}{8}{+medi}
1821 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Contextuals}{NoInner}     {8}{9}{-medi}
```

### 25.6.11 Diacritics

```
1822 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Diacritics}
1823 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{Show}        {9}{0}{}
1824 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{Hide}        {9}{1}{}
1825 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{Decompose}   {9}{2}{}
1826 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{MarkToBase}  {}{}{+mark}
1827 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{NoMarkToBase} {}{}{-mark}
1828 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{MarkToMark}  {}{}{+mkmk}
1829 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{NoMarkToMark} {}{}{-mkmk}
1830 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{AboveBase}   {}{}{+abvm}
1831 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{NoAboveBase} {}{}{-abvm}
1832 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{BelowBase}   {}{}{+blwm}
1833 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Diacritics}{NoBelowBase} {}{}{-blwm}
```

### 25.6.12 Kerning

```
1834 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Kerning}
1835 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}{Uppercase}{}{}{+cpsp}
1836 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}{On}      {}{}{+kern}
1837 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}{Off}     {}{}{-kern}
1838 %\fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}{Vertical}{}{}{+vkrn}
1839 %\fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}
1840 %  {VerticalAlternateProportional}{}{}{+vpal}
1841 %\fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Kerning}{VerticalAlternateHalfWidth}{}{}{+vhalf}
```

### 25.6.13 Vertical position

```
1842 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{VerticalPosition}
1843 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Normal}  {10}{0}{}
1844 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Superior} {10}{1}{+sup}
1845 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Inferior} {10}{2}{+sub}
1846 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Ordinal}  {10}{3}{+ordn}
1847 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Numerator} {} {} {+numr}
1848 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{Denominator} {} {} {+denom}
1849 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{VerticalPosition}{ScientificInferior}{}{}{+sinf}
```

### 25.6.14 Fractions

```
1850 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Fractions}
1851 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Fractions}{On}      {11}{1}{+frac}
1852 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Fractions}{Off}     {11}{0}{-frac}
1853 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Fractions}{Diagonal} {11}{2}{}
1854 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Fractions}{Alternate}{} {} {+afrc}
```

### 25.6.15 Alternates and variants

Selected numerically because they don't have standard names. Very easy to process, very annoying for the user!

```
1855 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n { Alternate }
1856 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1857 {
1858   Alternate .default:n = {0} ,
1859   Alternate / unknown .code:n =
1860   {
1861     \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
1862     { \fontspec_make_feature:nnx {17}{##1} { \fontspec_salt:n {##1} } }
1863   }
1864 }

1865 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_salt:n
1866 ⟨xetex⟩ { +salt = #1 }
1867 ⟨luatex⟩ { +salt = \int_eval:n {#1+1} }

1868 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n { Variant }
1869 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1870 {
1871   Variant .default:n = {0} ,
1872   Variant / unknown .code:n =
1873   {
1874     \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
1875     { \fontspec_make_feature:nnx {18}{##1} { +ss \two@digits {##1} } }
1876   }
1877 }
1878 \aliasfontfeature{Variant}{StylisticSet}

1879 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n { CharacterVariant }
1880 \use:x
1881 {
1882   \cs_new:Npn \exp_not:N \fontspec_parse_cv:w
1883     ##1 \c_colon_str ##2 \c_colon_str ##3 \exp_not:N \q_nil
1884   {
1885     \fontspec_make_numbered_feature:xn
1886     { +cv \exp_not:N \two@digits {##1} } {##2}
1887   }
1888 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1889 {
1890   CharacterVariant / unknown .code:n =
1891   {
1892     \clist_map_inline:nn {##1}
1893     {
```

```

1894           \exp_not:N \fontspec_parse_cv:w
1895               #####1 \c_colon_str 0 \c_colon_str \exp_not:N \q_nil
1896           }
1897       }
1898   }
1899 }

```

Possibilities: a:0:\q\_nil or a:b:0:\q\_nil.

### 25.6.16 OpenType maths font features

Deprecated August 2011; delete at some stage in the future.

```

1900 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
1901 {
1902     ScriptStyle .code:n = {
1903     <xetexx>      \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+ssty=0}
1904     <luatex>      \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+ssty=1}
1905         \fontspec_update_featstr:n{+sstyle}
1906     },
1907     ScriptScriptStyle .code:n = {
1908     <xetexx>      \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+ssty=1}
1909     <luatex>      \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+ssty=2}
1910         \fontspec_update_featstr:n{+ssstyle}
1911     }
1912 }

```

### 25.6.17 Style

```

1913 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{Style}
1914 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Alternate}      {}
1915 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Italic}        {32}{2}{+ital}
1916 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Ruby}          {28}{2}{+ruby}
1917 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Swash}         {}
1918 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Historic}      {}
1919 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Display}        {19}{1}{}
1920 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{Engraved}       {19}{2}{}
1921 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{TitlingCaps}    {19}{4}{+titl}
1922 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{TallCaps}       {19}{5}{}
1923 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{HorizontalKana} {}
1924 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Style}{VerticalKana}   {}
1925 \fontspec_define_numbered_feat:nnn {Style} {MathScript}      {+ssty} {0}
1926 \fontspec_define_numbered_feat:nnn {Style} {MathScriptScript} {+ssty} {1}

```

### 25.6.18 CJK shape

```

1927 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{CJKShape}
1928 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{Traditional}{20}{0} {+trad}
1929 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{Simplified} {20}{1} {+smpl}
1930 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{JIS1978}    {20}{2} {+jp78}
1931 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{JIS1983}    {20}{3} {+jp83}
1932 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{JIS1990}    {20}{4} {+jp90}
1933 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{Expert}     {20}{10}{+expt}
1934 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CJKShape}{NLC}        {20}{13}{+nlck}

```

### 25.6.19 Character width

```
1935 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n{CharacterWidth}
1936 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Proportional}{22}{0}{+pwid}
1937 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Full}{22}{1}{+fwid}
1938 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Half}{22}{2}{+hwid}
1939 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Third}{22}{3}{+twid}
1940 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Quarter}{22}{4}{+qwid}
1941 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{AlternateProportional}{22}{5}{+palt}
1942 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{AlternateHalf}{22}{6}{+halt}
1943 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{CharacterWidth}{Default}{22}{7}{}
```

### 25.6.20 Annotation

```
1944 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Off}{24}{0}{}
1945 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Box}{24}{1}{}
1946 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{RoundedBox}{24}{2}{}
1947 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Circle}{24}{3}{}
1948 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{BlackCircle}{24}{4}{}
1949 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Parenthesis}{24}{5}{}
1950 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Period}{24}{6}{}
1951 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{RomanNumerals}{24}{7}{}
1952 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{Diamond}{24}{8}{}
1953 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{BlackSquare}{24}{9}{}
1954 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{BlackRoundSquare}{24}{10}{}
1955 \fontspec_define_feature_option:nnnnn{Annotation}{DoubleCircle}{24}{11}{}
1956 \fontspec_define_font_feature:n { Annotation }
1957 \keys_define:nn { fontspec }
1958 {
1959     Annotation .default:n = {0} ,
1960     Annotation / unknown .code:n =
1961     {
1962         \fontspec_make_feature:nnx {}{}
1963     \xetexx { +nalt=#1 }
1964     \luatex { +nalt= \int_eval:n {#1+1} }
1965     }
1966 }
```

### 25.6.21 Vertical

```
1967 \keys_define:nn { fontspec }
1968 {
1969     Vertical .choice: ,
1970     Vertical / RotatedGlyphs .code:n =
1971     {
1972         \bool_if:NTF \l_fontspec_icu_bool {
1973             \fontspec_make_feature:nnn{}{}{+vrt2}
1974             \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+vert}
1975             \fontspec_update_featstr:n{vertical}
1976     }{
1977         \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+vert}
1978         \fontspec_update_featstr:n{vertical}
1979     }
1980 }
```

1981 }

### 25.6.22 Script

```
1982 \newfontscript{Arabic}{arab}          \newfontscript{Armenian}{armn}
1983 \newfontscript{Balinese}{bali}         \newfontscript{Bengali}{beng}
1984 \newfontscript{Bopomofo}{bopo}        \newfontscript{Braille}{brai}
1985 \newfontscript{Buginese}{bugi}        \newfontscript{Buhid}{buhd}
1986 \newfontscript{Byzantine~Music}{byzm}
1987 \newfontscript{Canadian~Syllabics}{cans}
1988 \newfontscript{Cherokee}{cher}
1989 \newfontscript{CJK~Ideographic}{hani}   \newfontscript{Coptic}{copt}
1990 \newfontscript{Cypriot~Syllabary}{cpri} \newfontscript{Cyrillic}{cyrl}
1991 \newfontscript{Default}{DFLT}          \newfontscript{Deseret}{dsrt}
1992 \newfontscript{Devanagari}{deva}        \newfontscript{Ethiopic}{ethi}
1993 \newfontscript{Georgian}{geor}          \newfontscript{Glagolitic}{glag}
1994 \newfontscript{Gothic}{goth}            \newfontscript{Greek}{grek}
1995 \newfontscript{Gujarati}{gujr}          \newfontscript{Gurmukhi}{guru}
1996 \newfontscript{Hangul~Jamo}{jamo}       \newfontscript{Hangul}{hang}
1997 \newfontscript{Hanunoo}{hano}           \newfontscript{Hebrew}{hebr}
1998 \newfontscript{Hiragana~and~Katakana}{kana}
1999 \newfontscript{Javanese}{java}          \newfontscript{Kannada}{knda}
2000 \newfontscript{Kharosthi}{khar}         \newfontscript{Khmer}{khmr}
2001 \newfontscript{Lao}{lao~}
2002 \newfontscript{Limbu}{limb}
2003 \newfontscript{Malayalam}{mlym}         \newfontscript{Linear~B}{linb}
2004 \newfontscript{Mongolian}{mong}
2005 \newfontscript{Musical~Symbols}{musc}    \newfontscript{Myanmar}{mymr}
2006 \newfontscript{N'ko}{nko~}              \newfontscript{Ogham}{ogam}
2007 \newfontscript{Old~Italic}{ital}
2008 \newfontscript{Old~Persian~Cuneiform}{xpeo}
2009 \newfontscript{Oriya}{orya}             \newfontscript{Osmanya}{osma}
2010 \newfontscript{Phags-pa}{phag}          \newfontscript{Phoenician}{phnx}
2011 \newfontscript{Runic}{runr}             \newfontscript{Shavian}{shaw}
2012 \newfontscript{Sinhala}{sinh}
2013 \newfontscript{Sumero-Akkadian~Cuneiform}{xsux}
2014 \newfontscript{Syloti~Nagri}{sylo}      \newfontscript{Syriac}{syrc}
2015 \newfontscript{Tagalog}{tglg}           \newfontscript{Tagbanwa}{tagb}
2016 \newfontscript{Tai~Le}{tale}            \newfontscript{Tai~Lu}{talu}
2017 \newfontscript{Tamil}{taml}
2018 \newfontscript{Thaana}{thaai}
2019 \newfontscript{Tibetan}{tibt}           \newfontscript{Tifinagh}{tfng}
2020 \newfontscript{Ugaritic~Cuneiform}{ugar}\newfontscript{Yi}{yi~}
```

For convenience:

```
2021 \newfontscript{Kana}{kana}
2022 \newfontscript{Maths}{math}
2023 \newfontscript{CJK}{hani}
```

### 25.6.23 Language

```
2024 \newfontlanguage{Abaza}{ABA}\newfontlanguage{Abkhazian}{ABK}
2025 \newfontlanguage{Adyge}{ADY}\newfontlanguage{Afrikaans}{AFK}
2026 \newfontlanguage{Afar}{AFR}\newfontlanguage{Agaw}{AGW}
```

2027 \newfontlanguage{Altai}{ALT}\newfontlanguage{Amharic}{AMH}  
2028 \newfontlanguage{Arabic}{ARA}\newfontlanguage{Aari}{ARI}  
2029 \newfontlanguage{Arakanese}{ARK}\newfontlanguage{Assamese}{ASM}  
2030 \newfontlanguage{Athapaskan}{ATH}\newfontlanguage{Avar}{AVR}  
2031 \newfontlanguage{Awadhi}{AWA}\newfontlanguage{Aymara}{AYM}  
2032 \newfontlanguage{Azeri}{AZE}\newfontlanguage{Badaga}{BAD}  
2033 \newfontlanguage{Baghelkhandi}{BAG}\newfontlanguage{Balkar}{BAL}  
2034 \newfontlanguage{Baule}{BAU}\newfontlanguage{Berber}{BBR}  
2035 \newfontlanguage{Bench}{BCH}\newfontlanguage{Bible~Cree}{BCR}  
2036 \newfontlanguage{Belarusian}{BEL}\newfontlanguage{Bemba}{BEM}  
2037 \newfontlanguage{Bengali}{BEN}\newfontlanguage{Bulgarian}{BGR}  
2038 \newfontlanguage{Bhili}{BHI}\newfontlanguage{Bhojpuri}{BHO}  
2039 \newfontlanguage{Bikol}{BIK}\newfontlanguage{Bilen}{BIL}  
2040 \newfontlanguage{Blackfoot}{BKF}\newfontlanguage{Balochi}{BLI}  
2041 \newfontlanguage{Balante}{BLN}\newfontlanguage{Balti}{BLT}  
2042 \newfontlanguage{Bambara}{BMB}\newfontlanguage{Bamileke}{BML}  
2043 \newfontlanguage{Breton}{BRE}\newfontlanguage{Brahui}{BRH}  
2044 \newfontlanguage{Braj~Bhasha}{BRI}\newfontlanguage{Burmese}{BRM}  
2045 \newfontlanguage{Bashkir}{BSH}\newfontlanguage{Beti}{BTI}  
2046 \newfontlanguage{Catalan}{CAT}\newfontlanguage{Cebuano}{CEB}  
2047 \newfontlanguage{Chechen}{CHE}\newfontlanguage{Chaha~Gurage}{CHG}  
2048 \newfontlanguage{Chattisgarhi}{CHH}\newfontlanguage{Chichewa}{CHI}  
2049 \newfontlanguage{Chukchi}{CHK}\newfontlanguage{Chipewyan}{CHP}  
2050 \newfontlanguage{Cherokee}{CHR}\newfontlanguage{Chuvash}{CHU}  
2051 \newfontlanguage{Comorian}{CMR}\newfontlanguage{Coptic}{COP}  
2052 \newfontlanguage{Cree}{CRE}\newfontlanguage{Carrier}{CRR}  
2053 \newfontlanguage{Crimean~Tatar}{CRT}\newfontlanguage{Church~Slavonic}{CSL}  
2054 \newfontlanguage{Czech}{CSY}\newfontlanguage{Danish}{DAN}  
2055 \newfontlanguage{Dargwa}{DAR}\newfontlanguage{Woods~Cree}{DCR}  
2056 \newfontlanguage{German}{DEU}  
2057 \newfontlanguage{Dogri}{DGR}\newfontlanguage{Divehi}{DIV}  
2058 \newfontlanguage{Djerma}{DJR}\newfontlanguage{Dangme}{DNG}  
2059 \newfontlanguage{Dinka}{DNK}\newfontlanguage{Dungan}{DUN}  
2060 \newfontlanguage{Dzongkha}{DZN}\newfontlanguage{Ebira}{EBI}  
2061 \newfontlanguage{Eastern~Cree}{ECR}\newfontlanguage{Edo}{EDO}  
2062 \newfontlanguage{Efik}{EFI}\newfontlanguage{Greek}{ELL}  
2063 \newfontlanguage{English}{ENG}\newfontlanguage{Erzya}{ERZ}  
2064 \newfontlanguage{Spanish}{ESP}\newfontlanguage{Estonian}{ETI}  
2065 \newfontlanguage{Basque}{EUQ}\newfontlanguage{Evenki}{EVK}  
2066 \newfontlanguage{Even}{EVN}\newfontlanguage{Ewe}{EWE}  
2067 \newfontlanguage{French~Antillean}{FAN}  
2068 \newfontlanguage{Farsi}{FAR}  
2069 \newfontlanguage{Parsi}{FAR}  
2070 \newfontlanguage{Persian}{FAR}  
2071 \newfontlanguage{Finnish}{FIN}\newfontlanguage{Fijian}{FJI}  
2072 \newfontlanguage{Flemish}{FLE}\newfontlanguage{Forest~Nenets}{FNE}  
2073 \newfontlanguage{Fon}{FON}\newfontlanguage{Faroese}{FOS}  
2074 \newfontlanguage{French}{FRA}\newfontlanguage{Frisian}{FRI}  
2075 \newfontlanguage{Friulian}{FRL}\newfontlanguage{Futa}{FTA}  
2076 \newfontlanguage{Fulani}{FUL}\newfontlanguage{Ga}{GAD}  
2077 \newfontlanguage{Gaelic}{GAE}\newfontlanguage{Gagauz}{GAG}

2078 \newfontlanguage{Galician}{GAL}\newfontlanguage{Garshuni}{GAR}  
2079 \newfontlanguage{Garhwali}{GAW}\newfontlanguage{Ge'ez}{GEZ}  
2080 \newfontlanguage{Gilyak}{GIL}\newfontlanguage{Gumuz}{GMZ}  
2081 \newfontlanguage{Gondi}{GON}\newfontlanguage{Greenlandic}{GRN}  
2082 \newfontlanguage{Garo}{GRO}\newfontlanguage{Guarani}{GUA}  
2083 \newfontlanguage{Gujarati}{GUJ}\newfontlanguage{Haitian}{HAI}  
2084 \newfontlanguage{Halam}{HAL}\newfontlanguage{Harauti}{HAR}  
2085 \newfontlanguage{Hausa}{HAU}\newfontlanguage{Hawaiin}{HAW}  
2086 \newfontlanguage{Hammer-Banna}{HBN}\newfontlanguage{Hiligaynon}{HIL}  
2087 \newfontlanguage{Hindi}{HIN}\newfontlanguage{High~Mari}{HMA}  
2088 \newfontlanguage{Hindko}{HND}\newfontlanguage{Ho}{HO}  
2089 \newfontlanguage{Harari}{HRI}\newfontlanguage{Croatian}{HRV}  
2090 \newfontlanguage{Hungarian}{HUN}\newfontlanguage{Armenian}{HYE}  
2091 \newfontlanguage{Igbo}{IBO}\newfontlanguage{Ijo}{IJO}  
2092 \newfontlanguage{Ilokano}{ILO}\newfontlanguage{Indonesian}{IND}  
2093 \newfontlanguage{Ingush}{ING}\newfontlanguage{Inuktitut}{INU}  
2094 \newfontlanguage{Irish}{IRI}\newfontlanguage{Irish~Traditional}{IRT}  
2095 \newfontlanguage{Icelandic}{ISL}\newfontlanguage{Inari~Sami}{ISM}  
2096 \newfontlanguage{Italian}{ITA}\newfontlanguage{Hebrew}{IWR}  
2097 \newfontlanguage{Javanese}{JAV}\newfontlanguage{Yiddish}{JII}  
2098 \newfontlanguage{Japanese}{JAN}\newfontlanguage{Judezmo}{JUD}  
2099 \newfontlanguage{Jula}{JUL}\newfontlanguage{Kabardian}{KAB}  
2100 \newfontlanguage{Kachchi}{KAC}\newfontlanguage{Kalenjin}{KAL}  
2101 \newfontlanguage{Kannada}{KAN}\newfontlanguage{Karachay}{KAR}  
2102 \newfontlanguage{Georgian}{KAT}\newfontlanguage{Kazakh}{KAZ}  
2103 \newfontlanguage{Kebena}{KEB}\newfontlanguage{Khutsuri~Georgian}{KGE}  
2104 \newfontlanguage{Khakass}{KHA}\newfontlanguage{Khanty-Kazim}{KHK}  
2105 \newfontlanguage{Khmer}{KHM}\newfontlanguage{Khanty-Shurishkar}{KHS}  
2106 \newfontlanguage{Khanty-Vakhi}{KHV}\newfontlanguage{Khowar}{KHW}  
2107 \newfontlanguage{Kikuyu}{KIK}\newfontlanguage{Kirghiz}{KIR}  
2108 \newfontlanguage{Kisii}{KIS}\newfontlanguage{Kokni}{KKN}  
2109 \newfontlanguage{Kalmyk}{KLM}\newfontlanguage{Kamba}{KMB}  
2110 \newfontlanguage{Kumaoni}{KMN}\newfontlanguage{Komo}{KMO}  
2111 \newfontlanguage{Komso}{KMS}\newfontlanguage{Kanuri}{KNR}  
2112 \newfontlanguage{Kodagu}{KOD}\newfontlanguage{Korean~Old~Hangul}{KOH}  
2113 \newfontlanguage{Konkani}{KOK}\newfontlanguage{Kikongo}{KON}  
2114 \newfontlanguage{Komi-Permyak}{KOP}\newfontlanguage{Korean}{KOR}  
2115 \newfontlanguage{Komi-Zyrian}{KOZ}\newfontlanguage{Kpelle}{KPL}  
2116 \newfontlanguage{Krio}{KRI}\newfontlanguage{Karakalpak}{KRK}  
2117 \newfontlanguage{Karelian}{KRL}\newfontlanguage{Karaim}{KRM}  
2118 \newfontlanguage{Karen}{KRN}\newfontlanguage{Koorete}{KRT}  
2119 \newfontlanguage{Kashmiri}{KSH}\newfontlanguage{Khasi}{KSI}  
2120 \newfontlanguage{Kildin~Sami}{KSM}\newfontlanguage{Kui}{KUI}  
2121 \newfontlanguage{Kulvi}{KUL}\newfontlanguage{Kumyk}{KUM}  
2122 \newfontlanguage{Kurdish}{KUR}\newfontlanguage{Kurukh}{KUU}  
2123 \newfontlanguage{Kuy}{KUY}\newfontlanguage{Koryak}{KYK}  
2124 \newfontlanguage{Ladin}{LAD}\newfontlanguage{Lahuli}{LAH}  
2125 \newfontlanguage{Lak}{LAK}\newfontlanguage{Lambani}{LAM}  
2126 \newfontlanguage{Lao}{LAO}\newfontlanguage{Latin}{LAT}  
2127 \newfontlanguage{Laz}{LAZ}\newfontlanguage{L-Cree}{LCR}  
2128 \newfontlanguage{Ladakhi}{LDK}\newfontlanguage{Lezgi}{LEZ}

2129 \newfontlanguage{Lingala}{LIN}\newfontlanguage{Low~Mari}{LMA}  
2130 \newfontlanguage{Limbu}{LMB}\newfontlanguage{Lomwe}{LMW}  
2131 \newfontlanguage{Lower~Sorbian}{LSB}\newfontlanguage{Lule~Sami}{LSM}  
2132 \newfontlanguage{Lithuanian}{LTH}\newfontlanguage{Luba}{LUB}  
2133 \newfontlanguage{Luganda}{LUG}\newfontlanguage{Luhya}{LUH}  
2134 \newfontlanguage{Luo}{LUO}\newfontlanguage{Latvian}{LVI}  
2135 \newfontlanguage{Majang}{MAJ}\newfontlanguage{Makua}{MAK}  
2136 \newfontlanguage{Malayalam~Traditional}{MAL}\newfontlanguage{Mansi}{MAN}  
2137 \newfontlanguage{Marathi}{MAR}\newfontlanguage{Marwari}{MAW}  
2138 \newfontlanguage{Mbundu}{MBN}\newfontlanguage{Manchu}{MCH}  
2139 \newfontlanguage{Moose~Cree}{MCR}\newfontlanguage{Mende}{MDE}  
2140 \newfontlanguage{Me'en}{MEN}\newfontlanguage{Mizo}{MIZ}  
2141 \newfontlanguage{Macedonian}{MKD}\newfontlanguage{Male}{MLE}  
2142 \newfontlanguage{Malagasy}{MLG}\newfontlanguage{Malinke}{MLN}  
2143 \newfontlanguage{Malayalam~Reformed}{MLR}\newfontlanguage{Malay}{MLY}  
2144 \newfontlanguage{Mandinka}{MND}\newfontlanguage{Mongolian}{MNG}  
2145 \newfontlanguage{Manipuri}{MNI}\newfontlanguage{Maninka}{MNK}  
2146 \newfontlanguage{Manx~Gaelic}{MNX}\newfontlanguage{Moksha}{MOK}  
2147 \newfontlanguage{Moldavian}{MOL}\newfontlanguage{Mon}{MON}  
2148 \newfontlanguage{Moroccan}{MOR}\newfontlanguage{Maori}{MRI}  
2149 \newfontlanguage{Maithili}{MTH}\newfontlanguage{Maltese}{MTS}  
2150 \newfontlanguage{Mundari}{MUN}\newfontlanguage{Naga-Assamese}{NAG}  
2151 \newfontlanguage{Nanai}{NAN}\newfontlanguage{Naskapi}{NAS}  
2152 \newfontlanguage{N-Cree}{NCR}\newfontlanguage{Ndebele}{NDB}  
2153 \newfontlanguage{Ndonga}{NDG}\newfontlanguage{Nepali}{NEP}  
2154 \newfontlanguage{Newari}{NEW}\newfontlanguage{Nagari}{NGR}  
2155 \newfontlanguage{Norway~House~Cree}{NHC}\newfontlanguage{Nisi}{NIS}  
2156 \newfontlanguage{Niuean}{NIU}\newfontlanguage{Nkole}{NKL}  
2157 \newfontlanguage{N'ko}{NKO}\newfontlanguage{Dutch}{NLD}  
2158 \newfontlanguage{Nogai}{NOG}\newfontlanguage{Norwegian}{NOR}  
2159 \newfontlanguage{Northern~Sami}{NSM}\newfontlanguage{Northern~Tai}{NTA}  
2160 \newfontlanguage{Esperanto}{NTO}\newfontlanguage{Nynorsk}{NYN}  
2161 \newfontlanguage{Oji-Cree}{OCR}\newfontlanguage{Ojibway}{OJB}  
2162 \newfontlanguage{Oriya}{ORI}\newfontlanguage{Oromo}{ORO}  
2163 \newfontlanguage{Ossetian}{OSS}\newfontlanguage{Palestinian~Aramaic}{PAA}  
2164 \newfontlanguage{Pali}{PAL}\newfontlanguage{Punjabi}{PAN}  
2165 \newfontlanguage{Palpa}{PAP}\newfontlanguage{Pashto}{PAS}  
2166 \newfontlanguage{Polytonic~Greek}{PGR}\newfontlanguage{Pilipino}{PIL}  
2167 \newfontlanguage{Palaung}{PLG}\newfontlanguage{Polish}{PLK}  
2168 \newfontlanguage{Provencal}{PRO}\newfontlanguage{Portuguese}{PTG}  
2169 \newfontlanguage{Chin}{QIN}\newfontlanguage{Rajasthani}{RAJ}  
2170 \newfontlanguage{R-Cree}{RCR}\newfontlanguage{Russian~Buriat}{RBU}  
2171 \newfontlanguage{Riang}{RIA}\newfontlanguage{Rhaeto-Romanic}{RMS}  
2172 \newfontlanguage{Romanian}{ROM}\newfontlanguage{Romany}{ROY}  
2173 \newfontlanguage{Rusyn}{RSY}\newfontlanguage{Ruanda}{RUA}  
2174 \newfontlanguage{Russian}{RUS}\newfontlanguage{Sadri}{SAD}  
2175 \newfontlanguage{Sanskrit}{SAN}\newfontlanguage{Santali}{SAT}  
2176 \newfontlanguage{Sayisi}{SAY}\newfontlanguage{Sekota}{SEK}  
2177 \newfontlanguage{Selkup}{SEL}\newfontlanguage{Sango}{SGO}  
2178 \newfontlanguage{Shan}{SHN}\newfontlanguage{Sibe}{SIB}  
2179 \newfontlanguage{Sidamo}{SID}\newfontlanguage{Silde~Gurage}{SIG}

```

2180 \newfontlanguage{Skolt~Sami}{SKS}\newfontlanguage{Slovak}{SKY}
2181 \newfontlanguage{Slavey}{SLA}\newfontlanguage{Slovenian}{SLV}
2182 \newfontlanguage{Somali}{SML}\newfontlanguage{Samoan}{SMO}
2183 \newfontlanguage{Sena}{SNA}\newfontlanguage{Sindhi}{SND}
2184 \newfontlanguage{Sinhalese}{SNH}\newfontlanguage{Soninke}{SNK}
2185 \newfontlanguage{Sodo~Gurage}{SOG}\newfontlanguage{Sotho}{SOT}
2186 \newfontlanguage{Albanian}{SQI}\newfontlanguage{Serbian}{SRB}
2187 \newfontlanguage{Saraiki}{SRK}\newfontlanguage{Serer}{SRR}
2188 \newfontlanguage{South~Slavey}{SSL}\newfontlanguage{Southern~Sami}{SSM}
2189 \newfontlanguage{Suri}{SUR}\newfontlanguage{Svan}{SVA}
2190 \newfontlanguage{Swedish}{SVE}\newfontlanguage{Swadaya~Aramaic}{SWA}
2191 \newfontlanguage{Swahili}{SWK}\newfontlanguage{Swazi}{SWZ}
2192 \newfontlanguage{Sutu}{SXT}\newfontlanguage{Syriac}{SYR}
2193 \newfontlanguage{Tabasaran}{TAB}\newfontlanguage{Tajiki}{TAJ}
2194 \newfontlanguage{Tamil}{TAM}\newfontlanguage{Tatar}{TAT}
2195 \newfontlanguage{TH-Cree}{TCR}\newfontlanguage{Telugu}{TEL}
2196 \newfontlanguage{Tongan}{TGN}\newfontlanguage{Tigre}{TGR}
2197 \newfontlanguage{Tigrinya}{TGY}\newfontlanguage{Thai}{THA}
2198 \newfontlanguage{Tahitian}{THT}\newfontlanguage{Tibetan}{TIB}
2199 \newfontlanguage{Turkmen}{TKM}\newfontlanguage{Temne}{TMN}
2200 \newfontlanguage{Tswana}{TNA}\newfontlanguage{Tundra~Nenets}{TNE}
2201 \newfontlanguage{Tonga}{TNG}\newfontlanguage{Todo}{TOD}
2202 \newfontlanguage{Tsonga}{TSG}\newfontlanguage{Turoyo~Aramaic}{TUA}
2203 \newfontlanguage{Tulu}{TUL}\newfontlanguage{Tuvin}{TUV}
2204 \newfontlanguage{Twi}{TWI}\newfontlanguage{Udmurt}{UDM}
2205 \newfontlanguage{Ukrainian}{UKR}\newfontlanguage{Urdu}{URD}
2206 \newfontlanguage{Upper~Sorbian}{USB}\newfontlanguage{Uyghur}{UYG}
2207 \newfontlanguage{Uzbek}{UZB}\newfontlanguage{Venda}{VEN}
2208 \newfontlanguage{Vietnamese}{VIT}\newfontlanguage{Wa}{WA}
2209 \newfontlanguage{Wagdi}{WAG}\newfontlanguage{West-Cree}{WCR}
2210 \newfontlanguage{Welsh}{WEL}\newfontlanguage{Wolof}{WLF}
2211 \newfontlanguage{Tai~Lue}{XBD}\newfontlanguage{Xhosa}{XHS}
2212 \newfontlanguage{Yakut}{YAK}\newfontlanguage{Yoruba}{YBA}
2213 \newfontlanguage{Y-Cree}{YCR}\newfontlanguage{Yi~Classic}{YIC}
2214 \newfontlanguage{Yi~Modern}{YIM}\newfontlanguage{Chinese~Hong~Kong}{ZHH}
2215 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Phonetic}{ZHP}
2216 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Simplified}{ZHS}
2217 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Traditional}{ZHT}\newfontlanguage{Zande}{ZND}
2218 \newfontlanguage{Zulu}{ZUL}

```

**Turkish** Turns out that many fonts use ‘TUR’ as their Turkish language tag rather than the specified ‘TRK’. So we check for both:

```

2219 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2220   {
2221     Language / Turkish .code:n =
2222     {
2223       \fontspec_check_lang:nTF {TRK} {
2224         \int_set:Nn \l_fontspec_language_int {\l_fontspec_strnum_int}
2225         \fontspec_update_fontid:n {+lang=Turkish}
2226         \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {TRK}
2227       }{
2228         \fontspec_check_lang:nTF {TUR} {

```

```

2229         \int_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_language_int {\l_fonts_spec_strnum_int}
2230         \fonts_spec_update_fontid:n {+lang=Turkish}
2231         \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_lang_tl {TUR}
2232     }{
2233         \fonts_spec_warning:nx {language-not-exist} {Turkish}
2234         \keys_set:nn {fontspec} {Language=Default}
2235     }
2236 }
2237 }
2238 }

```

## Default

```

2239 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2240 {
2241     Language / Default .code:n =
2242     {
2243         \fonts_spec_update_fontid:n {+lang=dflt}
2244         \tl_set:Nn \l_fonts_spec_lang_tl {DFLT}
2245         \int_zero:N \l_fonts_spec_language_int
2246     }
2247 }

```

### 25.6.24 Raw feature string

This allows savvy X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>X</sub>-ers to input font features manually if they have already memorised the OpenType abbreviations and don't mind not having error checking.

```

2248 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2249 {
2250     RawFeature .code:n =
2251     {
2252         \fonts_spec_update_fontid:n {+Raw:#1}
2253         \fonts_spec_update_featstr:n{#1}
2254     }
2255 }

```

## 25.7 Italic small caps

The following code for utilising italic small caps sensibly is inspired from Philip Lehman's *The Font Installation Guide*. Note that \upshape needs to be used *twice* to get from italic small caps to regular upright (it always goes to small caps, then regular upright).

\sishape First, the commands for actually selecting italic small caps are defined. I use `si` as the NFSS shape for italic small caps, but I have seen `itsc` and `s1sc` also used. `\sidefault` may be redefined to one of these if required for compatibility.

```

2256 \providecommand*\sishape{si}
2257 \DeclareRobustCommand{\sishape}{%
2258     \not@math@alphabet\sishape\relax
2259     \fontshape\sishape\selectfont
2260 }

```

```

2261 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textsi}{\sishape}

\fontspec_blend_shape:nnn This is the macro which enables the overload on the \.. shape commands. It takes three such arguments. In essence, the macro selects the first argument, unless the second argument is already selected, in which case it selects the third.
2262 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_blend_shape:nnn {
2263   \bool_if:NTF
2264   {
2265     \str_if_eq_p:xx {\f@shape} {#2} &&
2266     \cs_if_exist_p:c {\f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/#3}
2267   }
2268   { \fontshape{#3}\selectfont }
2269   { \fontshape{#1}\selectfont }
2270 }

```

\itshape Here the original \.. shape commands are redefined to use the merge shape macro.

```

\scshape 2271 \DeclareRobustCommand \itshape {
\upshape 2272   \not@math@alphabet\itshape\mathit
2273   \fontspec_blend_shape:nnn\itdefault\scdefault\sidefault
2274 }
2275 \DeclareRobustCommand \slshape {
2276   \not@math@alphabet\slshape\relax
2277   \fontspec_blend_shape:nnn\sldefault\scdefault\sidefault
2278 }
2279 \DeclareRobustCommand \scshape {
2280   \not@math@alphabet\scshape\relax
2281   \fontspec_blend_shape:nnn\scdefault\itdefault\sidefault
2282 }
2283 \DeclareRobustCommand \upshape {
2284   \not@math@alphabet\upshape\relax
2285   \fontspec_blend_shape:nnn\updefault\sidefault\scdefault
2286 }

```

## 25.8 Selecting maths fonts

Here, the fonts used in math mode are redefined to correspond to the default roman, sans serif and typewriter fonts. Unfortunately, you can only define maths fonts in the preamble, otherwise I'd run this code whenever \setmainfont and friends was run.

\fontspec\_setup\_maths: Everything here is performed \AtBeginDocument in order to overwrite euler's attempt. This means fontspec must be loaded *after* euler. We set up a conditional to return an error if this rule is violated.

Since every maths setup is slightly different, we also take different paths for defining various math glyphs depending which maths font package has been loaded.

```

2287 \eifpackageloaded{euler}{
2288   \bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_package_euler_loaded_bool
2289 }{
2290   \bool_set_false:N \g_fontspec_package_euler_loaded_bool

```

```

2291 }
2292 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_setup_maths: {
2293   \ifpackageloaded{euler}{
2294     \bool_if:NTF \g_fontspec_package_euler_loaded_bool {
2295       \bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_math_euler_bool
2296     }{
2297       \fontspec_error:n {euler-too-late}
2298     }
2299   }{}
2300 \ifpackageloaded{lucbmath}{\bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_math_lucida_bool}{}
2301 \ifpackageloaded{lucidabr}{\bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_math_lucida_bool}{}
2302 \ifpackageloaded{lucimatx}{\bool_set_true:N \g_fontspec_math_lucida_bool}{}

```

Knuth's CM fonts fonts are all squashed together, combining letters, accents, text symbols and maths symbols all in the one font, `cmr`, plus other things in other fonts. Because we are changing the roman font in the document, we need to redefine all of the maths glyphs in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X's operators maths font to still go back to the legacy `cmr` font for all these random glyphs, unless a separate maths font package has been loaded instead.

In every case, the maths accents are always taken from the operators font, which is generally the main text font. (Actually, there is a `\hat` accent in `EulerFraktur`, but it's *ugly*. So I ignore it. Sorry if this causes inconvenience.)

```

2303 \DeclareSymbolFont{legacymaths}{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
2304 \SetSymbolFont{legacymaths}{bold}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}
2305 \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{19}
2306 \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{18}
2307 \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{127}
2308 \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{126}
2309 \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{22}
2310 \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{21}
2311 \DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{20}
2312 \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{94} % too bad, euler
2313 \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{95}
2314 \DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{23}

```

**\colon: what's going on?** Okay, so `:` and `\colon` in maths mode are defined in a few places, so I need to work out what does what. Respectively, we have:

```

% fontmath.ltx:
\DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{":3A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{":3A}

% amsmath.sty:
\renewcommand{\colon}{\nobreak\mskip2mu\mathpunct{}{\nonscript
\mkern-\thinmuskip}:}\mskip6mu plus1mu\relax}

% euler.sty:
\DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{EulerFraktur}{":3A}

% lucbmath.sty:

```

```

\DeclareMathSymbol{@tempb}{\mathpunct}{operators}{58}
\ifx\colon@tempb
  \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{58}
\fi
\DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{58}

```

(3A\_16 = 58\_10) So I think, based on this summary, that it is fair to tell `fontspec` to ‘replace’ the operators font with `legacymaths` for this symbol, except when `amsmath` is loaded since we want to keep its definition.

```

2315 \group_begin:
2316   \mathchardef\tempa="603A \relax
2317   \ifx\colon\tempa
2318     \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{legacymaths}{58}
2319   \fi
2320 \group_end:

```

The following symbols are only defined specifically in `euler`, so skip them if that package is loaded.

```

2321 \bool_if:NF \g_fonts杵_math_euler_bool {
2322   \DeclareMathSymbol{!}{\mathclose}{legacymaths}{33}
2323   \DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{legacymaths}{58}
2324   \DeclareMathSymbol{;}{\mathpunct}{legacymaths}{59}
2325   \DeclareMathSymbol{?}{\mathclose}{legacymaths}{63}

```

And these ones are defined both in `euler` and `lucbmth`, so we only need to run this code if no extra maths package has been loaded.

```

2326 \bool_if:NF \g_fonts杵_math_lucida_bool {
2327   \DeclareMathSymbol{0}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`0}
2328   \DeclareMathSymbol{1}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`1}
2329   \DeclareMathSymbol{2}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`2}
2330   \DeclareMathSymbol{3}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`3}
2331   \DeclareMathSymbol{4}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`4}
2332   \DeclareMathSymbol{5}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`5}
2333   \DeclareMathSymbol{6}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`6}
2334   \DeclareMathSymbol{7}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`7}
2335   \DeclareMathSymbol{8}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`8}
2336   \DeclareMathSymbol{9}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`9}
2337   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Gamma}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{0}
2338   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Delta}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{1}
2339   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Theta}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{2}
2340   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Lambda}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{3}
2341   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Xi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{4}
2342   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Pi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{5}
2343   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Sigma}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{6}
2344   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Upsilon}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{7}
2345   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Phi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{8}
2346   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Psi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{9}
2347   \DeclareMathSymbol{\Omega}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{10}
2348   \DeclareMathSymbol{+}{\mathbin}{legacymaths}{43}
2349   \DeclareMathSymbol{=}{\mathrel}{legacymaths}{61}
2350   \DeclareMathDelimiter{()}{\mathopen}{legacymaths}{40}{largesymbols}{0}

```

```

2351      \DeclareMathDelimiter{}{\mathclose}{\legacymaths}{41}{\largesymbols}{1}
2352      \DeclareMathDelimiter{[]}{\mathopen}{\legacymaths}{91}{\largesymbols}{2}
2353      \DeclareMathDelimiter{}{\mathclose}{\legacymaths}{93}{\largesymbols}{3}
2354      \DeclareMathDelimiter{/}{\mathord}{\legacymaths}{47}{\largesymbols}{14}
2355      \DeclareMathSymbol{\mathdollar}{\mathord}{\legacymaths}{36}
2356  }
2357 }

```

Finally, we change the font definitions for `\mathrm` and so on. These are defined using the `\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1 (...)` macros, which default to `\rmdefault` but may be specified with the `\setmathrm (...)` commands in the preamble.

Since L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X only generally defines one level of boldness, we omit `\mathbf` in the bold maths series. It can be specified as per usual with `\setboldmathrm`, which stores the appropriate family name in `\g_fonts杵_bfmathrm_t1`.

```

2358 \DeclareSymbolFont{operators}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\mddefault\updefault
2359 \SetSymbolFont{operators}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\mddefault\updefault
2360 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\mddefault\updefault
2361 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\mddefault\itdefault
2362 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2363 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathsf}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathsf_t1\mddefault\updefault
2364 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathtt}{normal}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathtt_t1\mddefault\updefault
2365 \SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2366 \tl_if_empty:NTF \g_fonts杵_bfmathrm_t1 {
2367   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathrm}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2368   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathit}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathrm_t1\bfdefault\itdefault
2369 }
2370   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathbf}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_bfmathrm_t1\mddefault\updefault
2371   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathsf}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_bfmathrm_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2372   \SetMathAlphabet{\mathtt}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_bfmathrm_t1\mddefault\itdefault
2373 }
2374 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathsf}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathsf_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2375 \SetMathAlphabet{\mathtt}{bold}\g_fonts杵_encoding_t1\g_fonts杵_mathtt_t1\bfdefault\updefault
2376 }

```

`\fonts杵_maybe_setup_maths:` We're a little less sophisticated about not executing the maths setup if various other maths font packages are loaded. This list is based on the wonderful 'L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Font Catalogue': <http://www.tug.dk/FontCatalogue/mathfonts.html>. I'm sure there are more I've missed. Do the T<sub>E</sub>X Gyre fonts have maths support yet?

Untested: would `\unless\ifnum\Gamma=28672\relax\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool\fi` be a better test? This needs more cooperation with euler and lucida, I think.

```

2377 \cs_new:Nn \fonts杵_maybe_setup_maths: {
2378   @ifpackageloaded{anttor}{
2379     \ifx\define@antt@mathversions a\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool\fi){}
2380   @ifpackageloaded{arev}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2381   @ifpackageloaded{eulervm}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2382   @ifpackageloaded{mathdesign}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2383   @ifpackageloaded{concmath}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2384   @ifpackageloaded{cmbright}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2385   @ifpackageloaded{mathesf}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2386   @ifpackageloaded{gfsartemisia}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}
2387   @ifpackageloaded{gfsneohellenic}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fonts杵_math_bool}{}

```

```

2388  \@ifpackageloaded{iwona}{
2389    \ifx\define@iwona@mathversions a\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool\fi){}
2390  \@ifpackageloaded{kpfonts}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2391  \@ifpackageloaded{kmath}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2392  \@ifpackageloaded{kurier}{
2393    \ifx\define@kurier@mathversions a\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool\fi){}
2394  \@ifpackageloaded{fouriernc}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2395  \@ifpackageloaded{fourier}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2396  \@ifpackageloaded{lmodern}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2397  \@ifpackageloaded{mathpazo}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2398  \@ifpackageloaded{mathptmx}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2399  \@ifpackageloaded{MinionPro}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2400  \@ifpackageloaded{unicode-math}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2401  \@ifpackageloaded{breqn}{\bool_set_false:N \g_fontsSpec_math_bool}{}
2402  \bool_if:NT \g_fontsSpec_math_bool {
2403    \fontspec_info:n {setup-math}
2404    \fontspec_setup_maths:
2405  }
2406 }
2407 \AtBeginDocument{\fontspec_maybe_setup_maths:}

```

## 25.9 Finishing up

Now we just want to set up loading the .cfg file, if it exists.

```

2408 \bool_if:NT \g_fontsSpec_cfg_bool {
2409   \InputIfFileExists{fontspec.cfg}
2410   {}
2411   {\typeout{No~ fontspec.cfg~ file~ found;~ no~ configuration~ loaded.}}
2412 }

```

## 25.10 Compatibility

```

\zf@enc Old interfaces. These are needed by, at least, the mathspec package.
\zf@family 2413 \tl_set:Nn \zf@enc { \g_fontsSpec_encoding_tl }
\zf@basefont 2414 \cs_set:Npn \zf@fontspec #1 #2
\zf@fontspec 2415 {
  2416   \fontspec_select:nn {#1} {#2}
  2417   \tl_set:Nn \zf@family { \l_fontsSpec_family_tl }
  2418   \tl_set:Nn \zf@basefont { \l_fontsSpec_font }
  2419 }

```

The end! Thanks for coming.

```

2420 \ExplSyntaxOff
2421 </fontspec & (xetex | luatex) >

```

## Part VIII

# fontspec.lua

1 (\*lua)

First we define some metadata.

```
2 fontspec      = { }
3 fontspec.module = {
4     name        = "fontspec",
5     version     = 2.0,
6     date        = "2009/12/04",
7     description  = "Advanced font selection for LuaLaTeX.",
8     author       = "Khaled Hosny",
9     copyright    = "Khaled Hosny",
10    license      = "LPPL"
11 }
12
13 local err, warn, info, log = luatexbase.provides_module(fontspec.module)
14
```

Some utility functions

```
15 fontspec.log    = log
16 fontspec.warning = warn
17 fontspec.error   = err
18
19 function fontspec.sprint (...) tex.sprint(luatexbase.catcodetables['latex-package'], ...)
The following functions check for exsitence of certain script, language or feature
in a given font.
20 local function check_script(id, script)
21     local s = string.lower(script)
22     if id and id > 0 then
23         local otfdata = fonts.identifiers[id].shared.otfdata
24         if otfdata then
25             local features = otfdata.luatex.features
26             for i,_ in pairs(features) do
27                 for j,_ in pairs(features[i]) do
28                     if features[i][j][s] then
29                         fontspec.log("script '%s' exists in font '%s'",
30                                     script, fonts.identifiers[id].fullname)
31                     return true
32                 end
33             end
34         end
35     end
36 end
37 end
38 local function check_language(id, language, script)
39     local s = string.lower(script)
40     local l = string.lower(language)
41     if id and id > 0 then
42         local otfdata = fonts.identifiers[id].shared.otfdata
```

```

43     if otfdata then
44         local features = otfdata.luatex.features
45         for i,_ in pairs(features) do
46             for j,_ in pairs(features[i]) do
47                 if features[i][j][s] and features[i][j][s][l] then
48                     fonts.spec.log("language '%s' for script '%s' exists in font '%s'", 
49                                     language, script, fonts.identifiers[id].fullname)
50                     return true
51                 end
52             end
53         end
54     end
55 end
56
57 local function check_feature(id, feature, language, script)
58     local s = string.lower(script)
59     local l = string.lower(language)
60     local f = string.lower(feature:gsub("^[-]", ""))
61     if id and id > 0 then
62         local otfdata = fonts.identifiers[id].shared.otfdata
63         if otfdata then
64             local features = otfdata.luatex.features
65             for i,_ in pairs(features) do
66                 if features[i][f] and features[i][f][s] then
67                     if features[i][f][s][l] == true then
68                         fonts.spec.log("feature '%s' for language '%s' and script '%s' exists in font '%s'", 
69                                     feature, language, script, fonts.identifiers[id].fullname)
70                     return true
71                 end
72             end
73         end
74     end
75 end
76 end

```

The following are the function that get called from  $\text{\TeX}$  end.

```

77 local function tempswatrue() fonts.spec.sprint([[\\@tempswatrue]]) end
78 local function tempswafalse() fonts.spec.sprint([[\\@tempswafalse]]) end
79 function fonts.spec.check_ot_script(fnt, script)
80     if check_script(font.id(fnt), script) then
81         tempswatrue()
82     else
83         tempswafalse()
84     end
85 end
86 function fonts.spec.check_ot_lang(fnt, lang, script)
87     if check_language(font.id(fnt), lang, script) then
88         tempswatrue()
89     else
90         tempswafalse()
91     end

```

```

92 end

93 function fonts.spec.check_ot_feat(fnt, feat, lang, script)
94     for _, f in ipairs { "+trep", "+tlig", "+anum" } do
95         if feat == f then
96             tempswattrue()
97             return
98         end
99     end
100    if check_feature(font.id(fnt), feat, lang, script) then
101        tempswattrue()
102    else
103        tempswafalse()
104    end
105 end

106 function fonts.spec.mathfontdimen(fnt, str)
107     local mathdimens = fonts.identifiers[font.id(fnt)].MathConstants
108     if mathdimens then
109         local m = mathdimens[str]
110         if m then
111             fonts.spec.sprint(mathdimens[str])
112             fonts.spec.sprint("sp")
113         else
114             fonts.spec.sprint("0pt")
115         end
116     else
117         fonts.spec.sprint("0pt")
118     end
119 end

```

Here we patch fonts tfm table to emulate X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X's \fontdimen8, which stores the caps-height of the font. (Cf. \fontdimen5 which stores the x-height.)

Falls back to measuring the glyph if the font doesn't contain the necessary information. This needs to be extended for fonts that don't contain an 'X'.

```

120 local function set_capheight(fontdata)
121     local capheight
122     local units      = fontdata.units
123     local size       = fontdata.size
124     local otfdata    = fontdata.shared.otfdata
125
126     if otfdata.pfminfo.os2_capheight > 0 then
127         capheight = otfdata.pfminfo.os2_capheight / units * size
128     else
129         if fontdata.characters[string.byte("X")] then
130             capheight = fontdata.characters[string.byte("X")].height
131         else
132             capheight = otfdata.metadata.ascent / units * size
133         end
134     end
135     fontdata.parameters[8] = capheight
136 end
137 luatexbase.add_to_callback("luaotfload.patch_font", set_capheight, "fonts.spec.set_capheight")

```

138 ⟨/la

# Part IX

## fontspec-patches.sty

```
1 < *patches>
2 \ExplSyntaxOn
```

### 25.11 Unicode footnote symbols

```
3 \RequirePackage{fixltx2e}[2006/03/24]
```

### 25.12 Emph

\em Redefinition of {\em ...} and \emph{...} to use NFSS info to detect when the inner shape should be used.

```
4 \DeclareRobustCommand \em {
5   \nomath\em
6   \str_if_eq:xxTF \f@shape \itdefault \eminnershape
7   {
8     \str_if_eq:xxTF \f@shape \sldefault \eminnershape \emshape
9   }
10 }
11 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\emph}{\em}
12 \cs_set_eq:NN \emshape \itshape
13 \cs_set_eq:NN \eminnershape \upshape
```

### 25.13 \-

\- This macro is courtesy of Frank Mittelbach and the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>&</sub> source code.

```
14 \DeclareRobustCommand{\-}{%
15   \discretionary{%
16     \char\ifnum\hyphenchar\font<\z@
17       \xlx@defaulthyphenchar
18     \else
19       \hyphenchar\font
20     \fi}{}}{%
21 \def\xlx@defaulthyphenchar{\-}}
```

### 25.14 Verbatims

Many thanks to Apostolos Syropoulos for discovering this problem and writing the redefinition of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X's verbatim environment and \verb\* command.

\fontspec\_visible\_space: Print U+2434: OPEN BOX, which is used to visibly display a space character.

```
22 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_visible_space: {
23   \font_glyph_if_exist:NnTF \font {"2423}
24   {\char"2423\relax}
25   {\fontspec_visible_space_fallback:}
26 }
```

`\fontspec_visible_space:@fallback` If the current font doesn't have u+2434: OPEN BOX, use Latin Modern Mono instead.  
 27 \cs\_new:Nn \fontspec\_visible\_space\_fallback: {  
 28 {  
 29 \usefont{\g\_fontspec\_encoding\_tl}{lmtt}{\f@series}{\f@shape}  
 30 \textvisiblespace  
 31 }  
 32 }

`\fontspec_print_visible_spaces:` Helper macro to turn spaces (^20) active and print visible space instead.  
 33 \group\_begin:  
 34 \char\_set\_catcode\_active:n{"20}%  
 35 \cs\_gset:Npn \fontspec\_print\_visible\_spaces:{%  
 36 \char\_set\_catcode\_active:n{"20}%  
 37 \cs\_set\_eq:NN ^20 \fontspec\_visible\_space:%  
 38 }%  
 39 \group\_end:

`\verb` Redefine `\verb` to use `\fontspec_print_visible_spaces:`.  
`\verb*`  
 40 \def\verb{  
 41 \relax\ifmmode\hbox\else\leavevmode\kern-.1em\fi  
 42 \bgroup  
 43 \verb@eol@error \let\do\@makeother \dospecials  
 44 \verbatim@font\@noligs  
 45 \@ifstar\@@sverb\@verb  
 46 }  
 47 \def\@@sverb{\fontspec\_print\_visible\_spaces:\@sverb}

It's better to put small things into `\AtBeginDocument`, so here we go:

48 \AtBeginDocument{  
 49 \fontspec\_patch\_verbatim:  
 50 \fontspec\_patch\_moreverb:  
 51 \fontspec\_patch\_fancyvrb:  
 52 \fontspec\_patch\_listings:  
 53 }

`\verb*` With the `verbatim` package.  
 54 \cs\_set:Npn \fontspec\_patch\_verbatim: {  
 55 \ifpackageloaded{verbatim}{  
 56 \cs\_set:cpn {verbatim\*} {  
 57 \group\_begin: \verbatim \fontspec\_print\_visible\_spaces: \verbatim@start  
 58 }  
 59 }{

This is for vanilla L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

60 \cs\_set:cpn {verbatim\*} {  
 61 \verbatim \fontspec\_print\_visible\_spaces: \sxverbatim  
 62 }  
 63 }  
 64 }

`\listingcont*` This is for `moreverb`. The main `listing*` environment inherits this definition.

```

65 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_moreverb: {
66   \@ifpackageloaded{moreverb}{
67     \cs_set:cpn {listingcont*} {
68       \cs_set:Npn \verbatim@processline {
69         \the\listing@line \global\advance\listing@line\c_one
70         \the\verbatim@line\par
71       }
72       \verbatim \fontspec_print_visible_spaces: \verbatim@start
73     }
74   }{}
75 }

```

listings and fancvrb make things nice and easy:

```

76 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_fancyvrb: {
77   \@ifpackageloaded{fancyvrb}{
78     \cs_set_eq:NN \FancyVerbSpace \fontspec_visible_space:
79   }{}
80 }

81 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_listings: {
82   \@ifpackageloaded{listings}{
83     \cs_set_eq:NN \lst@visiblespace \fontspec_visible_space:
84   }{}
85 }

```

## 25.15 \oldstylenums

\oldstylenums This command obviously needs a redefinition. And we may as well provide the \liningnums command.

```

86 \RenewDocumentCommand \oldstylenums {m}
87  {
88    { \addfontfeature{Numbers=OldStyle} #1 }
89  }
90 \NewDocumentCommand \liningnums {m}
91  {
92    { \addfontfeature{Numbers=Lining} #1 }
93  }
94 
```

## Part X

# **fontspec.cfg**

```
1 <*cfg>
2
3 %%%%%% FOR BACKWARDS COMPATIBILITY WITH PREVIOUS VERSIONS %%%
4 %% Please note that most of the entries here from fontspec v1.x are
5 % no longer present. Please advise of any serious problems this causes.
6
7 \aliasfontfeatureoption{Ligatures}{Historic}{Historical}
8 \let\newfontinstance\newfontfamily
9
10
11
12 </cfg>
```

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